CYCLES
HIGH GRADE ENGLISH MAKES
From Rs. 125 to Rs. 350
for Full Particulars Apply
WELLINGTON
CYCLE & MOTOR Co.
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

PRICES REDUCED
Get our quotations of
HIGH GRADE ENGLISH CYCLES
WELLINGTON
CYCLE & MOTOR Co.
CHURCHGATE STREET, BOMBAY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. VIII NO. 164 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1920. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.
SAILING TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All Passengers are requested to be in possession of Pass Ports.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	
10th July	Rohilla*	6659	
17th "	Kaisar*	8262	
24th "	Morea	10000	
30th "	Mooltan†	8235	Calls P. Said and Plymouth only
31st "	Syria	8665	
7th August	Kashmir	8841	
14th "	Devanhat	8262	
21st "	Mantua	10046	
28th "	Chilka	7932	
4th Sept.	Kaisar-i-hind	11450	

*Fully booked from China, will not convey passengers from Bombay.
† B. I. Company's Farm. Not calling at Marseilles.

SAILING TO CHINA AND CALCUTTA.

Date About.	Steamer.	—
11th July	Sicilia	Calls Colo and Calcutta.
15th July	Dumra	Calls Colo Spore Hongkong and Shanghai.
19th July	Plassy	—Do.—

SAILING TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamer	—
9th July	Baroda	Karachi and P. Gulf.
12th "	Karapara	East and South Africa.
14th "	Barpata	Bussrah direct

Terms and Rates of Freight and passage of P. and O. and B. I. sailing may be arranged with.
MACKINON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Commander.	Tonnage.	Arrival.	Departure
Bombay Maru	M. Tsuruga	4552	6th July	17th July
Taisa Maru	Y. Kawashima	5135	10th July	21st July
Yokosuka Maru	R. Arakida	4141	27th July	7th Aug

For freight and passage apply to
T. TAGAMI,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Japan)
HEAD OFFICE—OSAKA, Japan.
Regular Service to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.

Steamers	Captain	Arrival	Departure
Indus Maru Ganges Maru	S. Yano T. Inouye	1st Jay 20th July	12th July 31st July

For Freight and Passages, etc., apply to
K. SHIMA.
Manager.
Ajam Building.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
Post Box No. 385; Telephone No. 2139.

A Few of our Rates:—
SUITS, SILK, CLEANING Rs. 2/ & 2/8 each.
„ CASHMERE „ Rs. 2/8 & 3/8 each.
Diamond Jubilee Washing Co.
DRY FRENCH & CHEMICAL CLEANERS,
Ramas Sumbe, Poon, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

S.S. "LOYALTY."

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES.
23RD AUGUST, 1920.
FARES:—

First Special	..	Rs. 800/-
(Boat, Promenade and Upper Decks)		
First Class "A"	..	Rs. 750/-
First Class "B"	..	Rs. 700/-
Second Class	..	Rs. 600/-

A reduction of 10 per cent. will be made on two or more full fares for families.
No berth will be registered without a payment of a deposit of Rs. 200.
The steamer is fitted with wireless telegraphy and all cabins have got electric lights fans free of charge. The steamer also carries a fully qualified surgeon and also a wardress.
There is no deck accommodation for servants.
For passages and full particulars apply to—
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & Co., Agents.
The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.
Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay.
Telegraphic Address: "JALANATH."
Telephone No. 114.

ANGLO INDIA & COLONIAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

REGULAR SERVICE of steamers to [illegible] Ports, Colombo and [illegible] Ports.
For [illegible] apply to:—
MANAGING AGENTS AND AGENCY CO., LTD.
Managing Agents.
Anglo Colonial Navigation Company, Limited.
[illegible] Lane, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL...Rs. 12,00,00,000/
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Rs. 7,56,78,150/
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Rs. 1,81,19,231/4
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 5,00,000/
BRANCHES: London, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.
SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazaar, 20 Apollo Street, Shroff Bazaar, 297, Shaik Memon Street.
Calcutta—Bara Bazaar.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Hathras.
Cawnpore—Chandausi.
London Office:—2, White Lion Court, Cornhill London, E. C.
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/ to Rs. 1,00,000/ at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum and on sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000/- interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum agreed amounts to Rs. 3 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at the rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.
PURCHASES AND SALES of Securities and Shares effected.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
L. D. L. BUCKLEY.
General Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH: Ahmedabad.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	3,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	66,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM, THROUGH OUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK accounts opened on favourable terms—Rules on application.
H. P. STRINGFELLOW.
Manager.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.
Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen 50,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... Yen 37,500,000
RESERVE FUND ... Yen 27,500,000
HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEH, FORMOSA.
BRANCHES:

LONDON	YOKOHAMA	KARENKO
NEW YORK	MOJI	KEELUNG
SHANGHAI	AMOY	MAKUNG
HONGKONG	CANTON	TAITOH
SINGAPORE	FOOCHOW	HINCHIKU
BATAVIA	HANKOW	TAICHU
SEMARANG	KIUKIANG	TAINAN
SOORABAYA	SWATOW	TAKOW
TOKYO	AMOY	TAMSUI
KOBE	SWAN	TOWEN
OSAKA	KOBE	BANGKOK

The Bank has also a LARGE NUMBER OF CORRESPONDENTS at HOME and ABROAD.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened and FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE Business transacted.
K. TAKEMURA.
Manager.
56, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen 70,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... Yen 40,000,000
RESERVE FUND ... Yen 6,500,000
HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA.
BRANCHES:

Bombay	Kure	San Francisco
Bingomachi	Kurume	Seattle
Dotonbori	Kyoto	Semba
Hakata	London	Shanghai
Hankow	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	Nakanoshima	Tsrukuraaka
Hyogo	New York	Wakamatsu
Kawaguchi	Nihama	Yahai
Kobe	Onomichi	Yokohama

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. annum provided the sum accrued amounts Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 month and far shorter periods on terms which ma be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
J. SATO.
Manager.
Churchgate Street, Bombay.
Post Box No. 389.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
Head Office:—4, CROSBY SQUARE, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES:
Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Baghdad, Basrah, Basrah City, Amara, Hillah, Mosul, and Bahrein.

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid Up Capital	£750,000
Reserve Fund	£220,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,197,468

BOMBAY BRANCH.
(Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.)
INTEREST allowed on Deposits Fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit at 4 per cent. per annum.
Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
Bills of Exchange purchased, Loans and Credits granted on approved Security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken.
Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.
Securities received for Safe Custody and Interest and Dividends collected for clients.
L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1886.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 74,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 44,000,000

Head Office:—YOKOHAMA.
Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Dairen, Fengtien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Yuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lions, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, Rid de Jangiro, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sydney, Tientsin.
Branches in:—
Tsinan, Tokio, Tsingau, Vladivostock.
CURRENT DEPOSIT Accounts are opened for approved customers, and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
T. SEKI.
Manager.
Post Box No. 204.
Hornby Road, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL ...	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	4,00,00,000
CALLED-UP CAPITAL	60,00,000
PAID-UP ON 19-5-20	59,00,042

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Murzban Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
SUB-BRANCHES:
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowe at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAIL BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From 1s January to 30th June interest at 2 per cent per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below the figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS: received for one yea and for shorter periods as rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANKS:—Interest allowed at per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are grante on approved securities at favourable rates.
SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.
Banking business of every description transacted.
A. B. OLIPHANT.
Ag. Manager.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA, LIMITED.
(Registered in the Transvaal.)
With which are incorporated.
The Bank of Africa, Ltd., The Natal Bank Ltd., and The National Bank of The Orang River Colony, Ltd.
Bankers to the Government of the Union of South Africa in the Transvaal, Natal an Orange Free State.
Bankers to the British Imperial Governmen in South Africa.
PAID-UP CAPITAL £2,985,000
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO £4,000,000
CAPITAL AND RESERVE ... £4,015,000
HEAD OFFICE:—PRETORIA.
LONDON OFFICES:—Circus Place, Lon don Wall; 18 St. Swithin's Lane, and 25 Cockspur Street (West End).
NEW YORK OFFICE:—10, Wall Street.
OVER 420 BRANCHES AND SUB-BRANCHES IN SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA.
ANTWERP OFFICE, 55, Place de Meir.
MAURITIUS OFFICE—Port Louis.
Agents at Amsterdam, Paris, Petrograd an the Principal Cities of the World.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one yea or for shorter periods on terms which may ascertained on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and in terest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on daily credit balances from Rs. 500 to Rs 1,00,000; interest on balances exceeding Rs 1,00,000 subject to special arrangement.
BILLS negotiated and collected.
LETTERS OF CREDIT AND DRAFTS is sued.
Every description of Banking and Exchang business undertaken.
SPECIAL FACILITIES FOR BUSINESS WITH SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA.
W. MURRAY SMITH.
Acting Manager.
Taj Buildings,
210, Hornby Road.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANT BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE.—Apollo Street, Fort.
BRANCH: Mumbadevi, Bombay.

	Rs.
AUTHORIZED AND ISSUED CAPITAL	10,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	10,00,000
RESERVE FUND	97,402

DIRECTORS.
The Hon. Mr. GOCULDAS KAHANDAS PAREKH, Chairman.
The Hon. Mr. MAHOMED HAJEEBOY, (Messrs. Hajibhoy Lalji and Co.).
GOPALDAS TRICUMJI JIVANDAS, Esq., (Messrs. Tricumji Jivandas).
B. K. GHOSE Esq.
LALJI GOVINDJI, Esq., (Messrs. Bhusan das Govindji and Co.)
NARANJI DAYAL, Esq., (Messrs, Pramchand Chhaganlall.
JAINARAIN HINDUMAL DANI, Esq. Managing Director.
CURRENT DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS:—Interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS:—Interest allowed 5½ per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 and upwards for twelve months. Rates for short term deposits may be ascertained from that Bank.
LOANS, CASH CREDITS and OVER DRAFTS given on approved securities.
LOCAL DEMAND BILLS collected free of charge.
Copies of rules may be obtained from the Bank on application.
JAINARAIN HINDUMAL DANI.
Managing Director.

NOW ON.
OUR GREAT PRIZE SALE
RS. 1,500 TO BE GIVEN AWAY IN 141 PRIZES
BESIDES
HEAVY REDUCTIONS OF 20 TO 35 PER CENT.
ON EACH AND EVERY ARTICLE PURCHASED.
Best opportunity for Ladies to purchase trimmed hats, evening dresses; sequin, bead, pearl and diamond trimmings, Boys' and Girls' Frocks, Kimonos umbrellas, silks, sarees, borders.
EACH ARTICLE GUARANTEED TO BE OF LATEST FASHION AND DESIGN.
ROCK BOTTOM PRICES EVERYWHERE.
DO NOT THEREFORE MISS THIS RARE OPPORTUNITY.
Call Early to Avoid Disappointment.
AHMED E. ESSA ALI
Empire Building, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

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We recommend our customers and the investing public in general to go in for the New Issues of the Government of India.
Buy your BONDS and the LOANS through us. We supply you funds and grant you many other facilities.
Investor's balances awaiting investments carried on liberal terms. Investment Securities bought and sold on customer's account.

BANKING.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated at Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND...	£1,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND ...	$23,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street E.C.
BOMBAY OFFICE: 49, Churchgate Street
OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkow	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. pe annum provided the sum accrued amounts Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for varyin periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.
GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANG business undertaken.
C. H. WILSON.
Agent.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1915.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital authorised	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	15,55,780	9	8
Reserve Funds	13,29,592	8	8

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES:

Amritsar	Hoshiarpur	Ludhiana
Bombay	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Multan City
Calcutta	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Patiala
Delhi	Jhelum City	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Srinagar
Gujan	Lyallpur	Umballa City
Hapur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out stations are bought, collected and discounte
INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approve customers discounted and Demand Draft and Telegraphic Transfers issued on station where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.
For other particulars and rules of busines apply to:
RUPCHAND KAPUR.
Manager.

BANKING.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	£1,500,000
Paid-up Capital	£750,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£750,000
Reserve Fund	£750,000

HEAD OFFICE:
14, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	New York
Colombo	Karachi	Penang
Delhi	Kota Bhru	Rangoon
Galle	(Kalantan)	Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.
J. B. CRICHTON.
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

INSURANCE.

LIFE ASSURANCE
Have you seen the latest Pro [illegible] tus issued by the H.M.L.A.?
MAXIMUM ASSURANCE AT MINIMUM OF COST.
It will repay you to send for a copy.
Funds and assets over Rs. 2,00,00,000
Claims Paid exceed Rs. 3,00,00,000
Trustee of the Reserved Fund—Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee)
According to Govt. Blue Book—The Oldest Hindu Life Office in India.
HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED
Estd. 1891.
Head Office: 309, Bowbazar Street, CALCUTTA.
Chief Agents: D. SEN & Co., 1, Chowringhee, CALCUTTA.

Sole Distributors for Madras and Bombay Presidency :—

The Indo-British Trading Corporation,

65, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

No. 8, Waterloo Mansions opposite Museum West, BOMBAY.

ONLY PLACE

IN INDIA WHERE

HYDROCELE

IS CURED BY QUALIFIED EXPERTS

CENT PER CENT

by painless methods not necessitating confinement to bed. Patients attend to their daily avocations while under treatment.

Apply :—ELECTRO-THERAPEUTIST.

N. B.—If you hesitate in the least degree to secure the benefit of this treatment before undergoing it—why not bring your family Doctor with you to whom convincing proof will be adduced?

REMOVED TO NEW HANUMAN GULLY NAKA.

DEVJI MALJI

JEWELLERS

Telephone No. 4497.

New Mahajanwadi, [illegible] Road, BOMBAY.

This is the shop where you should come if you want to purchase

Gold Ornaments

Fancy Silverware

Diamond & Pearl Jewellery, etc

OF THE LATEST STYLE.

—UNSURPASSED—

for Lightness and Durability.

Insist on the ORIGINAL Machine-cut, Rivetted, and Screwed, with Folding Front, made from genuine English Birch wood. Beware of Cheap Nailed imitations. Only seven tread ladders, height 67 inches in stock for Prompt delivery.

50, Church Gate Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Agents:—

—CLUBWALLA & CO.—

TAILORS

FOR

HIGH FOLK

(with prudence for purse)

ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.

Modern Tailors & Outfitters

[illegible] OMBAY

"SHRI HARI"

RADICAL CURE WITHOUT OPERATION.

"SPECIAL TREATMENT"—Rs. 10. PER DAY.

For weakness and following diseases. Antifat. Cancer. Hydrocele. Piles Elephantiasis. Varicocele. Hernia. Fistula Tumor. Paralysis. Asthma. Diarrhoea. Consumption. Female skin and eye diseases. Hours 7 to 10 a.m., and p.m. Advise Fee Re. 1 (Two only) Consulting Physician and Electro-Homeopath.

GOLDOL

Wonderful remedy for lost energy, weak nerves. Rs. 10 for 8 Pills. One pill at bed time only with milk or water.

K. M. BARDOLIYALA.

M.B.E.H. (London)

3rd Rastwada, Bhoiesher, Bombay.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Registered under the Indian Companies' Act VI of 1882 on 21st December.)

BRANCHES—Calcutta, Karachi, Lahore, Amritsar and Jharia.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000

PAID UP CAPITAL .....(30-12-19) Rs. 49,90,000

RESERVED FUND ..... Rs. 14,00,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS, 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances over Rs. 500 from January to June and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods. Rates on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS allowed on approved securities at favourable rates.

Purchase and Sale Securities at best rates available effected WITHOUT COMMISSION.

DETAILED RULES and further particulars on application.

AUDITORS, Messrs. A. F. FERGUSON & Co., Chartered Accountants, act as weekly auditors of the Bank.

HEAD OFFICE,
Alice Buildings, Hornby Road Bombay.

S. N. POCHKHANAWALA,
Manager

Why Walk? Push the Button and Talk!

BATTERY RINGING DESK TELEPHONE.

House Telephones : High Grade.

For use between any two or three places within one's compound, between floors of a building or between two or more buildings.

BATTERY RINGING WALL TELEPHONE.

THE YANKEE

is extremely obliging. You can talk all day if you like and the Yankee will stand for it without a kick.

(1) 2 Wall Telephones, 2 dry cells, 300 feet double telephone wire, cleats and instructions, **Rs. 150.**

(2) 1 Wall Telephone, 1 Desk telephone, 8 dry cells, 300 feet double telephone wire, cleats and instructions, **Rs. 175.**

(3) 2 Desk Telephones, 8 dry cells, 300 feet double telephone wire, cleats and instructions. **Rs. 200.**

Fitted free at any place in Bombay.

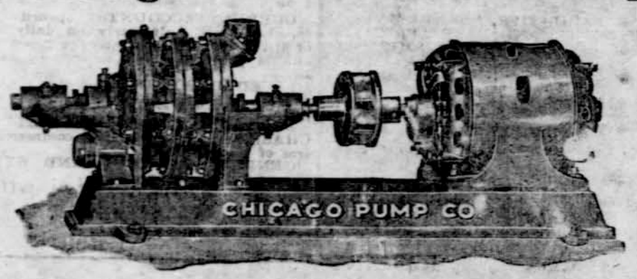
For mofussil, fitting charges extra.

CHICAGO TELEPHONE SUPPLY CO.

Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Telegrams: "CHIPHONE," Bombay.

Chicago Electric Pump.



Direct coupled and Belted.
Vertical and Horizontal.
Sewage Ejectors and Bilge Pumps, A. C. & D. C.

All voltages and currents any head and capacity.

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OIL ENGINES and PLANTS treated and supplied. We have New 80 B. H. P. Ruston C. O. Type oil Engine, 16 B. H. P. New Siemens A. C. Motor, 10 feet New English Lathes, 18 inches. Girling New Flour Mills, etc., ERUCH D. ENGINEER & CO., 384, Two Tanks, Bombay. 2285

A RARE OPPORTUNITY of buying a high class closed CAR.—For sale a beautiful 20 H.P. DAMLIER Landaulette Car, excellent condition and in tip-top order Guaranteed to be in perfect condition. Price extremely low, comparing the present high prices of English Cars. Apply Mr. MAHOMEDBHOY CURRIMBHOY. 137, Esplanade Road, Bombay. 2394

WHAT IS AEROGRAPH—The Most scientific and so the best, quickest and cheapest way to paint paper, Cloth, Motors, Ceilings, etc., or to enamel any article is to use Aerograph Machinery. Apply for particulars LONDON AEROGRAPH, Girgaum, Bombay. Sole Agents for Aerograph Co., London. 2379

FOR SALE—40 B.H.P. Ruston Crude Oil Engine "CC" types; three Tons Cart Weigh Bridges by Avery & Pooley; Double Creighton Openers; 40 H.P. Electric Motors; Fire Pumps, etc. Ask for prices. ENGINEER & CO., Pydhownie, Bombay. 2167

FOR SALE—Large and commodious PREMISES with workshop attached in the best locality of Madras, No. 196, Mount Road, opposite Government House and next door to Messrs. P. Orr and Sons, Ltd., now in the occupation of Moses and Co. Apply MOSES and Co., Madras. 1399

OIL SALE Secondhand Flour Milling machinery, quite in working order 1 Rotary Wheat Grader capacity 50 Bushels; 1 Wheat Scourer, Aspirator and separator, capacity 45; 1 Rotary Sieve, Scalper and Sifter, capacity 40 Bushels. For particulars please apply to:—The MANAGER, Duncan Road, Flour Mills, Bombay. 2289

FOR SALE.—Immediate Delivery, "FORD TOURING, FORD SEDAN and OVERLAND Mod. "4" Cars DIXEY FLYER and ALLEN, 5 seater Cars, New 45 Cwt. "NAPIER CHASSIS". Price Rs. 11,000 only. AUSTIN 20, entirely new car, 4 cyl. Price about Rs. 12,000. Orders invited for September Delivery for "FORD TOURING CARS" and "ONE TON FORD TRUCKS". Book your orders now to ensure early delivery. Apply to "BOMBAY AUTOMOBILES", Hughes Road, Bombay. 2329

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Remington No. 10 Self-Starter like New	275
Remington No. 10 Fiscap	190
Remington No. 10 Brief Size	200
Remington No. 8 Brief Fine	100
Empire No. 2, Black spacer like New	165
Oliver No. 9, Fiscap Size	200
Oliver No. 5, Fiscap Size	165
Home model Blick Guj. and Eng.	75
Self-folding 7 lbs. Fox portable with case New	199

We are Sole Agents for the famous light-running Fox Standard [illegible] No. Fox Portable Typewriter. Write us for a free demonstration at our office.

THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING & CO., 36, Churchgate Street., Fort, Bombay. Tele: "Writertype."

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—

	Rs.
Albus, Folding, like Corona, with Case	80
Smith Premier No. 4, 2 Colours	80
Yost No. 10, thoroughly renovated	90
Empire No. 1, Visible, Portable	100
Remington 7, Rs. 99, 3 Cols., L. Case	110
Remington No. 8, Policy Size	110
Oliver 5, American Rebuilt, like new	160
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 190, 210	260
Remington 10, Brief, Rs. 210	260
Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, as new	...
Underwood Nos 5, latest, used few months	250
Oliver No. 9, latest, used few months	250
Guierati Remington No. 9, like new	210

NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typewriter Experts, Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

TO BE LET.

TO LET—The half of a very commodious office, situated in Fort, near the International Banking Corporation, suitable for a Limited Company. Immediate occupation. Apply sharp to Box No. 822, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2366

TO LET.—Well ventilated New House situated at Mount Road, Mazagon. Writ or apply personally T. S. KAMRUDIN, 173-75, Abdul Rehman Street. 2286

TO LET for Parsis only, 3 well ventilated rooms and kitchen with E. Lights at Forjet Street. Apply K. HOMI & CO., No. 3, Meadows, Street, opposite, "Chronicle" between 3 and 6 p.m. 2361

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

ADVANCES AGAINST GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

6 PER. CENT. TEN YEAR BONDS AND 5 PER CENT. LOAN 1945-55.

THE BANK is prepared to give advances to approved constituents who wish to subscribe to the above on the following terms until further notice:—

6% TEN YEAR BONDS.

(1) The Bank will advance 95 per cent. of the amount applied for, the Borrower paying the remaining 5 per cent. at the time application is made.

(2) The Borrower must undertake to repay the advance by monthly instalments of not less than 4 per cent. Thus if a borrower applies for Rs. 10,000 of Bonds he will require to make an intial payment of Rs. 500 and regular monthly payments of Rs. 400 for 23 months and payment of Rs. 300 on the 24th month.

(3) The rate of interest to be charged on the advance will be 5½ per cent.

5% LOAN 1945/1955.

(4) The Bank will advance 90 per cent. of the amount applied for the Borrower paying the remaining 5 per cent. at the time application is made.

(5) The Borrower must undertake to repay the advance by monthly instalments of not less than 4 per cent. Thus if a Borrower applies for Rs. 10,000 of Loan he will require to make an initial payment of Rs. 500 and regular monthly instalments of Rs. 400 for 22 months and a payment of Rs 200 on the 23rd month.

(6) The rate of interest to be charged on the advance will be 5 per cent.

(7) Borrowers are at full liberty to repay advances more rapidly than is indicated above.

(8) In the event of a Borrower failing to pay any monthly instalment the Bank reserves to itself the right to demand payment of the advance and on failure by the borrower to make such repayment, to sell the securities. Should the Bank decide not to exercise these rights, interest will be charged at Bank rate on the balnce of the advance outstanding with a minimum of 6 per cent in the case of Ten Year Bonds and 5 per cent. in the case of 5 per cent. Loan.

(9) The Scrip will be held by the Bank as security for the advance. Borrowers must keep with the Bank, at all times, sufficient security to cover the amount advanced plus a 5 per cent. margin.

R. A. DON, Offg. Secretary & Treasurer, Bank of Bombay, Bombay, 5th July, 1920. 2309

NOTICE.

THE FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Registered Offices at 166-167, Montgomery Street, Rangoon, at 3 p.m. on TUESDAY, the 26th July, 1920.

To transact the following business:—

(1) To confirm the Minutes of the Statutory Meeting held on the 31st December, 1919.

(2) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts up to 31st March, 1920.

(3) To sanction the declaratiotn of a dividend

(4) To appoint Directors in place of those who retire by rotation.

(5) To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

(6) To transact such other business as may be put before the Meeting by the Chairman.

By order of the Board of Directors, G. B. COCKMAN, Secretary, G. McKenzie & Co., (1919) Ltd. Rangoon, June, 1920.

N. B.—The dividend when sanctionted will be made payable at the Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., Rangoon, Calcutta or Bombay, on and after Wednesday, the 21st July, 1920, to tthose Shareholders whose names stand in the Register on Thursday, the 1st July, 1920 and the Dividend Warrants will be posted to each Shareholder to his last given address 2367

GONDAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE FOR TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Consumable Stores from 1st October 1920 to 30th September 1921, will be received by the Manager, Gondal, up to 3 p.m. on TUESDAY, the 10th August, 1920.

1. Forms of Tender and Schedule can be had on application to the Undersigned on payment of Rupees two per copy.
3. Earnest money of Rs. 250 should accompany each tender which should be superscribed "Tender for Consumable Stores."
4. The Manager reserves to himself the right to accept any tender in whole or in part and does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

T. P. SAMPAT, Storekeeper.

Jetalsar Junction, Dated 28th June, 1920. 2119

BESSHO & CO.

BEG to announce that they have REMOVED to GREAT WESTERN HOTEL BUILDING, opp. Government dockyard and will open shortly their fire sale at the new premises.

BESSHO & CO., 2354

THE SYDENHAM COLLEGE OF COMMERCE & ECONOMICS, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL EVENING COURSES.

10 LECTURES on "BANKING LAW AND PRACTICE." will be delivered on Thursdays at 6-15 p.m., beginning on July 15th, by Prof. M. L. TANNAN, B.Com. (Birm.). Fee Rs. 5 for the Course.

6 lectures on "INDIAN AND IMPERIAL PREFERENCE" will be delivered on Friday at 6-15 pm., beginning on July 16th, by R. M. JOSHI, B.Sc., (London), M.A. (Bombay). Admission free.

Further lectures including some in Gujarati and Marathi, will be announced later on. 2358

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WANTED—CARRIAGE EXAMINERS and ASSISTANTS, pay Rs. 50 to 70 and Rs. 40 to 50 respectively. Free quarters, passes, leave, etc. Applications of literate experienced men will also be considered. Apply to W. H. PARISH, Insp. and Carriage Superintendent, Gondal, Railway, GONDAL (KATHIAWAR.) 2369

NOTICE.

OUR CLIENTS and the Public in general are hereby warned against making any payment to our traveller Mr. OLIVER RAGAL or deliver him any goods, on our account as we will not acknowledge or be responsible for such payment or delivery.

TH. VAFIADIS & CO., Bombay. Dated 7th July 1920. 2368

NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.,

Head Office, 8/2, Clive Street, CALCUTTA. MARTIN & CO., Managing Agents.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Branch of the above Company will be established at "Liptons Buildings" 82, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, from July 15th 1920 and premiums may be paid and all communications may be addressed to the Branch Secretary.

W. S. JOHN CHURCH, Resident Manager. Bombay, Dated 10th July, 1920. 2363

LONAVLA MUNICIPALITY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a CHIEF OFFICER. He should be an L. C. E. or B.E., with previous good experience of Municipal work, including water works, building construction, drainage, and roads. Salary according to qualifications, but not less than Rs. 200 to start with, rising to Rs. 400.

M. M. MURZBAN, Barrister-at-Law. 2147 President Lonavla Municipality.

BOARD OF INDUSTRIES AND MUNITIONS.

OFFERS are invited for the purchase of quantities of hardware, tools, metals, railway materials and mechanical and miscellaneous stores, which are still available for disposal from the stocks of the Board of Industries and Munitions in Bombay.

Detailed lists can be had from the Controller (Sales), New Customs House, Ballard Road, Bombay to whom offers for purchase should be made.

P. J. GAHAN, Controller (Sales), Board of Industries and Munitions New Customs House, Ballard Board, Bombay, 8th March, 1920. 2285

SALE OF A VALUABLE AND EXTENSIVE PROPERTY, AT MAZAGON.

THE Trustees of the Tulsidas Gopalji invite offers for the purchase of their property, situated at Mazagon, a description thereof is given below, the offers in sealed covers with a cheque for Rs. 10,000 should be sent to Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Kt., at his residence, Charni Road, Bombay, on or before the 31st of July, 1920. The Trustees are not bound to accept the highest or any particular offer. If an offer or offers is or are approved of the same shall be submitted to the High Court for sanction, without which sale could not be made.

The property is held under a lease from the Secretary of State for India for 99 years from the year 1872. The same admeasures no less than 30,774 yards more or less. It is within reach of the two Railways and the Mazagon Tram Terminus is at its corner. It has extensively wide frontages the Mazagon Road, Matarpakhadi Road, Dockyard Road and the Gunpowder Road. A very wide newly constructed Road passes through this property giving two more wide frontages.

The sale will be subjected to sub-lease which expires on the 1st of March, 1925.

DESCRIPTION:—All that piece or parcel of that land or ground with the messuages, tenements, bungalows, outhouses, standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Mazagon, outside the Fort of Bombay, in Registration Sub-District of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Old No. [illegible] and New No. 16232 and by the Assessor of Municipal Taxes under Street Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 4-12-65-67, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the Gunpowder Road, on or towards the West by the Mazagon Road, towards the North by Matarpakhadi Road and on or the South by Dockyard Road.

The land with the building or buildings thereon, situated at Mazagon, in the Island of Bombay, and containing by admeasurement 30,774 yards or thereabout.

Before going to the Court for sanction the intending purchaser will be required to deposit with the Trustees a further sum of Rs. 40,000 (forty thousand), which will be a conditional precedent to the application for sanction. If the offer is not approved of by the Trustees, or the same is not sanctioned by the Court the amount of deposit will be returned without deduction.

By order of the Trustees, V. P. PURANIK, Secretary, Tulsidas Gopalji Charities, Girgaum 2104

PUBLIC NOTICES.

FOR SALE.

A very valuable property freehold land at Grant Road in the centre of all theatres and having an uncompariable frontage and situation. Rare opportunity for dramatic and cinema theatre builders. For further particulars apply Tribhovandas Chabildas, Managing Clerk to Messrs. JEHANGIR GULABBHAI & BILIMORIA, Solicitors, Mittal Manson, Hummum Street, Fort. 2324

NOTICE.

WANTED—A registered MEDICAL GRADUATE of the Bombay University for duty at the Pilgrim Camp at Kamaran on Rs. 450 pay a month with free passage and quarters. The selected candidate will have to start for Kamaran at short notice. The appointment will last for about two months. Candidates should apply at once with testimonials stating age to—THE PERSONAL ASSISTANT to the Surgeon General with the Government of Bombay, Poona. 2320

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Chief Officer for District Local Board, Nawabshah—Engineering qualifications necessary. Pay Rs. 300—50—500 plus permanent travelling allowances of Rs. 75. Post permanent and pensionable.

Applications to reach undersigned before the 31st August, 1920.

Further information obtainable from Local Fund Accountant.

President, District Local Board, 2382 Nawabshah.

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP EXISTING between G. S. WAVIKAR, B. D. DESAI and NARAYANDAS B. MASTER, carrying on business at Bellasis Road, Byculla, Bombay, in the name of the Imperial Machine Company has been dissolved as from the 30th day of May 1920, and the liabilities and assets of the said firm have been taken over by the said G. S. Wavikar and B. D. Desai who will carry on the business as usual under the same name.

G. S. WAVIKAR, B. D. DESAI, N. B. MASTER. 3rd July, 1920. 2334

BOARD OF INDUSTRIES AND MUNITIONS

OFFERS are invited for the following second hand light railway 2, gauge metal sleepers and fittings.

The sleepers are lying at Haji Stanker, Bowzee, where they be inspected on application to the Bull Storekeeper.

	24 lbs.	18½ lbs.	14 lbs.
Sleepers iron with one bolts & nut and one clip.	286 New.	34 New	...
" " " 2 clips.	664 "	224 "	...
" " " 3 "	97 "	357 "	715 New
" " " 4 "	35 "	340 "	77 "
" " without clips.	122 "	3224 Old	1045 "
" " " "	...	1845 New	118 Old.
Clips.	760	6495	...
Clips with bolts and nuts.	595	...	...

Offers should be made to the Controller (Sales), Board of Industries and Munitions New Customs House, Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay. 2370

ANGLO INDIA & COLONIAL NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the shareholders of the above Company who have not yet paid in their allotment money that from the 15th July, 1920, interest at the rate of 9 per cent per annum will be charged yet paid in their allotment money that from on all unpaid moneys.

EASTERN SHIP BROKERS & AGENCY LTD., Managing Agents. 28/32, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, 3rd July, 1920. 2307

UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER draft rule [illegible] iary of State qualifications for an [illegible] of State is past or [illegible] the Senate of any [illegible] resides in the Punjab [illegible] be eligible for a Vo[illegible] please send in he ne[illegible] themselves in the fo[illegible] the 25th of July, 19[illegible]

Senate Hall, [illegible] 8th July, [illegible] Name. sity

WANT[illegible] East A[illegible] (a)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NEW INDIA LOAN.

APPLICATIONS for the TEN YEAR 6 PER CENT. BONDS 1930 FREE OF INCOME-TAX, and 5 PER CENT INCOME-TAX FREE LOAN 1945-55 will be received at the Office of the undersigned, on the ground floor of the Civil Secretariat Building, between 11 a.m. and 1-30 p.m. on SATURDAY, and 11 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. on other working days.

H. DENNING,
Dy. Controller of Currency, Bombay.
Dy. Controller of Currency's Office,
The Secretariat,
Bombay, the 5th of July, 1920. 2281

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

LOST OR MISLAID.

A SPLIT TICKET No. 4/774 in respect of 25 shares of the SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED in the name of Abdooltayab Shaikhadum has been LOST or MISLAID. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified within one month to the registered offices of the Company Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay. Otherwise a duplicate will be issued to the abovementioned owner.

Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.
Agents.
2411

THE INDIAN STEEL WIRE PRODUCTS LIMITED.

"FIRST CALL."

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a Meeting of the Directors of the Company held on 14th June, 1920, the First Call of Rs. 25 per share was made and it was determined that such call should be paid to the Company's Agents at the Registered Office, No. 65, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on or before the 15th September, 1920, from which date interest at the rate of 9 per cent. will be charged until payment, by those persons whose names stand on the register on the 31st August, 1920.

By order of the Board,
LALUBHAI WALCHAND CAPADIA & CO.,
Agents.
3404

PRICE RS. 150.

LOST—A Single Blue Coloured DIAMOND GOLD RING. The Diamond weighs about 2½ rattis. Persons finding and returning the same to the undersigned will be awarded the above prize.

GIRDHARLAL H. MUNI,
C/o. Fraser and Co.,
22, Mint Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
2247

THE BOMBAY INDUSTRIAL MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF STATUTORY MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the STATUTORY MEETING of the Members of the above Company, pursuant to Section 77 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, will be held at the Company's Registered Office, 72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of July, 1920, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 26th June, 1920, to the 10th July, 1920, (both days inclusive).

By order of the Board,
C. H. JAGJIWAN & CO.,
Agents.
Dated this 22nd day of June, 1920.
1880

NOTICE.

THE RELIANCE MOTOR WORKS, LTD.

FIRST CALL OF RUPEES TWENTY-FIVE PER SHARE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at the Meeting of the Directors of this Company, a Call of Rs. 25 per Share was made and it was determined that such Call should be paid by those Shareholders whose names stood on the Company's Register on the 30th June, 1920, at the Registered Office of the Company, Shilotri Bank Building, 44, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, on or before the 15th July, 1920, and that if such Call was not paid on the due date interest at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum will be charged from the date until payment is received.

By order of the Board,
[illegible]A & COMPANY.
Managing Agents.

[illegible]LLS COMPANY, [illegible]D.

[illegible]SUE.

[illegible]2,540 SHARES [illegible]PREMIUM [illegible]RE.

[illegible] that letters [illegible]ted to those [illegible]new shares [illegible]ares of the [illegible]e amount [illegible]ith the [illegible]w Rs. 50 [illegible]are and [illegible]nd is [illegible] Com- [illegible] Fort, [illegible] Tata [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible]bl- [illegible]

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE.

THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR of S. & T. (Embarkation), Bombay has for sale of Curry Powder to dispose of. Interested parties are requested to inspect the consignment in "B" Warehouse Alexandra Docks and submit a quotation to undersigned upto 12 noon on 15th instant stating the quantity they wish to purchase.

The offers will hold good for fifteen days.

J. M. MATTHEWS,
Captain,
for Asst. Director of S. & T. (Embn.) Bombay.
No. 3 Shed, Alexandra Docks,
Bombay, 9th July, 1920.
2410

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MEMON EBRAHIM ESSACK, of Bombay, Memon Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 15 Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY: All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Mahim Pension and Tax Tenure with the messuage tenement dwelling house, or Chawl standing thereon situate, lying and being at or near Parbhadevi Road, Mahim Agar, Koombhar Lane, without the Fort of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement six hundred and sixty-eight (668) square yards or thereabouts and forming portion of a larger piece of land which bears Collector's Old Nos. 175, 175, 739 and New Nos. 3800, 3803 and 4680, Old Survey No. 523, 497, 497, New Survey No. 1/1814, and 1/1827 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by a private passage, on or towards the West by Koombhar Lane on or towards the North partly by the property of Bai Jerbai Bapuji Giara and partly by that of Waman Gopal Wadekar and on or towards the South by the property of Ebrahim Essabhai Battliwala and another and which said premises are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 3409 (16), Street No. 873 (0).

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Mahim Pension and Tax Tenure together with the messuage tenement dwelling house or Chawl standing thereon situate, lying and being at or near Parbhadevi Road, Mahim Agar, Koombhar Lane, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement five hundred and thirty-six (536) square yards or thereabouts and which forms portion of a larger piece of land which bears Collector's Old Nos. 175, 175, 739, New No. 3800, 3803, and 4680, Old Survey No. 523, 497, 497, and New Survey No. 1/1814, 1/1827 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Gajanand and Vithoba Khimji, on or towards the West by Khumbhar Lane, on or towards the North by the property of Esufalli Amerbhoy and on or towards the South by the property of Kaderbhoy Mahomedally and which said premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 3409 (18), Street No. 873Q.

Dated this 9th day of July, 1920.

UNWALLA PHEROZSHA & PAPA.
2414 Purchasers' Attorneys

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 1394 of 1917.

MONGHIBAI, widow of Joshi Ramji Cullianji ..... Plaintiff.

versus.

RAJABALLY NUZZERALLY and others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 25th day of August, 1919, the following immoveable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at the property firstly described below on FRIDAY, the 27th day of August, 1920, at the hour of five o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house, standing thereon situate, lying and being at Kumbharwada Street, without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and fifty square yards registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 2713, New No. 3725, Olr Survey No. 1-2/162 New Survey No. 5619 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 7677 and Street No. 256 and bounded, on the East by the said Kumbharwada Street on the West by a sweepers passage, on the North by the house of Rahimbhoy Janmahomed and on the South by the house of Laxman Nathuji.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground situate, lying and being at Kumbharwada Street, outside the Fort and in the registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement seventy six square yards and six-ninth of another square yard or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 2719, New No. 3727, Old Survey No. 1/163 and New Survey No. 5628 together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 7678 and Street No. 258 and bounded on the East by the said Kumbharwada Street, on the West by a Sweepers passage, on the North by the property of Vithal Anand Lohar and on the South by the property of Vorah Abdulalli Hussein Nurserallı.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Mathubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 2nd day of July, 1920.

(Sd.) H. H. WADIA,
Commissioner.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that VISHWANATH MORESHWAR has contracted to sell to our client the property hereunder described, which he has contracted to purchase from DNYANDEO RAGHUNATH, son of Raghunath Damodar Narayan Gowad. All persons having any claim, right, title, or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof whether by way of mortgage, sale, gift, lease, trust, inheritance, charge, possession, maintenance, vadwal or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim which shall then be considered to have been waived and regarded as null and void.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground or part of the Pension and Tax tenure with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate, lying and being at Cadell Road, on the Eastern Side of Bhundarwada Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 3369 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old Nos. 119, 123, New Nos. 3695, 3702, Old Survey No. 329, New Survey No. 1/1601 and assessed in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 4465, Street No. 825, Bhundarwada Road and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North and East by the property of Reverend Fernandes, on or towards the South by the property of Joseph Francis Murzello and on or towards the West by the said Cadell Road.

Dated this 9th day of July, 1920.

CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
2408

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. JAMSHETJI BOMANJI WADIA, residing at Cumballa Hill, Bombay, has lost or mislaid the original Indenture of Conveyance and Release dated the 13th September, 1867, and made between Hormasji Bomanji executor of the last Will and testament of Bomanji Hormasji of the one part and himself of the other part and registered at the Office of the Sub-registrar of Bhuleshwar, on the 1st day of October, 1869, under serial No. 1181 at pages 377 to 383-Volume 58 of Book No. 1, relating to chawl known as Hormasji Wadia's Chawl situate at Charni Wadi admeasuring 1839.41 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue together with other land under Old Nos. 269-44, New No. 1867, Old Survey No. 36 and New Survey No. 1/8233 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward Nos. 2983-84, Street Nos. 2 and 3 and which property they have conveyed to Mahomedally Mamunji, on the day of 1920.

The public are hereby warned against dealing with the document.

Dated this 9th day of July, 1920.

MERWANJI KOLA & Co.,
Attorneys for Mr. Jamshetji Bomanji Wadia, Bai Dhinbai Jamsetji Wadia and Mr. Bapuji Bapuji Wadia.
2412

NOTICE.

LOST DOCUMENTS.

OUR CLIENT has agreed to purchase from BACHUBHAI alias ANANDJI NUNDERJI SHIVJI free from all incumbrances his property situate at Wadgadi Street, called or known as Bhandarwada and Shamji Hussaji Street in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 71 square yards or thereabouts and which are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under the Collectors Old Nos. 1520 and 1528, Collectors New No. 7275, Old Survey Nos. 597 and 598, New Survey No. 2241 and assessed the Municipality under B Ward Nos. 1612 and 1613, Street Nos. 2-10 and 1-3-12. The following documents relating to the said property are represented to be lost or mislaid.

Any person or persons who may be in possession of these documents or any of them or any documents relating to the said property or who claim custody of the said documents either by way of security or otherwise howsoever are required to notify the fact of such possession or claim to the undersigned in writing within 15 days from the date hereof. If no such claim is received within the time aforesaid the purchaser will assume that the said documents are lost and will complete the sale accordingly without regard to any claim or claims which: any will be considered as waived.

LIST OF DOCUMENTS.

1. Deed of sale, dated 18th April, 1835, Bhagirathi, wife of Bhansali Nahaw Kasidas to Bhansali Hargovind Naha bhave.
2. Mortgage, dated 30th January, 1839. Haridas Sukhamchand, Karsandas Sukhamchand, Dulabhdas Sukhamchand to Sadashiv Mukerji, Crishav Muckerji.
3. Deed of sale, dated 7th January, 1840, Haridas Sukhamchand, Karsandas Sukhamchand, Dulabhdas Sukhamchand to Madhavji Sadobha.
4. Deed of sale, dated 5th December, 1840, Madhovji Sadhoba to Laxmidas Javerchand.
5. Conveyance, dated 1st August, 1847, Bhansali Vandravan Lallubhai to Khatri Fuckerchand Dayaram.
6. Gujerati writing, dated 16th August, 1847, Fakirchand Dayaram to Laxmidas Javerchand.
7. Conveyance, dated 31st October, 1856, Bhansali Laxmidas Javerchand to Bhansali Mohanlal Purmanandas.
8. Conveyance, dated 22nd March, 1886, Bhaidas alias Bhogilal Mohanlal and others, to Thucker Govindji Ludha.
9. Conveyance, dated 1st June, 1903, Govindji Ludha, Haridas Govindji, Chaturbhuj Govindji to Sunderji Shivji.

Dated this 6th day of July, 1920.

BHASKER R. SHAH,
for Messrs. Madhavji Kamdar & Chhotabhai.
Purchasers Attorneys.
2305

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

FOR the attendance of the Guardian of the Minor Defendants issued by H. E. H. the Nizam's High Court of Judicature, Original Side, Hyderabad Deccan.

Before Khan Bahadur Moulvi Mirza Hyder Jeevan Beg.

Puisne Judge, Original Side.

Suit No. 25 of 1329 Fasli.

Register No. 2.

FARIDOONJI ..... Plaintiff.

Versus.

RATAN BAI AND OTHERS ..... Defendants.

SUBJECT:

APPLICATION for cancelling the Registered Gift Deed, entered in Ledger No. 1, Vol. IV, dated 25th Amurdad 1327 F.

To

(1) RATAN BAI, wife of Faridoonji Cawasji Mistri, age 22 years, caste Parsee, occupation householding, residing at present, No. 118, Cawasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay.

(2) AUBTOMJI FARIDOONJI MISTRI, son of Faridoonji, age 18 years, caste Parsee, minor, residing at present, No. 118, Cawasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay.

(3) SOHRABJI FARIDOONJI MISTRI, son of Faridoonji, age 4 years, caste Parsee, Minor, residing at present, No. 118, Cawasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay.

WHEREAS in the above case the Plaintiff has presented to this Court an application for appointment of a guardian for the minor Defendants, till the final decision of the case; and this Court for hearing and disposal of the said application fixing the dates, issued summons to Poona and Bombay; but as no trace of yours was found there, the summons were returned unserved. Therefore now this Court has fixed the hearing of the said application on Sunday, the 26th Shehrewar 1329 F./1st August, 1920 and it is notified that on your failure to appoint a guardian by the aforesaid date, the Court itself will arrange and appoint somebody as a guardian of the above mentioned minors without further reference to you.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this ——day of Amardad, 1329 Fasli./July, 1920 A.D.

Z. MAHOMED,
Registrar, High Court.
2336

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SHARIFBHOY THAVER, of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan inhabitant has contracted for the absolute sale to our client Mr. KHIMJI HIRJI KAYANI, of Bombay, Hindu inhabitant the undermentioned property which forms a part of the property which the said Mr. Sharifbhoy Thaver has contracted to purchase from Mr. PANDHOY LUDHA BHIMJI, also of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan inhabitant. All persons therefore having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof, whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, cheque, lien, lease, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 119, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claims and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension tax tenure together with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon and the vacant land attached thereto situate at Mazagaon, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and forming a part of the land registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 455, New No. 2410, Old Survey No. 581 and New Survey No. 3682, containing by admeasurement including a moiety of the passage towards the North which passage is about 10 foot in breadth about 1900 sq. yds. or thereabouts and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 4754 (1) and Street Nos 6, 4754 (2AA), Street No. , Ward No. 4755 (1), Street No. 6A and Ward No. 4755 (1A), Street Nos. 6AA and bounded on or towards the North by the property Fazal Ludha Bhimji agreed to be purchased by Sharifbhoy Thaver, on or towards the South by the property of Khimji Hirji Kayani, on or towards the East by the Mazagon Road aforesaid and on or towards the West by the property of Byramji Jeejibhoy.

Dated this 7th day of July 1920.

ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & Co.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
2352

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. DARASHA ARDESHIR COOPER, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell to my client the lease hold land hereditaments and premises described in the Schedule hereunder written; All persons having any right, interest, claims, or demands, inte or upon the said land hereditaments and premises or any of them or any part thereof either by way of inheritance, succession, gift, trust, sale, mortgage, lien, lease, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned as the purchaser's Attorney at his office situate at 1, Ash Lane, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground bearing now Agriculture Survey No. 497 and parts of Plot No. 1 and 7 of Survey No. 232 and part of Plot No. 7 of Survey No. 235, situate at Bandra in the Registration Sub District of Bandra, Taluka Salsette; District Thana, containing by admeasurement seven hundred and fifty square yards or there abouts together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house and buildings standing thereon bearing Municipal No. and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North by the building known as Old Chawl belonging to the Lessor Sir Dorabji Jams dji Tata, on or towards the East by the B. B. and C. I. Railway line, on or towards the South by vacant land belonging to Sir Dorabji Jemsedji Tata, and towards the West by a private road belonging to Sir Dorabji Jemsedji Tata and beyond that by vacant land belonging to the said Dorabji Jamsedji Tata.

Dated the 9th day of July 1920.

N. C. DALAL,
Purchaser's Attorney
2385

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MEHERBANOO, wife of K. N. Munshi, of Bombay, inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned, at their office No. 61, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Charni Road, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 301 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 146, New No. 1337, Old Survey No. 145, New Survey No. 8039 and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 1180-81 and Street No. 45-47 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by a passage, on or towards the West by Charni Road, on or towards the North by partly a passage and partly by the property of the late Mr. Khatau Makanji and on or towards the South by the property of Mr. Cawasji Ukkarji Kharas and which said premises were formerly occupied and are now occupied by the Vendor and her tenants.

Dated this 8th day of July, 1920.

AMIN & DESAI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
2415

NOTICE.

RE: SALE OF PROPERTY AT KURLA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHIVRAM DALAIYA and Bai SHAMABAI his wife, of Bombay inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, No. 48, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate, lying and being at Kurla, bearing Survey No. 207 Pot No. 2 assessment Re. 1-12-0 and admeasuring 3,300 square yards or thereabouts together with the stable and other structures and water pipe, corrugated iron sheets and materials and things standing or being thereon which said premises are bounded on the East by the land of the Inamdar, on or towards the West by the land belonging to Rahimtulla Alahibux, on or towards the North partly by the land of the Inamdar and partly by the property of Mangel Joseph and on the South by the land belonging to Bomanji Dhanjisha.

Dated this 9th day of July, 1920.

PANDIA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
2396

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MULLA ABDUL HUSSEIN, MULLA RASULJI SULTANALLI MULLA RASULJI and HUSSEINALLI EBRAHIM GHADIALI, all of Bombay Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 79, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house hereditaments and premises (formerly consisting of two compartment) standing thereon, situate and being at Baba Dhaboo Street, without the Fort in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 133 1-3 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 2712, New Nos. 9717-9718, Old Survey No. 1238 and New Survey Nos. 4449, 4488 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 6873, Street Nos. 125, 127, 129 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by a Sweepers passage, on or towards the West by Baba Dhaboo Street aforesaid, on or towards the North by the house of Orab Sullemanji Jiabhoy and on or towards the South by the house of Esmailji Khanbhai.

Dated this 9th day of July, 1920.

MALVI MODY RANCHODDAS & CO.
2386 Purchasers Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ARDESIR KHODABUX RUZBEH, Administrator of the Estate of Khusro Khudabux Ruzbeh, has contracted for the absolute sale of the undermentioned property to my client free from all incumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, maintenance, trust or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to me in my office at Picket Road, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of suit and ground rent land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Ghoga Street, within the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1204 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 227-228, New Nos. 5091-5092, Old Survey No. 288 and New Survey No. 9386 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Goolbai Pestonji Boomla and Sorabji Cawasji Mistry, on or towards the West by the property of Sorabji Dadabhai Divecha, on or towards the North by the Ghoga Street aforesaid and on or towards the South by the property formerly of warris Dadabhai Cawasji Gentleman but now of Edulji Framji Allbless which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 1684 and Street No. 31.

Dated this 6th day of July, 1920.

K. M. MOWDAWALLA,
Purchaser's Vakil.
2387

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that LAKHAMSEY CHANNA, of Bombay, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, maintenance, possession, lease, lien, assessment or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our office at 11, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale shall be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY ABOVEMENTIONED.

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Borivli, Taluka Salsette, District Thana, Registration Sub District Bandra bearing:—

Entry No.	Survey No.	Plot No.	Area	Assessment.
363	89	3 & 4	8001	10—12—0
13 & 554	94 Non-agricultural No.	4 & 5		
	32		6420	16— 0—0

Admeasuring together 14421 square yards together with the building and two wells, situate on the non-agricultural land which said building has been given a number 6 by the Notified Area Committee and determined as final plot No. 15 under the Town Planning Scheme Borivli No. 1 and sanctioned by Government under Government Notification General Department No. 4463, dated 28th May, 1919, and published at pages 1320, in part I of Bombay "Government Gazette" dated 29th May, 1919, containing by admeasurement 15014 square yards or thereabouts. The whole of the said land is surrounded by a compound partly by wire fencing and partly by cactus and bounded as follows—that is to say, on or towards the North by the New Road and grazing ground, on or towards the South by a private Road, on or towards the East by the properties of Wasudeo Ban Pai and Bai Umabai Daji Khare and on or towards the West by the property of Karsondas Dharamsey.

Dated this 9th day of July, 1920.

AMARCHAND & MANGALDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

SALES BY AUCTION.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
No. 53, Medows Street, Fort.

SALE OF A PRINTING PRESS.

Private offers will be accepted by Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers at No. 53, Medows Street, of a going Printing Press including big machine, Treadle, Hand press, Stencilling, numbering, Perforating and such other Machines, English types of John Dickenson, one good lot of Gujrati, Hindi, Marathi types of Niranay Sagar Press, Binding Department, etc., etc.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 10th July, 1920.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

On Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists.

AUCTION SALE OF 6 BALES BLEACHED CHECKS OF THE KASTOORCHAND MILLS.

On TUESDAY, the 13th instant at 3 p.m. Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the open ground opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Messrs. Bhalchand Mathuradas and on account and at the risk of Dave Kantishanker Jetashanker:—

6 bales each 60 pieces bleached checks of the Kastoorchand Mills new quality No. 726.

AUCTION SALE OF 5825 CHINESE RAIN COATS.

On WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, No. 25 Medows Street, Fort, by order of the Assistant Controller, Textile sales of the Indian Munitions Board.

5825 Chinese Rain Coats.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 10th July, 1920.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
20, Apollo Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 3409.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT TELWADI IN VITHALWADI.

Under instructions from Messrs. Shroff and Vachha Attorneys for Mr. Virji Kanji the Administrator of the property and credits of Daya Virji deceased and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Esufally Mahomedally, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers will on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of July, 1920, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises the undermentioned property viz.:—

All that piece or parcel of perpetual Fazandati land or ground situate lying and being at Telwadi in Vithalwadi, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 69 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 1457 together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 1694 and Street No. 23 and which premises are bounded as follows:—on the North by a sweeper's passage, on the South by Vithalwadi Lane, on the East by a public passage and on the South by a sweeper's passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Shroff and Vachha Attorneys for the Vendor at their office No. 375, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 10th July, 1920.

Phone No. 2628.

Dr. A D M' S M.T.MADON

Renew your Strength and Vigor to both Body and Mind by taking

Dr. ADAM'S **BRAIN & NERVE TONIC PILLS**

Tele. Add: Thoughts.

(Speedy cure for—) Nervous and Functional Debility, Physical Exhaustion, Anaemia, Loss of Memory, Brain Fag, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Vigor, Neuralgia, Headache, Muscular and Local Weakness, Palpitation, Neurasthenia, Premature Decay, Sleeplessness and all other Nervous Complaints.

It thoroughly invigorates the Brain Nerves and Muscles—communicates a healthy tone to the system and gives Vigor to every organ—excites appettie and prompts digestion of food. Sold by all Well-known Chemists at Rs. 3 per bot.

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or

DHURANDHAR BROTHERS, Chief Agents, Bombay Presidency, 72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

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Sir Hukamchand Saroopchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar.-at-Law.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Soorjee & Co.).
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P. (Mooljі Jetha & Co.) (Ex-officio).

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From 2ND JUNE TO 5TH JULY 1920, a discount of annas two per Rupee will be allowed.

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FAVOURITE Because FAITHFUL The Star

SEALING WAX

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Sole Agents:

N. Lallubhai & Co.,

13, Tamarind Land, Fort, BOMBAY

THE WEATHER.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, July 8.

Monsoon has extended in North West Frontier Province but weakened in Gangestic plain. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, East Rajputana, Central India West, East Central Provinces, Konkan, Malabar, Bombay Deccan, local in Upper Burma, Assam, Bihar, West United Provinces, North West Frontier Provinces, West Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India East, West Central Provinces, Hyderabad and Madras Deccan. A few falls have also occurred in East United Provinces, Punjab, Kashmir, South-East Madras.

Chief amounts are:—Diamond Island, Akyab one and a half inches, Cherrapunji and Cox's Bazar two, Narayanganj, Cuttack, Sambalpur one and a half, Ranchi one, Bareilly a quarter, Agra and Delhi three quarters, Simla and Dharampur one and a half, Rawalpindi two, Khushab a half, Dera Ismail Khan one, Jodhpur and Udaipur a half, Rajkot one, Indore and Sutna three, Khandwa one, Bombay and Marmagao one and a half, Mangalore two Calicut four, Poona one and a half.

Forecast:—Diminution in North and East Punjab and South Deccan and extension in Gujarat.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

Total Rainfall up to 8 a. m. of 9th July.

Stations.	24 hours to 8 a. m. of 1920.	Total since 1st June, 1920.	June 1st to 8 a.m. of 9th July.	
			1918.	1919.
	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.
Colaba (Observatory)	1 42	23 53	13-56	32 92
Fort (St. George's Hospital)	2 21	24 81	12-32	35-38
Esplanade (Gok Tej. Hospital)	2 09	24 71	13-13	35-24
Byculla (J. J. Hospital)	1 74	25 42	15 52	37-12

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 8th July 1920.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 4 p. m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.577	inche
Temperature of Air	80.2	Degs
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77.5	"
Dew Point	76.5	"
Relative humidity of Air	0.884	"
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy 10).	9.6	"
Maximum temperature of Air	88.0	"
minimum do.	77.6	"
General Direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	W.WSW.	
Movement of Wind	339 Miles.	
Fall of Rain	0.98 Inches.	
Total fall during month	14.73	"
Do. do. year	24.24	"
Additional all of rain up to 10 a.m. of 9th	0.61	"

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometer:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 9th July 1920 was 29.793 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased 0.13 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg.

In case of the aneroid the temperature correction is needed but for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide in the stream at 8-42 a.m., Standard Time the ship's barometer readings should be increased by 0-10 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour, during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER: Bombay mean Time	HIGH WATER: Depth on Sill	LOW WATER: Day of Month	LOW WATER: Bombay mean Time	LOW WATER: Depth on Sill
	July	h. m.	ft. in.	July	h. m.	ft. in.
Sat.	10	m 5 26	24 11	10	m 11 8	20 8
		5 13a	25 10			
Sun.	11	m 6 44	25 3	11	m 0 9	17 7
		6 21a	25 7		0 40a	21 0
Mon.	12	m 8 5	26 0	12	m 1 17	16 10
		7 35a	25 8		1 52a	20 6
Tues.	13	m 9 17	27 2	13	m 2 54	16 1
		8 50a	26 2		3 21a	19 11
Wed.	14	m 10 14	28 4	14	m 3 20	15 3
		9 55a	26 10		4 19a	18 11
Thur.	15	m 11 2	29 4	15	m 4 11	14 7
		10 52a	27 7		5 9a	17 11
Fri	16	m 4 14	24 11	16	m 9 54	19 10
		4 12a	26 2		11 2a	18 0

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard time during the ensuing weeks:—

July.	Sunset.	Sunrise.
" 10 (Saturday)	" 6h. 6m.	" 7h. 20m.
" 11 (Sunday)	" 6h. 6m.	" 7h. 20m.
" 12 (Monday)	" 6h. 6m.	" 7h. 20m.
" 13 (Tuesday)	" 6h. 7m.	" 7h. 20m.
" 14 (Wednesday)	" 6h. 7m.	" 7h. 20m.
" 15 (Thursday)	" 6h. 7m.	" 7h. 20m.
" 16 (Friday)	" 6h. 8m.	" 7h. 20m.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—Last Quarter, July 9th, 10h. 25-6m. a.m.; New Moon, 16th, 1h. 56-0m. a.m.; First Quarter, 23rd, 6h. 50-4m. a.m.; Full Moon, 31st, 4h. 40-3m. a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 9th July 1920, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity is in excess in the eastern districts and at Rawalpindi. Day temperature is in defect at Rawalpindi and Delhi; night temperature is above the average at Lahore and Multan.

The United Provinces.—If the telegram is correct Allahabad reports 8.24" of rain; Jhansi has had 0.15". Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is generally above normal. Day temperature is in defect at Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Rajputana with the exception of Bikaner; Jaipur reports 0.63", Ajmer 0.50", and Mount Abu 1.59". Skies are lightly clouded in Sind and are moderately clouded in Rajputana, where humidity is above normal. Day temperature is above normal at Jacobabad and Bikaner, but is below normal over the rest of Rajputana; night temperature is in excess in Sind, but is in slight defect generally in Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bhuj reports 1.02", Dwarka 0.23", Veraval 0.94", Rajkot 0.62", Surat 2.79", Ahmedabad 2.11", Deesa 0.36", Neemuch 1.13" and Indore 3.60". Skies are generally overcast. Humidity is above normal except on the Kathiawar coast. Day temperature is in excess at Bhuj, but is in moderate or considerable defect in north Gujarat and Central India West.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has occurred locally; Chanda has had 1.23". Humidity is in excess in the northern districts. Day temperature is below normal except in Berar.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bombay has had 1.42", Ratnagiri 0.21" and Mormugao 3.41". Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is in defect at Ratnagiri.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rain has fallen locally; Poona reports 0.42", Belgaum 1.31" and Nibamabad 0.76". Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is below normal at Poona and Nizamabad.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general on the west coast, in Gujarat, Kathiawar, Central India West and Rajputana, and local in the United Provinces, the Central Provinces, the Bombay, Deccan, and Hyderabad. A few falls are also reported from south-east Madras. The falls have been heavy in south Gujarat, south Rajutana, Central India West and at some stations on the west coast. Day temperature is low in Rajputana, Gujarat and the central parts of the country. The sea continues moderate to rough on the west coast of the Peninsula and has become rough also on the Sind coast.

Forecast.—An extension of rainfall appears probable in the United Provinces, the east Punjab and possibly into Sind. No large change is likely elsewhere.

Bombay, 9th July, 1920.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 8th July, 1920.

The monsoon has extended in the North-west Frontier Province, but has weakened in the Gangetic plain. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, east Rajputana, Central India West, the east of the Central Provinces, the Konkan, Malabar, the Bombay Deccan, and local in Upper Burma, Assam, Bihar, the west of the United Provinces, the North-west Frontier Province, west Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India East, the west of the Central Provinces, Hyderabad and the Madras Deccan. A few falls have also occurred in the east of the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir and south-east Madras.

Chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Diamond Island, Akyab one and half inches; Cherrapunji, Cox's Bazar two; Narayanganj, Cuttack, Sambalpur one and a half; Ranchi one; Bareilly a quarter; Simla, Dharampore one and a half; Khushab a half; Dera Ismail Khan one; Udaipur a half; Sutna three.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 HOURS ON FRIDAY, THE 9th JULY 1920.

STATIONS	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 hrs.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total, 1st June to date.	Departure, 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	96.8	86.0	32	--	0	0
Do. ( )	94	86.0	78	--	0	0
Jask	99	82.4	29	--	0	-0.07
Muskat	98	86.1	31	--	0	-0.14
Do.	--	--	--	--	--	--
PUNJAB—						
Multan	106.0	80.6	47	--	1.19	+0.61
Rawalpindi	91.7	74.0	83	0.05	2.10	-0.64
Lahore	101.9	80.5	55	--	0.23	-2.92
Hissar	99.4	82.5	48	--	0.24	-2.50
Ambala	97.7	77.4	69	--	4.13	-1.15
Delhi	99.5	81.2	70	--	5.42	-0.18
UNITED PROVINCES.						
Agra	92.9	80.0	80	--	6.10	+0.98
Mainpuri	95.3	80.2	79	--	3.19	-1.85
Jhansi	90.0	79.3	91	0.35	4.94	-4.69
Cawnpore	93.8	82.1	91	--	2.73	-2.28
Allahabad	94.1	78.6	86	8.24	9.89	+1.91
SIND & RAJPUTANA.						
Jacobabad	105.9	84.6	42	--	1.09	+0.61
Karachi	89.9	83.7	79	--	0.01	-1.30
Ajmer	92.4	76.4	67	0.50	3.67	+4.60
Jaipur	93.7	75.2	85	0.63	11.42	+7.53
Kotah	99.6	77.2	85	2.94	9.86	+4.31
Mount Abu	76.5	58.4	96	1.59	14.00	+8.02
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR & CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	98.9	77.2	55	1.02	5.67	+2.60
Dwarka	90.3	79.2	91	0.23	5.04	+1.36
Veraval	83.3	78.1	93	0.94	13.61	+7.32
Rajkot	87.4	75.2	85	0.62	11.37	+4.26
Bhavnagar Para	92.0	76.6	82	0.24	14.22	+7.51
Surat	87.0	74.9	86	2.79	12.47	-0.1-
Ahmedabad	79.9	76.5	96	2.11	8.60	+0.99
Deesa	88.7	73.4	91	0.36	8.25	+1.88
Neemuch	89.9	73.2	90	1.13	10.84	+4.7-
Indore	91.4	72.1	91	3.60	13.43	+5.13
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	89.7	74.9	87	0.20	65.2	-5.90
Saugor	89.0	73.8	91	0.08	15.26	-5.94
Hoshangabad	92.1	73.4	90	0.25	9.14	+0.10
Khandwa	93.0	74.6	78	--	10.75	+3.21
Akola	99.5	75.9	78	0.07	4.05	-3.84
Amraoti	98.0	74.6	82	0.13	5.56	-3.47
Nagpur	95.0	74.7	78	--	7.21	-5.34
Chanda	89.5	74.4	91	1.23	7.41	-3.69
Raipur	92.6	75.4	85	0.27	5.29	-5.91
KONKAN—						
Bombay	83.0	77.4	87	1.42	28.53	-3.71
Ratnagiri	84.5	75.9	77	0.21	25.67	-14.39
Marmagao	83.5	76.4	91	3.41	37.93	-3.12
Karwar	--	--	--	--	--	--
BOMBAY DECCAN & HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	91.7	75.7	79	--	2.33	-3.66
Ahmednagar	85.8	71.6	79	0.02	2.16	-3.86
Poona	78.4	70.9	87	0.44	6.63	+1.79
Sholapur	90.4	72.1	64	--	1.89	-4.3-
Bijapur	88.4	71.3	78	0.02	4.89	+0.79
Belgaum	73.6	69.9	95	1.31	12.69	+0.37
Aurangabad	99.1	72.9	74	--	1.10	-6.12
Nizamabad (Indr)	95.1	74.2	92	0.76	11.99	+3.80
Hyderabad	86.8	73.2	81	--	3.03	+1.89
MALABAR & CEYLON—						
Mangalore	89.6	72.7	95	1.92	83.15	+13.51
Calicut	76.6	72.9	98	3.15	73.08	+29.18
Cochin	88.1	82.5	90	6.55	67.28	+20.83
Colombo	84.1	76.8	91	0.39	13.44	+9.21
MADRAS EXTENSION (MALABAR) & MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	96.0	79.5	67	--	4.64	-1.44
Bellary	89.5	76.5	62	--	0.70	-1.84
Cuddapah	99.1	82.9	55	--	3.60	-0.55
Madras	93.2	82.1	65	0.07	0.46	-2.27
Bangalore	81.9	66.8	92	0.01	3.82	-0.6-
Coimbatore	89.9	69.1	72	0.39	3.22	+0.10
Trichinopoly	94.5	77.4	62	--	0.65	-1.00
Negapatam	96.1	80.8	64	--	0.70	-1.12

FLYING SICKNESS.

"We set sail in the evening—so pleasant the voyage—it seemed all play"—writes the poet, "but who thought of sea sickness?" Flying is fashionable to-day and will become much more fashionable to-morrow. But what of the flying sickness? We are told the disease covers the worst features of the caisson (or diving bell) disease, which is caused by the injuries divers suffer from a great depth. By suddenly rising to a great altitude, the aviator suffers the aerial form of the disease. We are further told flying sickness has some features in common with mountain sickness; mountain, and air and sea—they seem to be allied.—"The Hindu Patriot."

HEROISM BEYOND BATTLE-FIELD

All honour to Babu Asheah Kumar Banerji. A *pait* of Raja Moni Lal Singh Roy of Chakdighi was bitten by a snake. Babu Ashesh Kumar came to his rescue bandaged the ajected part and sucked the poisons out at grave risk to his own life. We have had no Miss Charlotte Young to record our golden deeds. Is not the incident worth registering in a Book of Golden Deeds? Heroism is to be found not on the battle-field alone.—"The Hindu Patriot."

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 8.

S S Nellore, Murray, Yokohama.
S S Iran, Sanderson, Basrah.

The following vessels obtained their outclearances yesterday:—

S S Innaminka, Rirod, Basrah.
S S Onda, Lovrik, Basrah.
S S Nellore, Murray, London.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Berwindmoor for Singapore.
Steamer Barala for Persian Gulf.

S S Nellore: The P and O S N Co's China mail steamer Nellore, 6853 tons, Captain F S Murray, arrived in harbour yesterday from China and Japan ports with mails, a general cargo and 113 passengers.

S S Iran:—The P G S N Co's steamer Iran, 1719 tons, Captain R H D Sanderson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Basrah, with a general cargo and 2 cabin and deck passengers.

S S Innaminka:—The A Nissim's steamer Innaminka, 1423 tons, Captain T A Tiscol, will sail to-day from the Bombay Harbour for Basrah, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Onda:—The B I S N Co's steamer Onda, 3409 tons, Captain I W Lovrik, will sail to-day from the Bombay Harbour for Basrah, with a general cargo.

S S Nellore:—The P and O S N Co's English mail steamer Nellore, 6289 tons, Captain F S Murray, will sail to-day from the Ballard Pier Station for London, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and through passengers from China.

S S Nellore:—The P and O S N Co's steamer Nellore, which arrived here from China and Japan ports, weather experienced during the voyage, strong S.-W. wind and sea, heavy rain squalls on coast.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

Friday, 9th July 1920.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

B Indus Maru	..Kobe	12-7	..O S K Line.
C & B Eastern Cross.	Calcutta	N F	..I M & Co
D & E Clan Macintyre		N F	..T J & Co.
F Pomona	.. N F	N F	..K T & Co
H Shinkai Maru	..	N F	..T K Line
L Oporto	..Bhavnagar	10-7	..K N & Co
M Egypt	.. N F	N F	..B I S N Co
N Syria	..London	31-7	..M M & Co
P Nagpur	..Penang	N F	..A L & Co.
P Solerno	..Antwerp	13-7	..T M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

6 Innaminaka	..Basrah	N F	A Nissim & Co
7 Bahrein	.. N F	14-7	..T K Line
8 Bombay Maru	..Kobe	14-7	..N Y K Line
9 City of Bombay	..Karachi	10-7	..B I S N Co
12/13 Graecbus	..Calcutta	N F	..M M & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Schiedijk	.. Colombo	10-7	E D Sassoon & Co
3 H T Huswaid	..Suez	2-7	..W & A G Co.
4 Gorala	.. N F	10-7	..M M & Co
6 Merkara	.. N F	N F	..M M & Co
7 Umta	.. N F	N F	..M M & Co
9 P S S Karadenis		10-7	..B I S
10 Clan Robertson	..N F	N F	..J T & Co.
11 Baron Ardrossan	..Calcutta	N F	..W & A G Co.
12 Chupra	.. N F	N F	..T K Line
14 Karapara	..East Africa	11-7	..B M & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Vallego	.. N F	N F	..British G S Co.

HUGHES DRY DOCK.

Aras	.. N E	N F	..T K A P

EXPORTS

July 9.

S S Salerno for Antwerp:—451 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S S Nirvana for Genoa:—230 bales cotton, F Ebrahim and Co.

S S Dunera for Hongkong:—205 bales cotton twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 850 bales cotton twist, Currimbhoy and Co; 150 bales cotton twist, M B Kaisha.

S S Bombay Maru for Shanghai:—3320 bales cotton, N K Palia and Co; 500 bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

S S Bombay Maru for Yokohama:—330 bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

S S Bombay Maru for Yokkaichi:—[illegible] bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

IMPORTS

July 9.

S S Schiedijk from Antwerp, Agents E D Sassoon and Co:—4803 cases window glass, 490 cases cottons, 2250 cases cement, 239 cases cigarettes, 10 cases merchandise, 34 drums magnesium chloride, 70 bags sugar, 180 red cases 90 cases gin, 185 bales printing paper, 178 bales paper, 4700 bags sugar, 135 cases salad oil, 2204 cases beer, 2361 cases brandy, 150 cases rum, 59 cases sherry wine, 61 cases nitric acid, 11 cases chloroform.

S S Baron Aderossan from Liverpool, Agents W and A Graham and Co:—1200 bales 1411 cases cotton piece-goods, 764 bales 121 cass cotton yarn, 43 cases 7 bales woollen goods, 37 bales 51 cases wool and cotton, 80 bales paper, 4 bales rubber, 8 cases ink, 183 drums magnesium chloride, 7 cases art silk, 35 cases 1000 boxes soap, 3413 and whisky, 80 cases rum, 340 cases beer, 2 cases tobacco, 5 cases cigarettes.

An A. P. I. message from Calcutta, July 8, says:—Application for Government of India loan up to the 7th inst. was 6,91,10,200 for ten year bonds and 20,54,500 for five per cent. loan. Bonus value of war bonds tendered for conversion is 2,95,13,750.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, July 6th.

	Bales.
Total Days' Sales at Liverpool	3,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	750
" " Sales of East Indian	
" " Imports	
Mid. Americans Spot	26.15
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakels	42.50
New York 11 a.m. (As known to-day) July	Unquoted.
New York 11 a.m. (As known to-day) Oct.	23.02
Liverpool at closing time) Jan.	20.57
New Orleans 10 a.m. July	Unquoted.
Oct.	22.45

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, July 7th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months	To-day's prices.
July	24.20
Aug.	23.58
Sept.	--
Oct.	22.60
Nov.	--
Dec.	--
Jan.	21.01
Feb.	--
Mar.	20.47
April	--
May	20.00
June	--

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, July 6th.

Months	To-day's price.
July.	24.00
Aug.	23.56
Sept.	22.85
Oct.	22.32
Nov.	21.87
Dec.	21.10
Jan.	20.75
Feb.	20.48
Mar.	20.20
April	19.96
May	19.72
June	19.55

Tone:—Steady
Manchester Market:—Steady.

Liverpool, July 8th.

Months	To-day's price.
July	23.85
Aug.	22.16
Sept.	20.79
Mar.	20.23

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, July 6th.

M.G. Bengal Good	9.52
" " Fully Good	9.75
" " Fine	10.25
" No. 1 Oomras Good	15.00
" " Fully Good	15.00
" " Fine	16.00
" Broach Good M.G.	19.25
" " Fine	19.35
" " Fine	19.55
" Broach Good	8.52
" " Fully Good	9.57
" " Fine	10.07

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, July 6th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	4,000
" Exports to Great Britain	4,000
" " to Continent	12,000
Futures at New York July	23.78
" " " Oct.	23.48
" " " Jan.	21.45
Strong.	
Spot Cotton at New York	40.00
" " Orleans	39.50
Futures at New Orleans July	27.40
" " Oct.	23.10
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	Nominal.
Demand Bills	383.87
Cable Commercial Bars	--
U. S. mined Refined	99½
Do. Foreign	99

New York, July 8th.

Futures at New York July	23.00
" " Oct.	22.24
" " Jan.	20.80

MONEY MARKETS.

London, July 6th.

Rentes 3%	55
Bar Silver Spot	51 1/2
" 2 months hence	50 3/4
Closing Tone of Silver:—Only small business.	Dull.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 7 per cent	
Since 12th April 1920.	
Discount Bank 3 m/sb	6 5/8
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	7
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	7 1/8
" " 6 "	7 1/2
Bar Gold (per oz.)	104/1
Interest day to day loans	4 3/4
" 7 days market loans	5 3/8
Telegraphic Transfers	1/10½
Consols 2½%	55 7/8
Bonds Paper 3½%	52
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loans	56 3/8
Government Securities 3 %	47 3/8
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	46.03

SHARES.

Chartered Bank	£75 1/2
Hongkong Bank	£114 1/2
National Bank	£50 1/2

WAR LOANS

London, July 6th.

Bonding Loan 4%	£76
Victory Loan 4%	£78
5% New	£85 5/16

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London July 6th.

WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe—62lb Nominal	94
Australian—61lbs. Nominal	94

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Gujerat, 416lbs. ex-Ship July/Aug. Sellers	£34
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship July/Aug. Sellers	£29
Linseed, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex Ship July/Aug.	£37
Tone of Rapeseed:—Opined Steady. Closed Easier.	
Linseed, Argentine, (La Plata) July-Aug. Paid	£32
Cottonseed, Bombay (sound delivered per ton) July-Aug. Paid	£11½
Tone Rapeseed.—July-Aug. Sellers	£31

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£101
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£87½
Copper Brokers	£103
Yellow Metals	10½
Hard Spelter	£7
Corrugated Sheets	£84½

BE FORTUNATE AND SUCCESSFUL.

Astrology is the best means of way, to guide the good or bad time of Fate. Don't forget therefore to take the advantage of it. Rates of works:—One rupee for first question; and 12 annas for every additional question. One year's Guide—Rs. 3, 5, 8 and 12; Life-reading:—Rs. 5, 10, 15, 25, etc., according to the minute details. Write for particulars. Postage stamps should be affirmed with, for the reply.

JYOTIRVAIDYA BHASKARACHARYA,
Grahadhikar Office,
BELGAUM CITE.

JAVA SUGAR.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Aug.-Sept.	90
Fine White Java, C.& F. Bombay Aug.-Sept.	86/6
Fine White Java, C. & F. Karachi Aug.-Sept.	82

RUBBER:

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Aug.-Sep.	2/0
Plantation First Latex Crepe July Paid	2/0½

Tone:—Quiet after firm.

PETROLEUM.

THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY'S QUOTATIONS.

Snowflake	150°	at Rs.	11 0 0	per case
White Rose	150°	"	11 0 0	"
Chester	125°	"	10 12 0	"
Monkey	125°	"	8 0 0	"
Monkey Tins	125°	"	8 2 0	2 Units.
Elephant Tins	125°	"	7 15 0	2 "
Elephant Bulk	125°	"	6 3 0	5 Imp. Gals

BOMBAY MARKETS,

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, July 9.

In the New York market, the rise in the July position has continued and since 30th ultimo, this position has shown an advance of 187 points, and on 7th instant, was quoted 23.67. New Crop deliveries have fluctuated moderately and on 7th instant the quotation for October was 23.27, being an advance of 11 points since 30th ultimo. In Liverpool somewhat wider fluctuations have occurred and on the week July is 62 points higher and October 28 points higher, while January show a rise of 27 points. The weather in America has continued favourable for some time but the crop is now facing the most critical period, and a change to unfavourable weather conditions at any time would cause a sharp advance. Those who have previously sold would do well to realize profits. Stradlers of sales of October against purchases of January or March, both in Liverpool, look well at present differences which are more sentimental than natural.

Locally the highest and lowest prices for Fully Good Broach during the week have been Rs. 460 and Rs. 450. Daily fluctuations have been small and the general tone of the market steady. Changes have taken place at Oomras on the posting of the daily ready rate for Fully Good Broach by the Quotations Committee. The market has been small and jobbers have been the chief operators. So far tenders of Broach have been only 400 bales. Oomras and Bengals for July and September have been easier, and southerns have kept quiet but steady. Yesterday the variations in Broach were from Rs. 459 to Rs. 454, the market closing at Rs. 454. To-day the Marwadi bazaar opened at Rs. 452½ and at 1-15 p.m., was unchanged. Closing quotations are given below.

Ready cotton has been quiet and the daily offtake of Oomras and Bengals small. Stapled cotton has, however, continued in demand, and really good stapled lots of all kinds fetch full prices.

Crop reports are better. Rain has fallen in the Berars and Central Provinces but has been patchy. Amraoti has had a good fall, while only showers have fallen at Khamgaon and Akola and more rain is still needed. In Khandesh there has been seasonable rain and sowing is making good progress. In the United Provinces sufficient rain has fallen, but in the Punjab it is more or less urgently wanted. In Broach the plants are flourishing and rain has been general over the district. Bhavnagar reports heavy rain the last day or two. Barsi has had a nice fall of about 2½ inches and this has been beneficial. In the Hyderabad districts and Central India the rainfall is above the average.

QUOTATIONS 6 P.M.

			Rs
Fully Good Broach		July-Aug.	465½
Fully Good Bengal		July	197
Fully Good Bengal		September	211
Fine Oomras		July	265
Fine Oomras		September	272
Good Southerns		July-Aug.	475

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD.

QUOTATIONS, 9TH JULY 1920.

			Rs
Fully Good M.G. Bengal		July	200
" " "		September	216
Fully Good M.G. Broach		July-Aug.	451
Fine M.G. Oumras		July	265
" " "		September	275
Good M.G. Southern		July-Aug.	--

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Description.	Super fine.	Fine.	F.G.	Good	Delivery
M.G. Bengal	--	232	222	197	Ready.
M.G. Sind-Punjab	--	242	222	197	"
M.G. Oomras No. 1	315	280	250	--	"
M.G. Central P No. 1	390	355	325	--	"
M.G. Central P No. 2	355	320	295	--	"
M.G. Broach	--	490	470	461	"
M.G. Southern	--	--	--	--	"
M.G. Dholera	--	--	--	--	"
M.G. Ahemar P.	--	--	--	--	"

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The Bombay wheat and Seeds daily Quotations Bazaar Rates.

Bombay, July 9th 1920. 5-30 p. m

Ready:	Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail. Delivery Rs. a. p.
Wheat White, Delhi 70-30	60 0 0	8 11 0
" " Cawnpore 70-30	57 0 0	8 10 0
" Karachi Bansia	57 0 0	8 9 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	11 4 0	11 12 0
" " Cawnpore	11 4 0	11 12 0
" Yellow Cawnpore	12 4 0	12 2 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	15 12 0	16 0 0
" Thin	15 12 0	16 0 0
Toolseed, White 85-15	60 0 0	15 6 0
" Gajar 75-25	84 0 0	15 4 0
" Gajar 50-50	73 0 0	16 0 0
" Black	72 0 0	14 8 0
Poppyseed, White	16 0 0	16 12 0
Groundnuts	85 0 0	17 6 0
Mowrasseed	6 0 0	6 5 0
Barley	42 0 0	----
Castorseed	55 0 0	11 6 0
Forward:	Rs. a. p.	
Linseed Sept.	16 10 0	
Wheat Aug.-Sept	0 3 6	

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 9th.

Market Rates

Bank Telegraphic	1/9½
Bank Demand	1/9 11/16
Acceptance 3m/s	1/11½
Fcs. Demand	460
American Dollars	290
Hongkong "	203
Shanghai	238½
Japan	153
Singapore	136

Market Steady.

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

DAILY QUOTATION RATES.

July, 9th 1920.

	per Pc.	Rs. a. p.
David	No. 10	1 1 0
Saparji	No. 10½	1 0 0
Ourimbhai	No. 12½	1 3 0
Sapurji	No. 6½	0 12 0
Japan	No. 40/1	3 0 0
Do.	No. 42/2	2 10 0
Do.	No. 2/40	2 12 0

THE METAL MERCHANTS CO.

Issued rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations

BRASS.

July, 9th 1920.

	per md.	Rs. a. p
Brass	3/4	81 0 0
Do.	1	85 0 0
Do.	1½	85 0 0
Do.	1¾	87 0 0
Do.	1½	87 0 0
Do.	3	87 0 0

COPPER.

	per Mod.	Rs. a. p
Copper	3/4	84 0 0
Do.	1	85 0 0
Do.	1½	86 0 0
Do.	1¾	85 0 0
Do.	1½	86 0 0
Do.	2	87 0 0
Japanese Copper Barrs		85 0 0
Panch teka joint		28 0 0
Copper English-Barrs		85 0 0
Brass-Barrs		28 0 0

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

July 9.

BULLION.

Bar Gold ready, Rs. 21/8.
Bar Silver ready, Rs. 99.

EXCHANGE.

T T on London, 1f10.
D D on London, 1/10-1/8.
Credit 3 Msd/a, 1/11½.
D D on Paris, Francs 400.
2 Msd/a, Francs 465.
T T on Japan, Rs. 145.
60 D/st Japan, Rs. 135.
American Cross Rate, Dollars 3.95½.
Paris Cross Rate, Francs 47.40.
London Silver Spot D, 54.
London Silver Forward D, 52-7/8.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan, 88.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1920-22, 98/8.
4 per cent Conversion Loan, 81.
4 per cent Terminable Loan, 92.
3½ per cent Paper, 58.
4 per cent Port Trust long dated, 66.
4 per cent Port Trust short dated, 67.
4 per cent Municipal long dated, 65.
4 per cent Municipal short dated, 90.
4 per cent City Improvement Trust long dated, 65.
5 per cent Municipal Tansa, 90.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary, 91/8 to 92/8.

BANK RATES.

Bank of Bombay, 6 per cent.
Bank of Bengal, 6 per cent.
Bank of Madras, 8 per cent.

SHARES.

As mentioned in our last report, share market has firmed up and there was a big rise in the rates. The buying was chiefly from investors and speculators. In some Cotton Mill shares there was a rise of nearly 600 to 700 rupees, while shares like Fazuls, Pearls, Currims and Davids registered an advance between 100 to 150 rupees.

Both the Yarn and the Cloth Markets continue quite favourable and there is a general feeling throughout of returning confidence, chiefly due to the favourable rains which are now general and wide-spread.

In the miscellaneous section, there is hardly anything of interest to report. Tramway Ordinaries after touching 1110, closed at 1065, while Tata Deferreds show an advance of fifty rupees on vague rumours of a big dividend.

The following are the closing quotations of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

Ahd Advance 2600, Alliance Cotton 365, Bv Cotton 1420, By Dyeing 3895, Century 1355, Cent India 5675, Colaba Land 3430, Crescent 745, Currimbhoy 1360, David 1750, Fazul 1960, Finlay 1450, Ind Bleaching 260, ind Malwa 960, Kasturchand 2450, Kohinoor 4160, New Great 1170, Pearls 1440, Shapurji 462/8, Simplex 960 Swan 1400, Swadeshi 5730, Tata Mill 2300, Alcock 945, Bv Burma 827/8, Bv Burma N I 300, Bt Burma Petrol 21/4, Bv Tramway 1065, Bv Steam 470, Bundi Cement 52, Ind Cement 517/8, Katni ord 300, Katni def 1500, Shivrajpur 36, Tata Iron ord 182/8, Tata def 1005, Tata Hydro 1225, Tata Oil 392/8, Scindia Steam 7 pr, New India Ins 21 pr, Tata Bank 48/8.

FINANCE.

The money market continues easy and the bank rates are unchanged. It is very gratifying to see the big application for the War Loan and we do hope that Bombay will top the list at the end. The Banks are taking short deposits at about 5 and 5½ per cent. for long period while there are no borrowers for one or two months' deposit.

Exchange has been a firm market right throughout the week chiefly on account of heavy outside selling of T. T. for forward deliveries. So far as the export business is concerned, conditions are unchanged, namely, that there is no business offering, but there is a general bullish feeling in the market and should this continue, we think the gap between the market rate and Reverse rate will shorten before long. As mentioned previously, it is very difficult under the present conditions to prognosticate the course of exchange in the near future.

Silver market has been firm and there is a moderate demand for ready bars, the daily off-take being about 70 bars. The London price advanced about two and a half pence, while Shanghai Exchange continues very steady. The stock here is estimated at about 2,000 bars. The stock of silver in Shanghai is about 5.70 crores taels which shows a decrease of 23 lacs taels.

The Currency return shows 45.55 crores of silver rupees—an increase of about 2.26 crores—and the total gold held in India and in transit at 45.97 crores—a decrease of 36 lacs—while our note issue stands at 164.34 crores.

It is very gratifying to see that the Government has removed the embargo against the export of Bar Silver from India, and the position to-day is that the import and export of silver and gold are quite free.

MILL-STORES.

BOMBAY, July, 9.

The tone of the market continues strong, especially the values of Cotton, Yarn, Healds have appreciably advanced, and are quoted at nearly Rs. 2-4 per 800 eyes. There has been a tendency to corner the stock and large lots are being purchased back from Ahmedabad merchants. Owing to the high prices in England and a considerable reduction in the rate of Exchange, the values of Healds may possibly advance to Rs. 3. Reeds are also somewhat active.

English Pickers No. 4 are ruling high. Broomby No. 4, are quoted at Rs. 85—90. Head most are also in good demand. Picking Bands are not so brisk in demand.

Roller-cloth K. is somewhere near Rs. 6-8 per yard, and sizing flannels are ruling between Rs. 3-8 and Rs. 4-8 per yard. The quotations from England are higher than usual.

The quotations are as follows:—

Heads—Rs. 2-4; Reeds—0-4-0 to 0-5-0; Roller-cloth (K)—Rs. 6 to Rs. 7; Pickers No. 4—Rs. 80—90; Picking Bands—Rs. 3; Rowings (Japanese)—Rs. 35; Slubbings (Japanese)—Rs. 55; Shuttles 13½; Japanese—Rs. 7-8; Shuttles 13½" (English) Rs. 15—20.

CHEMICALS.

July 9.

Sodium Sulphide has to some extent eased and is quoted at Rs. 60—70 per cwt. now. The market had gone considerably high, but a few arrivals have brought down the value to some extent. Zinc is steady. Little fluctuations are witnessed in Bleaching this week. Caustic-Soda 98—98 per cent is varying between Rs. 25—30 per cwt.

The quotations are as follows:—
Sodium Sulphide Rs. 60—70.
Zinc Chloride Rs. 30—40.
Bleaching Powder Rs. 40—50.
Caustic-soda Rs. 25—30.
Glauber Salt Rs. 4-8
Washing-soda Rs. 6-8.
Farnia K. Rs. 14—15.
Sago Rs. 11—12.

COLOUR-MARKET

July 9.

The market had no further fluctuations since our last reports as it was raining and the local demand was not much. Highly concentrated Dyes are in the market and they fetch higher prices when they are in demand, Mofussil demand was poor. Sulphur-colours had very poor demand.

The quotations are:—
Congo-Red Rs. 4/ to 4/8/0 per lb.
Magenta Crystals (Ger) Rs. 25/ to 30/ per lb.
Magenta Crystals (Eng.) Rs. 16/ to 18/ per lb.
Auramine Rs. 7/ per lb.
Benzo Purpurine Rs. 6/ to 7/ per lb.
Methyl Violet Rs. 10/ per lb.
Sulphur Black Rs. 1/4/0 to 1/12/0 per lb.

PIECE-GOODS.

A steady tone has prevailed in the Cloth Market during the past week. The demand from Delhi, Cawnpore and Amritsar has been in evidence, though on a small scale, as buying has been restricted to immediate requirements only. Up-country buyers have been enquiring about current quotations and it is hoped that a fair demand will be forthcoming soon, as the course of the mon soon has been favourable. Sellers have been showing a firm front to buyers. But some needy sellers are always to be found, who are forced to offer concessions in order to effect sales, and buyers have not been slow to take advantage of the same. There is also another class of sellers, who, having secured favourable rates of exchange, can afford to sell at concessions and still get fair profits on the transactions. Such underselling has the effect of checking the strength of the market and hinders prices from going up. Some transactions have resulted amongst the merchants in the bazaar. Deliveries have not been satisfactory, the movement of goods being hindered by the heavy rains. The firm tone of the exchange has given some encourage ment to the merchants.

The Manchester Market has remained steady but with very little business passing. Some makers have been anxious for orders, but the disparity in prices is still too great to be bridged over. Forward business has therefore been at a standstill. The Master Cotton Spinners' Committee had met to consider the advisability of recommending curtailment of production of yarn and have decided that there was no necessity at present to intefere with the working hours.

It is interesting to note the opinion expressed by Sir Charles Macara that "the world's position in cotton industry offers no hope of slump or ever of any market lowering of prices and that the only thing that would cause a market decline in prices would be the removal of the excess profits duty."

The reduction that has recently taken place has come out of the profits the margin of which is pretty wide. The increased costs of the raw materials required for the production of goods and the higher wages that have to be paid to the operatives will check the decline in prices to some extent. The Importing Firms, who have own-account purchases in hand, have not been inclined to part with the same at present, and have been waiting for a favourable opportunity.

GREYS.

The position of Manchester Grey Shirtings has been firm and steady. As stocks are scarce, sellers have been asking for full rates. Dewhurst's Shirtings have shewn an advance of four to eight annas per piece. 16 by 12 Rec End Shirtings have also firmed up. Jaconets and Drills have not shewn any change.

Local mill cloths have been selling in small quantities. Sheetings have been quoted at Re. 1-10 to Re. 1-14 per lb. and Longcloths fetch from Re. 1-12 to Re. 2 per lb. A well-known mill is reported to have sold Longcloths at Re. 1-15-6 per lb.

The stock of Japanese Shirtings have been light and higher rates have been demanded by sellers, which buyers have had to pay in order to secure the goods. The large business that was recently done at lower rates was more of sheetings than of shirtings.

WHITES.

Some improvement has been noticeable in White Goods. 40 inches by 18 yards White Mulls have advanced by two annas per piece. Tape border mainsooks have been in better request and values have appreciated. There has been no enquiry from Madras for thicker quality mulls. There is a scarcity of 42 inches by 20 yards Gold End Mulls of the value of Rs. 8 to Rs. 12, 60 inches by 20 yards Gold End mulls worth Rs. 15 to Rs. 22, 35 inches by 40 yards White shirtings costing Rs. 12 to Rs. 19, 36 inches by 20 yards White Mulls of the price of Rs. 6 to Rs. 7, 48 inches by 20 yards White mulls, similar to "Thaila," from Rs. 7-8 to Rs. 9, and 42 inches by 20 yards Jaconets of the rate of Rs. 8 to Rs. 11. On the other hand, there are ample stocks of white shirtings worth Rs. 20 to Rs. 40, white mainsooks of the value of Rs. 5-8 to Rs. 6 8 in 26 inches by 18 yards and Sacharilla heading mulls costing Rs. 8 to Rs. 11 per piece average.

The quotations for the leading hops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

GREY SHIRTINGS—

	Ins.	Yds.	Rs. a. p.
Ralli's Fari No. 2000	39	3½/8	17 0 0
" 100000	45	"	20 8 0
" No. 38000	45	"	17 0 0
" " 2800	37	"	14 0 0
Graham's No. 2730	39	"	16 8 0
" "Yellow Horse"	43	36	----
" No. 2210	44	36½	----
Dewhurst's "BBB"	38	"	22 0 0
" "BB"		"	23 0 0
" "Rupee No 5	39	"	21 8 0
Bates' No. 12823	41	37½/8	26 0 0
Bombay Co.'s No. 2586	44	36½	17 8 0
" No. 1500	39	37½/8	16 12 0
" No. 5600	38	37½/8	14 8 0
Ritchie's No. 510	39	37½/8	16 8 0
" " 4462	41	"	17 8 0
" " 1566	33	37/37½	10 4 0
Forbes' 551	38	37½/8	----
Lyon's "Shunker"	39	"	16 12 0
Fleming's No. 1905	48	36	22 8 0

GREY MULLS—

Ralli's No. 1030	39	18	----

GREY DRILLS—

Pepperell's "Dragon"	19	40	32 8 0
Ralli's Mosjid No. 425	28	40	21 0 0
Mitsui's "Elephant"	28	40	29 0 0

GREY JACONETS—

Ralli's No. 18	45	22	11 0 0
" " 18	40	22	9 8 0
" " 1336	40	22	9 0 0
" " 686	44	22	10 0 0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

Liepman's No. 1500	32	42	33 8 0
H.B.T.C. 40000	36	40	40 8 0
H.B.T.C. 33000	"	"	32 0 0
Lyon's C. 4000			----
Ralli's No. 9839	33	40	----
Forbes K.B. 100	35	40	----
" 151	33	40	----
Fleming's No. 7182	30	20	19 2 0

WHITE MULLS—

Ralli's No. 6	41	19	19 8 0
" No. 60	46	19	11 0 0
" No. 600	51	19	12 0 0
" No. 6000	56	19	13 8 0
" No. 88	58	20	16 12 0
" No. 1270	27	19	8 4 0
" Nos. 80/55/60 40/45	59	16	----
" No. 818	39	20	11 6 0
" No. 250 (6 lines)	54	20	----
" No. 350 (6 lines)			16 8 0
" No. 335 (6 lines)	60	20	17 8 0
" No. 425 (6 lines)			18 8 0
" No. 1440	36	20	8 12 0
Ritchie's No. 1260	27	18	5 4 0
" No. 119	37	18	8 14 0
" No. 229	42	18	7 6 0
" No. 339	47	18	7 14 0
" No. M/4M 30," 44," 49,"	54	18	8 8 0
" No. 95	55	20	10 10 0
" No. 66999	40	18	8 2 0
" No. 88999			8 10 0
" No. 775	40	18	7 13 0
" No. 875	45	18	8 8 0
" No 975	50	18	8 13 0
" No. 615			9 4 0
Graham's "Baloon"	58	20	16 10 0
" Nos. 9/99/999/40/45	55	18	----
" No. 9999	56	19	----
" No. 142	34	19	11 6 0
" No. 420	38	18	11 0 0
Macdonald's No. 64	56	20	----
Greaves' No. 5060	27	18	5 2 0
Fleming's No. 8080	27	18	5 2 0

WHITE MAINSOOKS—

Ralli's No. 7070/9090	27	18	7 6 0
" Nos. 61/81	"	"	----
" No. 1900	"	"	5 11 0
" No. 39620 T.B.	38	22	10 0 0
Graham's Nos. 88/8888	28	18	7 14 0
" 95950/97970 Saraswati" "Tipoo" W/WWW	28	18	13 8 0
" No. 50000	34	18	10 4 0
" Nos. 33340 33350	"	"	----
" No. 33360			11 4 0
Lyon's Nos. 4545/5656/6767	26	18	----
Greaves' Nos. 30000/50000			7 6 0
" No. 8000 T.B.	38	22	10 0 0
Ritchie's Nos. 8500/4510/5520	26	18	7 4 0
S. W. & Co.'s Nos. 5800/5820 "Motor Car"	"	"	7 0 0
Bombay Co's ZZ/ZZZZ	"	"	----

The above quotations are on bazaar terms, with discount of 3½ per cent. on Grey Goods and 4 per cent. on White Goods.

CURRENT BANK RATES.

England	7 per cent	April 15	1920
France	6 per cent	April 8	1920
Germany	5 per cent	Dec. 28	1914
Russia	6 per cent	July 28	1914
Italy	5 per cent	Nov. 11	1915
Netherlands	4 per cent	July 1	1914
Belgium	5 per cent	Aug. 20	1915
Austria-Hungary	5 per cent	April 10	1917
Sweden	7 per cent	April 8	1920
Spain	6 per cent	Oct. 28	1914
India Bombay	6 per cent	June 16	1920
India Bengal	5 per cent	July 1	1920
India Madras	7 per cent	July 2	1920

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LTD,

Net profits of the Central Bank of India, Ltd., for the half-year ending 30th June, 1920, subject to audit, including a sum of Rs. 52,661-2-7 brought forward and after making provision for depreciation on securities and Income-tax and Super-tax, amount to Rs. 8,74,466-14-11.

The Directors have disposed of this sum as follows:—

To pay an ad-interim dividend at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum for the half year ending 30th June 1920, free of Income-tax, Rs. 3,50,000; Transferred to Reserve Fund, Rs. 5,00,000; Carried forward to next half-year's account, Rs. 24,466-14-11. Total Rs. 8,74,466-14-11.

BULLION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Srinivas R. Wagel in his circular dated New York, June 1, says:—

The market was steady in the early part of the week, with prices rising steadily; at the close, however, there was a decline in all markets, excepting Bombay. The redeeming feature of the market, however, was that the spot and forward prices in London have remained the same, a situation which has not existed for a long time. Small forward purchases on Indian account have been made in London, and China has also purchased in London and San Francisco. There was also a slightly increased activity in the local market.

The China market has exhibited a weaker tendency this week. China purchases in this market are to the total of about 1,000,000 oz. Although there are some bills in the market, the export trade in China continues to be disappointing. The stock in Shanghai stands slightly reduced. A fair amount of silver has been shipped from China to India.

The Indian market continues steady, and forward rates are firm. Although there is some export activity, it is still far below normal. Prices in India are still too high to permit of foreign purchases; even such business as is possible at present is faciliated by the low exchange rates. The crisis in Japan has led to slackness in the demand for Indian cotton; as a matter of fact Japan is re-selling Indian cotton to Bombay. Political disturbances are also contributing to slack trade. The closing rates in Bombay are 2/½ for spot and 2/¾ for forward.

As was expected, German exchange, after shooting up to 3.15, declined again, although, of course, Mark rates will move upward in course of time. Both Francs and Lires had sensational rises, which, however, were not maintained. All these advances were mainly due to sentiment.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Another feature of the week was the sensational rises in Czecho-Slovakian, Austrian, Roumanian and Polish exchanges, in sympathy with the rise in marks. Activity in these rates were mainly speculative; with the drop in marks, these rates sagged again.

The arrival of dollar 22,000,000 on British account from Hongkong was responsible for the rise in sterling on Thursday. The effect of it did not last till the end of the week.

Sterlings, however, are likely to continue steady.

All neutral exchanges were weakish, with a tendency toward further decline.

All South American rates were weak; especially in the case of Argentine exchange, which has declined so far as to cancel the shipments of dollar 4,750,000 in gold that had already been engaged.

GOLD.

The money market was steady for the first time in several weeks, although there was a tendency for rates to harden. The arrangements for the restriction of credit are helping to keep money rates at present levels.

The Federal Reserve Discount rate has been raised to 7 per cent.

About dollar 22,000,000 in gold arrived from Hongkong on British account. About dollar 4,750,000 in gold withdrawn for shipment to Argentina has been cancelled.

A loan of about dollar 50,000,000 is being arranged for Belgium with New York Bankers.

The Bank of Bombay rate has been reduced from 8 to 7 per cent.

The trade of France for the first three months of the year was composed of: Exports 3,383,886,000 francs, as compared with 1,180,931,000 francs for the same period in 1919; imports 7,766,950,000 francs as against 6 342,752,000 francs in the first three months of 1919.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 8.

The market throughout the day has ruled steady. There was again more inquiry for coal shares demand being chiefly for Burrakur, Ghusick, and Standard. Jute shares ruled firm, and most stocks shewed an advance over yesterday's closing rates. In the misce. aneous section, flour shares were freely sought after, and both Hooghly and United advanced in price. Cotton shares also ruled firm. Dunbars recovering to Rs. 700 ar. Kesoram to Rs. 18/6. Paper shares were dull. Sugar shares were again in request at better rates. The following were the closing quotations:—

Coal:—Burrakur 52/12 small lot, Ghusick 24/4, Gopalichuck 13/4, Kosoonda 32/8, New Kessurgarh 33/12, North Western (fully paid) 72/8, Standard 85, Union 15.

Jute:—Alliance 820 small lot, Anglo-India 452, Auckland 426, Belvedere 655, Century 11/8, Dalhousie 557 small lot, Fort William 532, Howrah 49/8, Kamarhatty 1083, Kanknarrah 857, Khardah 680, Lansdowne 490 small lot, Lawrence 835 and prefs 106, Lothian 492/8, Northbrook 89/8, Nuddea 94, small lot, Reliance 51/8, Standard 759.

Tea:—Patrakola prefs 86.

Miscellaneous:—Allahabad Bank prefs 95 small lot, Assam Saw Mills 14, Assam Sugar 10/6, Bank of Bengal 1695, Bally Jute (debentures) 90/8, Bengal Paper 144, Bowreah Cotton 1600, British India Corporation (deferred) 20 (ord 13/14), Buktiarpur Behar Railway 54, Carew and Co 110, Cawnpore Sugar 45/12, Dunbar Cotton 700, Hooghly Flour 45, Hume Pipe 16, Indian Iron and Steel (new) 7 prem and (old) 5 prem, Keshoram Cotton 18/12, Marshall Sons (India) 12/4, Muir Mills 342, New Savan Sugar 14/8, small lot, Pioneer Sugar 19/14, Peaces Slipway 8/4, Standard Flour 4 prem, Surma Valley Saw Mills 10/8, Tata Industrial Bank 33/8, small lot, United Flour 38/4.

Government Paper three and a half per cent was quoted at Rs. 59, small lots at Rs. 59/6. War Bonds (short loans 1922/23) at 98/4 1925 at 99/8 and 1928 at 100/2 per cent.

GUJARAT'S PROTEST

During this week in Gujarat public meetings were held at Naroda, Khardad, Mota, Kalak and Madhi to protest against the Hunter Report and resolutions were passed to support the recommendations made by the Congress Sub-Committee.

MONSOON BURSTS AT ALLA

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Cricket: Bombay Gymkhana v. Hindu Gymkhana.

The s.s. "Nellore" with homeward mails leaves at 1 p.m.

Public Condolence Meeting in honour of the late Mr. K. K. Mitra, Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum, 6-30 p.m.

SUNDAY, July 11.

Cricket: (1) Parsi Gymkhana v. New Hindu C. C.; (2) Hindu Gymkhana v Young Zoroastrian C. C.

First of the series of lectures on "First Aid to the Injured" by Dr. S. J. Jhirad, at the Israelite School, Mazagon, 4 p.m.

Quarterly General Meeting of motor-divers' Vanita Vishram Hall, Sandhurst Road, at noon.

12th Anniversary Celebration of the Seva Sadan Society, Vanita Vishram Hall, Sandhurst Road, 5 p.m., Hon. Mr. Justice Kajiji to preside.

MONDAY, July 12.

Dr. R. C. Rawley's public address on the "Inter-relations of Science and Industry" at the annual meeting of the Indian Guild, Marwari Vidyalaya Hall, 6 p.m., Mr. H. P. Thackersey to preside.

Mr. Ibrahim S. Haji's public lecture on "Electioneering a Municipal Problem", at the Bombay Sanitary Institute Hall, Princess Street, the Hon. Mr. B. S. Kamat presiding.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association's (Ltd.) meeting in the Association's Hall at noon.

Mails for Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chundi, Dar es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per steamer Karapara closes at the G P O at 9 a.m. (Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.).

Gentlemen of the Special Jury summoned for the current Criminal Sessions required to attend at the High Court at 11-45 a.m.

BAND AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA,

By permission of Col. J. S. McNeill, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1/13th G. I. P. Railway Battalion (Indian Defence Force) will play a programme of music under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell at 6-15 p.m., to-day.

INDIAN LIBERAL CLUB.

The Study Circle of the Indian Liberal Club, will meet to-morrow, at 8-30 a.m. in the hall of the Servants of India Society, Sandhurst Road, when the Meston Committee's Report will be further discussed.

S. S. UNION.

A public lecture will be delivered under the auspices of th S. S. Union, Dadar in the Dadar English School Hall at 5 p.m. (S. T.), to-morrow, by Principal N. V. Kolhatkar on "Nationalisation of Life" (in Marathi).

NAMADEO SAMAJIK SAUNSTHA,

The 8th annual prize distribution ceremony of the Saunstha will take place to-day at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) in Mr. Khandke's Hall at Kapad Lane. Mr. Krishnaji Manohar Padalkar of Poona will preside and distribute the prizes.

SEVA SADAN SOCIETY

The twelfth anniversary celebration of the Society will be held in the Vanita Vishram Hall, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), to-morrow. The Hon. Mr. Justice A. M. Kajiji has kindly consented to preside and distribute the prizes.

PAREL PARLIAMENT.

The Parel Parliament meets on Sunday, the 11th of July, 1920, in the Library Hall of the Parel Settlement of the Social Service League, Bombay, at 6 p.m. (S. T.), to discuss "Who is responsible for the insanitary condition of Parel?"

B. P. T. RY. EMPLOYES' UNION.

An executive committee meeting of the above Union will be held to-morrow, at 3-30 p.m. at 126, Frere Road, opposite Seamen's Rest, to consider (1) to revise the rules and regulations of the Union with a view to place them before the general meeting. (2) To appoint sub-committees at stations. (3) To start a co-operative credit society.

ISRAELITE BROTHERHOOD.

The usual Jewish History Class will meet to-night at 8 o'clock in the Hall of the Brotherhood, 2nd Peerkhan Street, Byculla, and will be conducted by Miss R. Reuben, B.A., at to-morrow's weekly meeting. Mr. I. A. Ezekiel will deliver a lecture at 4 p.m. on "Students and Politics" at the same place.

CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM WORKMEN'S INSTITUTE.

Under the auspices of the above Institute of the Social Service League, Bombay, the weekly meeting of the women working in the mills of Messrs. Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Sons, Ltd., will be held in the hall of the Creche in the Fazalbhoy Mill to-day at 5 p.m. (S. T.), Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale will address the meeting.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

A conversational meeting will be held at the Headquarters to-day at 6 p.m. (S. T.). The Senior Class will be conducted by Prof. S. N. Haji of St. Xavier's College to-morrow at 9 a.m. (S. T.), at the Headquarters, Girgaum, when he will deliver a lecture on "The Political Principles underlying the present Reforms."

The Junior Class will be conducted by Mr. S. H. Jhabvala, on the same day and at the same time at the Headquarters, when he will explain some selections from Shakespeare.

SARASWAT VIDYARTHI SAHAYAK MANDALI

The Hon. Secretary of the S. V. S Mandali acknowledges, with thanks the following donations towards the Mandali's Poor Widows' Education Fund:—

Mr. Kashinath Dinanath Khote (Bombay), Rs. 500; Mr. (since deceased) Narayan Bhaskar Pandit (Bombay) (in memory of his uncle, the late Mr. S. N. Pandit of Rajkot), Rs. 100; Mr. Yashawant Narayan Dalvi (Sion) (in memory of his wife, the late Mrs. Shushilabai Dalvi), Rs. 100; Mr. Shankar Dattatreya Prabhawalkar (Bombay), Rs. 100. A Sympathiser, Rs. 50. Total Rs. 850.

HIGH COURT.

OFF SHOOT OF RICE CONTROL

"THE INDEPENDENT" CASE.

(Before the Hon. Sir Norman Macleod C. J. and Mr. Justice Pawcett.)

Syed Hussein and others ..... Appellants and Defendants.

v.

Behramjee Cowasji Batliwala ... Respondent and Plaintiff.

This was an appeal from the order of Mr. Justice Pratt made on the 26th of March 1920. The plaintiff who was the Assistant Controller of prices in 1918, filed this suit to recover Rs. 25,000 as damages for libel. The libel was contained in an article in the defendants' newspaper "The Independent" in its issue of 21st June 1919. It reproduced a receipt purporting to be signed by one P. N. Dastoor in favour of Taliaram Laxmandas for a sum of Rs. 1,000 for money advanced as commission for supply of wagons for rice from the Punjab, according to the arrangement that he would pass the goods without control; and the letter purporting to be written by the same individual forwarding passes and demanding the balance of the Commission. Commenting on these documents the article stated that Dastoor had perfected a system of extracting illegal gratifications from firms which had to do business with the Controller of Prices, and that he was doing a roaring business. There were further statements which imputed that plaintiff was a party to Dastoor's corrupt practices. He was described as a bosom friend of Dastoor and it was said that the issuing of passes as the plaintiff's reserve department while the receipt of money was a department transferred to Dastoor and also that Dastoor and plaintiff hunted in couples. The defendants in their written statement pleaded justification and averred that plaintiff was making illicit gains with the help of Dastoor in connection with the issue of passes for the import of grain. By an order of 16th February 1920 the defendants were required to give particulars of the facts on which they relied. The defendants furnished the particulars on 6th March and the plaintiff took out a summons for further and better particulars. The particulars furnished stated in paras 1 and 3 thereof that the plaintiff in November 1918 March and April 1919 issued priority certificates to Dastoor knowing him not to be a bona-fide dealer. Para. 4 stated that the plaintiff corruptly allowed most of the goods so imported to be disposed of without control. In Paras 5 and 6 the same allegations were made in respect of goods disposed of by firms said to have been introduced to plaintiff by Dastoor; and in paras 7-10 the same allegations were made as to various firms without reference to Dastoor's connivance Mr. Justice Pratt dismissing of the summons held that the last named particulars in paras 7-10 were clearly irrelevant. The libel was that the plaintiff had committed frauds in connivance with Dastoor Frauds committed without Dastoor's connivance were not alleged in the written statement. Particulars of such frauds were not the particulars of the written statement. They were not in issue. The function of particulars was to limit the generality of allegations in pleadings and to narrow the issues. The learned judge, therefore, ordered particulars to be struck out. With regard to the sufficiency of the other particulars, the learned judge remarked that the general rule was that plaintiff was entitled to knowledge of the Acts which he was alleged to have committed and on which the defendant relied for his plea of justification. The system of fraud imputed to the plaintiff appeared to be this:—He issued certificates to Dastoor knowing him not to be a bona-fide dealer for the benefit of favoured merchants; allowed the merchants who imported under these certificates freedom from control; and shared the bribes. The plaintiff was in the learned judge's opinion entitled to know the specific instances of these Acts. He considered the particulars furnished vague and insufficient and ordered further and better particulars. The defendants appealed.

Mr. Collman appeared for the appellants.

The Advocate-General appeared for the respondents.

JUDGMENT.

His Lordship the Chief Justice giving the Court's judgment observed that the particulars paras 7-10 had nothing to do with the libel. They referred to illicit gains not in conjunction with Dastoor. There were not in issue and the learned judge was perfectly correct in ordering them to be struck out. With regard to paras 1-6 his Lordship remarked that there was no doubt in many ways the particulars were insufficient. The plaintiff was entitled to know who were the favoured merchants who imported goods under the priority certificates issued to Dastoor. He was entitled to know who were the favoured merchants who were allowed to sell their goods at prices higher than control prices. The plaintiff was also entitled to know what goods were sold in this way and when. With regard to particulars in respect of names of persons to whom the goods were alleged to be sold his Lordship thought the learned judge had gone farther than the law required. The fact to be proved in order to justify the libel was that plaintiff in conjunction with Dastoor issued certificates to favoured merchants which enabled them to sell goods free from control. It was sufficient to prove that the goods were so sold with the plaintiff's connivance. The fact that they were sold to X, Y or Z would not be necessary. Their Lordships therefore dismissed the appeal, and confirmed the order of Mr. Justice Pratt except as modified in the manner indicated above, and ordered the appellants to pay 5/6 of the respondent's costs.

Mr. Collman applied for extension of time to give the particulars.

The Advocate General objected pointing out that the defendants had taken more than seven months to file their written statement and that the order appealed against had been made as far back as March last. The Court ordered particulars to be furnished forthwith.

APPELLATE SIDE.

DELIBERATE MURDER.

DEATH SENTENCE COMMUTED

Sakharam Ganpati Chambhar.

vs.

The King-Emperor.

(Befre Justice Sir Lallubhai Shah and Justice Kemp.)

This was an appeal against the decision of Mr. T. T. Kotwal, Additional Sessions Judge of Ahmednagar. The Sessions Judge found the accused guilty of murdering one Sita and sentenced the accused to death under Section 302 of the Indian Penal Code.

The facts are briefly these:—

Accused Sakharam was a resident of Manoli, taluka Sangamner, in the Ahmednagar District. The deceased Sita was his wife's younger sister. She and her husband were living near the house of the accused. The deceased Siti and the accused became friends after the death of the wife of the accused. This was known to her husband, but he connived at this as he used to get money. In February, 1920, a quarrel between the accused and Siti ensued. One Devka had been frequenting her house inducing her to go to Mahars and Mangs for bad purposes. At this the accused was annoyed. Her husband used to say "what have you to do with it? I will allow her to go to Mahars and Mangs on a pay of Rs. 10." On 1st March, 1920, Sita went into the field of Konkaangaon village. The accused taking an axe followed her on the pretext of cutting tarwad. He then struck her on the neck with the axe. She died immediately. After striking the accused ran away to the village. On going to the village the accused told the story to all. Accused was arrested.

In the Sessions Court accused pleaded guilty. He killed Sita because she did not listen to him. He did not like that Sita should go to Mang men.

The Sessions Judge observed that on the facts admitted in the confession and before the committing Magistrate he had no doubt that the wound was inflicted with an intention of committing murder. The blows were repeated. Death ensued as a result of the wounds. There was premeditation and preparation in committing the offence. The mere fact that he had made a clean breast of the facts from the very commencement was not enough for the court to pass lesser punishment in a case of deliberate murder.

Their Lordships after hearing arguments reduced the sentence of death to that of transportation for life as their Lordships were of opinion that there was cause for provocation.

Mr. J. G. Rele appeared for the accused.

The Government Pleader represented the Crown.

THIRD CRIMINAL SESSION.

(Before the Hon. Sir Chimanlal Setalvad.)

Viram Nathoo, a cooly and an old offender, was charged with the theft of a purse containing 3 annas and 6 pies, which he removed from the coat-pocket of a Hindu when going along the road near Mumbadevi temple.

The jury brought in a unanimous verdict of guilty.

When the previous convictions were about to be read by the Clerk of the Court, the accused said "Please don't take the trouble. I admit 12 previous convictions." His Lordship asked the prisoner how long he had been in prison. The prisoner replied about 12 years in all. His Lordship then sentenced him to 5 years' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. M. P. Amin appeared for the Crown.

Bhikhoo Laxman, an old offender, was charged with the theft of a brass-vessel on the 14th of May 1920, from a building situated in Mumbadevi. He was found guilty.

Two previous convictions were read out after which the accused said these were not all. He had five other convictions against him. On the Clerk of the Court saying that there were eleven previous convictions in all the accused said: "Of course if you take into consideration small ones they might come to eleven."

His Lordship sentenced the accused to 5 years' rigorous imprisonment.

MOTOR CAR PROSECUTIONS.

FOUR COVICTIONS.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal Setalvad, Thomas Henegen, driver of a military ambulance motor car, was charged with rash and negligent driving so as to endanger human safety.

It appears that on Wednesday afternoon the accused was driving his car from the Flora Fountain into Churchgate Street. He was driving very fast and his car collided with a horse carriage which was standing on its proper side. The carriage was slightly damaged.

The accused said that as the road was wet and slippery his car skidded. He did what he possibly could to avoid the collision by putting on the brakes. He pleaded not guilty, but was convicted on the evidence and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 20.

Before the same Magistrate, later, Insharakhan Bahadurkhan a motor cleaner in the service of Messrs. Warner and Company with driving a motor car belonging to the same Company, rashly and negligently on Wednesday at 10 a.m.

Evidence showed that the accused was driving the car along Queen's Road and whilst taking a turn near the corner of Shonapur his car dashed into a gharry breaking one of its wheels. The accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50.

He was next charged with driving without a license to which charge too, he pleaded guilty. He was convicted and fined Re. 15.

Gulam Mahomed Hussein, the licensed driver of the car, who was seated by the accused in the car, was then charged with allowing his car to be driven by the accused without a license. He was fined Rs. 30.

His Worship suggested that the owners of the car, Messrs. Warner and Company, too, should be charged for allowing the car to be driven by a person without a license.

FATAL FALL.

The Coroner held an inquest on the body of Dhunbai Ruttonji Shroff aged 34, living in Homji Street, on the second floor of a building. The deceased was in the front room, while the family were preparing food. An alarm was raised suddenly and the deceased was found lying on the road below. She was dead. She had no trouble of any sort.

The jury returned a verdict of death due to a fall from the second floor, but there was no evidence to show whether it was accidental or suicidal.

ALLEGED THEFT BY EUROPEANS.

Mr. F. Santa Maria residing in a room at the Back Bay Swimming Bath has reported to the police that at about 7 p.m. on the 7th he went out leaving the place in charge of two boys. At about 8-30 p.m. two Europeans entered the place and opening a safe took away jewellery and cash of the value of Rs. 3,220. It is stated that while the theft was being committed one of the men stood over the boys with a cane threatening them.

BOMBAY: CENTRAL CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE

The second annual general meeting of the Institute will be held on Saturday, the 17th July, 1920, at 4 p.m. at the office of the Bombay Central Co-operative Bank, Sirdar's Mansions, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, for the adoption of the second Annual Report and the Statement of Accounts, the appointment of the Board of Management and the election of its Vice-President and the Honorary Secretary.

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION

The Elementary Sanitary Class organised by the Bombay Sanitary Association will, if there be sufficient number of students, be held this year on the 22nd instant. All those wishing to join the Class are requested to send in their applications to the Honorary Secretary, Bombay Sanitary Association, Municipal Offices, by the 19th instant. A nominal fee of Rs. 10 will be charged and the course of lectures will last for three or four months. Lectures are delivered in the evening after 5-45 p.m. (S. T.), twice a week. Certificates and prizes are given to the candidates successful at the examination.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

THE DENNISTON PLAYERS

The Denniston Players are here for just one week more, and the week's repertoire will be found advertised elsewhere. Until the final week end all the remainder of the performances are to be "repeats", one of the brightest and cleverest of the company's comedies being reserved for the last three performances—"Our Wives."

That the Denniston Players have been appreciated during their stay in Bombay has been shown by the size of the houses. The wonder is that in weather such as we have been having lately there have been found any to brave the elements, and Bombay people as a rule are so blase that it has to be a long chairs on the best of nights. That this good show which will entice them from their clever company has drawn such large audiences during its stay is certainly a tribute and a very high tribute—to its all round excellence and to the quality of the plays and comedies which it has produced.

THE EXCELSIOR

When the Denniston Players are not performing there is a bright cinema programme down for exhibition in which the principal films are "Flirts and Fakers", which is of course a comedy, and a comedy of the first class, and a drama which is entitled "The Frame Up."

"The Frame Up" is a film story with a swiftly moving plot which is brimful of interest, the story of the son of a wealthy manufacturer who determines to give up his life of ease and set to work in real earnest Rejecting a job in his father's office because the routine of the office desk does not appeal to his imagination, he sets out to find a job according to his own tastes, and fate throws him into a job as a taxi driver just because he has managed to save the daughter of the owner of a fleet of taxis from the unpleasant attentions of the driver of a taxi. He falls in love with the girl he has assisted, elopes with her, marries her, is arrested at the altar jus after the ceremony has been completed, gets released as a matter of course also, escorts his newly wedded wife to the ancestral mansion and is taken back into the fold again by a living father who is now thoroughly satisfied that his son, now that he has something for which he is responsible going to settle down to business in earnest and be a credit to the old firm.

THE EMPIRE,

The bill at the Empire this week contains two topicals and a drama, the drama one of the famous Petrova series and one of the best that has ever been shown in the city. It is entitled "The Light Within" and the dramatic moment is when we are shown a woman's great dilemma. She is married to a man she does not love, she loves a man who loves her also. Death to her husband or her lover, her child or the children of other mothers? That is the choice which she is offered. She has succeeded in preparing a serum that will save many hundreds of lives. There comes a time when her husband and the man she loves lie cold in the grip of death. Between them and the Great Reaper she alone stands. She can save only one. Which shall it be? Shall it be the man who has won her by money? Or shall it be the man who has won her by love?

It is strong and virile film one—with plenty of action, a swiftly moving plot, with an interest of the kind that appeals to the imagination and the instinct. Photography and general production are very fine.

THE EMPIRE,

This week at this theatre the striking film "A Fight for Millions", is brought to a thrilling climax. We see the unfolding of all that has gone before and we see how Bob and Jean are married and how they go east to claim the fortune which has been awaiting Jean for the past year, subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions. In the final stages we see Bob and Jean married. They go east to claim their fortune and there, in the judge's chambers, they find of all people Lawless and his confederate Snaky, the latter impersonating as the wife of the outlaw, claiming the fortune. A few words soon put matters right, and rough justice polishes off the outlaw confederates, who are left dangling at the end of a six foot rope. There is then no doubt as to who is entitled to the fortune, for when the will is read it is seen that it provides:—

"If my daughter has been fool enough to marry either that sneak Lawless or that ruffian Hyde she will need all the money. If on the other hand she has the courage to reject both of these wh edeserves all the money, and in any case it is all here."

Though "A Fight for Millions" has been finished there is still another excellent serial, in "The Scarlet Dunner", running its fifth Instalment.

MAJESTIC.

Geraldine Farrar's second Goldwyn Picture, "The Hell Cat," which comes to the Cinema Majestic, starting to-night is not alone a powerful story. It provides the star with a colorful, highly dramatic role as well.

She is Pancha O'Brien, half-Spanish and half-Irish, with all the contradictions this mixture implies. Her father is a Wyoming sheep raiser and Pancha is loved by Jack Webb, the sheriff. Jim Dike, a well-to-do cattleman, covets the girl, but she will have none of him. When he sees Pancha favoring the sheriff he determines to conquer her. To show that he has the upper hand Dike, a squaw-man, orders his Mexicans to cut the throats of O'Brien's sheep. The animals are slain, but Pancha surprises the men before they can escape.

Dike finds Pancha inert—almost lifeless. She will not respond to his rough caresses and in desperate effort to rouse her Dike offers to take her East—to marry her, even. They set out in a buckboard for Cheyenne. Suddenly the sheriff and his posse spring from behind rocks and cover Dike with their guns. He sits, motionless. The sheriff comes closer and Dike lurches over, dead. A dagger has been plunged into his back. It is the same dagger wrested by Pancha from the squaw.

Pancha remains apart after admitting her betrayer. She feels that she is the only of the man who loves her, but refuses her to believe that all is as before and finally consents to make her new beginning with him.

"CARTHAGE MUST BE DESTROYED."

MR. BAPTISTA'S ELECTION MANIFESTO

Mr. Joseph Baptista, who is a candidate for the University seat in the new Local Legislative Council has issued the following manifesto:

Self-Government by Self-Determination is the goal of Indian Nationalism so that the sons of India may shape the Destiny of India. But the Reform Act of 1919 completely disappoints our expectations in the Central Government and gratifies them partially in the Provincial Governments. The new Legislatures are not purely elective. The adulteration by nomination to fancy franchises vitiate the working of the Principle of Ministerial Responsibility to the Representatives of the People. The existing Regime has been weighed to the balance and found wanting. Under its Life, Liberty, and Religion itself are not quite safe. This is demonstrated by the Agony of Amritsar, and of Islam; by broken pledges and promises, by coercive acts and "organised loot"; by whitewash and praise instead of impeachments and executions. But even impeachments and executions ought not to deceive us or satisfy us. We must not suffer the Dyers and O'Dwyers to be the scapegoats of the System. The System itself must be ended. Carthage must be destroyed.

The Indian National Congress of 1919 has expressed the opinion of the People in emphatic language upon the merits of the Reform Act, the demand of Autonomy for India, and the necessity of Statutory Declaration of Rights. But the Anglo-Indian Press pretends that the Congress has ceased to be the voice of the People and has become the babble of the rabble that has captured it. It proclaims in season and out of season, with the object of deceiving the British people and arresting our political progress, that the Intelligentsia of India is against the Congress and with the Seceders and Liberals. Some of the latter honestly share their view. My candidature challenges the truth of these Anglo-Indian assertions. I stand under the Banner of the Congress Democratic Party whose prime principle is Loyalty to the Congress as the accredited spokesman of India. The issue, therefore, is this:—"Are the Graduates of the University of Bombay against the Congress of 1919?" I know the answer will be No. But let it be such a resounding No as to silence the calumniators of the Congress, enlighten the Britons, and undeceive the Thomases among the Seceders and Liberals.—Yours, etc.,

JOSEPH BAPTISTA.

Matharpacady, July 10.

CIRCULAR LETTERS TO ELECTORS.

Mr. Baptista has issued the following circular letter to the electors:

Dear Sir,—I beg to offer myself as a Candidate for Election by the University of Bombay to the Legislative Council of Bombay. I shall be much obliged if you will support my candidature.

I took the L.C.E. degree of Bombay in 1887. For seven years I served in Thana and Sind in the Forest Department. This Department comes into close contact with the Revenue, Excise and Engineering Departments. I have thus been able to acquire some knowledge of the working of these four Departments which may prove useful under the Diarchy.

In 1894 I resigned the Forest Department and went to England to study British Politics and qualify myself for the Bar. Under the advice of the late Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, the Grand Old Man of India, Political Science, Economics, Education and Sanitation have received my attention for 26 years.

I studied the systems of education, primary, secondary, higher and technical in England, France and Germany. I became a schoolmaster for six months in a high class Boarding School at Dresden founded upon American models. I have inspected several Board, Private and Public Schools in England, and schools of Technology and Economics in London and Manchester and observed their equipment. I was Professor of Law in Government Law School, Bombay for two years ending 1907. I have advocated free and compulsory education for 20 years. I supported Mr. Gokhale's Education Bill in the Corporation even against Sir Pherozeshah Mehta. I am of opinion that the constitution of the University of Bombay should be placed on more democratic lines wherein every graduate of seven years' standing should be a member of the Senate. This will be in accordance with the practice in Cambridge. I refrain from sketching only a new constitution as the subject is outside the powers of the Bombay Council; but I believe the time has arrived for emancipating it from Government control.

I have studied the Sanitary Systems of London, Manchester, Birmingham, Edinburgh, Dublin, Paris, Berlin, Rome, Lisbon and Madrid in 1894-99 or my revisits in 1901, 1914, and 1917. I have served on the Corporation of Bombay for 17 years from 1901 to 1918. I am of opinion that for promoting Public Health, and ensuring the Phisique of the people a Ministry of Health for the Province of Bombay is absolutely indispensable.

STUDY OF ENGLISH POLITICS.

I have taken part in politics in England since 1895. I witnessed the Debates in the House of Commons many times. I have taken part in Bye-Elections and General Elections in England. I had the honour of speaking on the same platform with the present Prime Minister at one bye-election. In 1897, upon the conviction of Mr. Tilak I moved at the Cambridge Union:—"That the present policy of coercion in India was unwarranted and unwise." The Union supported me. I believe Mr. Montagu received his first lesson on Indian Administration at this Debate. He had not forgotten me in 1917. In 1915 as President of the Provincial Conference of Poona I advocated the formation of a Home Rule League. The first Home Rule League in India was established at Belgaum in April 1916 and I had the honour to be its first President. In 1917 I went to England as the vanguard of the Indian Delegation. My appeal to Labour was so far successful that the Labour Party at the Nottingham Conference of 1917 made Home Rule for India one of the planks of the Labour Platform and pledged itself to support Indian aspirations on the principle of Self-Determination. The Labour Party is truly democratic in principle and practice. Their sympathy for us considerably strengthened Mr. Montagu in his political mission in India. Had the Moderates been wiser we should now have been much happier. I believe in the sincerity of the Labour Party I think we should hold fast to the Labour Party as the anchor of Hope. Before long Labour will assume the reins of Government.

I accept the manifesto of the Congress Democratic Party in toto, circularised by Lokmanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak's signature. I annex an addendum to it. These are my credentials. Upon these credentials I confidently seek the suffrage of the Graduates of the University of Bombay.—Yours, sincerely,

JOSEPH BAPTISTA.

SPORTING NEWS.

BANGOLORE RACES.

THIRD DAY HANDICAPS.

(From our Correspondent.)

BANGALORE, July 9.

The following are the handicaps for to-morrow races:—

BASGALORE CUP. Distance 1½ miles.

Cistern 10/4, Silver Saint 9/10, Antic 9/7, Mat block 9/6, The Square 9/0, Verres 8/10, Gipsy's Advice 8/8, Barsen 8/7 Nile King 8/7, Tete Monte 8/3, Finning Way 8/0; Abajala 7/13; Quartzite 7/12; Japonette 7/9, Ben Gill 7/7, Wheaten 7/3, Partial Eclipse 7/0.

THE STEWARDS PLATE. Distance 7 furlongs.

Lavenir 9/0, King Melton 8/9, Dara Bay 8/9, Rose Bud 8/9, Taffy's Darling 8/2, Belle Chance 8/2, Baly Macad 8/0, Dorado 7/0, St. Lol 7/0; Lord Robert 7/0.

SAHARA PLATE. Distance 1½ miles.

Mechanic 10/0; Colemnial 9/4, Fusilier 9/0, Peshwa 8/10; Reuter 8/7, Keynote 8/5, Naseebdar 8/4; Longboat 8/2, Varlet 8/0, Arab Kright 7/12, Silver King 7/5, Sheik 7/0, Moonlight 7/0.

GRANT PLATE. Distance 6 furlongs.

Red Duke 10/4, Maple 9/6; Munro 8/12, Atlanta 8/7, Cobble 8/2, Cuidon 8/0, Black Top 7/13, Better Luck 7-2, Good Luck 7/0, O. L. 7/0; Conductor 7/0; Cultivator 7/0; Shooting Star 7/0.

THE SUBSTITUTION CANTONMENT PLATE. Dis.once 1 mile.

Mechanic 10/0, Colonal 9/7, Peshwa 8/10; Harlet 8/7, Keynote 8/7, Mohsel 8/5, Naseebdar 8/3, Longboat 8/4; Arab Knight 8/4; Canada 8/0; Monaco 7/7, Silver King 7/7.

THE PONY PLATE. Distance 1 mile.

Toylene 8/9, Despute 7/7, Little Wonder 8/ 7/4, Q. L. 7/0; Conductor 7/0; Cultivator 7/0, Biddy 7/0.

SCRATCHINGS FOR TO-DAY'S MEETING.

BANGALORE, July 9.

The following horses are scratched from to-morrow's races:—

THE BANGALORE CUP:—Nile, Ming Teti, Monte, Winning Way, Wheaten and Partial Eclipse.

THE STEWARDS' PLATE:—Lally's Darling.

THE SAHARA PLATE:—Fusilier, Arab Knight, Silver King and Sheik.

THE GRANT PLATE:—Red Duke, Munro, Q. L. and Shooting Star.

THE SUBSTITUTION CANTONMENT PLATE:—Monaco.

THE SOR PLATE:—Toveleve and O. L. Bunty 7-12 is among the acceptances for the Bangalore Cup.

BURNING CHARCOAL IN BIDI SHOP.

COSTS RS. 60,000.

A fire broke out in a bidee shop on the ground floor of a three-storied building in Nika Street, Gulalwadi, at about 2 a.m. in the morning, on Friday. On the upper floors people were living, and as soon as the alarm was given the people got out safely. When the fire engines arrived, the authorities were told that there was no one in the building, but the mother of the landlord, Ramabai, was seen coming out of a door at the bottom of the staircase, and she was removed by Mr. Marsh. She was burnt but slightly. When the operations were started there was not sufficient water in the hydrants, owing to their being clogged. After an hour's work the Fire Brigade people succeeded in getting the fire under control and it was completely put out at about 3-30 a.m., but not before the whole house was gutted. The loss to the owner of the house is put down at about Rs. 50,000 and to the bidee shop-keeper at about Rs. 5,000. The property was not insured. The adjoining buildings were damaged to the extent of about Rs. 5,000. The cause of the fire is attributed to burning charcoal which was kept in the shop to dry bidis.

WEST-END-CINEMA.

Leah Baird, blilliant emotional artiste, is the star of the new Augustus Thomas' Four Star drama, "The Volcano," released by W. W. Hodkinson Corporation, will be the feature attraction at the West End Cinema next week, commencing to-day.

"The Volcano" is a story of American life under the menace of the red flu. It reveals how a horde of rabid propagandists from the darkened byways of Moscow and Petrograd weave their spells in the humble homes of New York's poorer folk, while sons of the men and women they seek to corrupt are pouring back from the fighting fields of Frances on every incoming transport.

KHILAFAT PROPAGANDA.

The Secretary, Central Khilafat Committee of India, writes:—

Dr. Kitchlew in company with Mr. Bankar of the Bombay Home Rule League addressed several meetings in Surat, Nadiad, Broach, Jambusaria, Ankleshwar, on the Punjab horrors, Khilafat, and non-cooperation. Khilafat Committees have been formed at these places. Meetings at other centres are also being arranged.

SITUATION IN EAST AFRICA AND FIJI.

PUBLIC MEETING

A PUBLIC MEETING of the citizens of Bombay will be held under the joint auspices of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association, the Bombay Presidency Association, the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau, the Indian Home Rule League, the All-India Home Rule League, the National Home Rule League, the Bombay National Union and the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee on the Indian Situation in East Africa and Fiji, on TUESDAY, the 13th July, 1920, at 6 p.m. at the EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

Sir N. G. Chandavarkar, Kt., will preside.

Mr. M. K. Gandhi, the Hon. Mr. A. R. Aladina Vishram, Mr. C. F. Andrews and Mr. Jehangir B. Petit, will be among the speakers.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, July 10, 1920.

WORDS, WORDS, WORDS,

The long-awaited debate on the Punjab atrocities has at last commenced in the Commons. At the time of writing we have only received the preliminary cable describing Mr. Montagu's condemnation of Dyer's terrorism. The condemnation is strong enough—in fact rather more vigorous and unsparing than that embodied in his Despatch which voiced the view of the Cabinet as a whole. Mr. Montagu says that Dyer's exploit raises the issue whether Britain's hold on India is to be kept by terrorism, frightfulness, subordination and racial humiliation or the growing good-will of the people. That, indeed, is the issue. But Mr. Montagu has not put it rightly. The truth is that it is not Dyer's terrorism that has raised this issue but the racial verdict of the Hunter Committee on it, the plea offered by the Government of India in extenuating it,—and, more, the whole attitude of the British Government in regard to the reign of terror, of which Jallianwalla was only one episode, and, especially, the responsibility in respect of it of Lord Chelmsford and his Government and of O'Dwyer and his myrmidons. It is now not so much what Dyer did that matters—for the dead cannot be recalled—as what reparation the people who have been "terrorised" are to secure by stern justice being meted out to the guilty from the highest to the lowest, and, above all, what guarantees, in deed, that will make the terrorism impossible in future. The Indian people have experienced "terrorism and frightfulness," they have had their "subordination" brought home to them, and they have drunk deep the bitter cup of "racial humiliation." To them, therefore, the issue whether British rule is now and henceforth to rest on their "good-will" or "brute force" is one that can no longer be settled by words, but only by courageous deeds. It is an issue which involves not merely the connection of Britain and India but, what is of infinitely greater moment, the national self-respect of the Indian people. For, what shall India gain if she keep her connection with Britain and lose her honour? If the Dyerian frightfulness, the O'Dwyerian atrocities and the callous supineness of Lord Chelmsford have driven one lesson home to the bleeding hearts of the people, it is this that the words of British statesmen can avail them nothing in the hours of trial when racial passions are aroused by panicky bureaucrats and that the hours of trial will continue to recur so long as the system is perpetuated which creates panicky bureaucrats. They are sick at heart—and they are wiser. They are now determined to see the system scrapped which made O'Dwyer boast that the people of the Punjab were up against "a greater force than Gandhi's soul force." And they are determined to see that British statesmen prove to the world, in deed, that they repudiate O'Dwyer's boast. There is only one proof. And that proof is embodied in the resolutions that have been passed in a hundred meetings demanding, among other things, Lord Chelmsford's recall, impeachment of O'Dwyer and the due trial and punishment of Dyer and other Punjab miscreants. Mr. Montagu says that Britain can only hold India by "the growing goodwill of the people of the Indian Empire." If Mr. Montagu means what he says, he will realise—and the British Government will realise—that the way of retaining the good-will of the Indian people is no longer through words. The only way is to accept their demand for justice and reparation in the specific manner laid down by them. There is no other way.

TURKISH TREATY.

An official communique states that the Spa Conference, having examined the Turkish observations on the Treaty—that is, the precious "observations" of Damad Ferid Pasha, whom the Allies have made Grand Vizier—has agreed that it is impossible to modify any of the principal clauses of the Treaty "as requested by the Turkish Government." We have not yet been told if the Turkish Government has approved of Damad Ferid's observations. Even if it has, it will make little difference. For the Turkish Cabinet itself, like the Grand Vizier, is a creation of the Allied guns. The "observations" of Damad Ferid, as we have previously pointed out, constitute an ignoble surrender of the claims of Turkey and the Khilafat. And the Spa Conference is determined not to accept even the few halting modifications that Damad Ferid has proposed, though it is gracious enough to agree to have "certain minor points" considered by a committee of experts. The important point to note, however, is that the signature to the Treaty will be required within ten days of the presentation of the experts' reply. which means that the Allies are terribly anxipus to face the world with a *fait accompli*. But this game can hardly deceive the world which knows that if a treaty is to be made with Turkey which can be enforced, it will have to be a Treaty that is concluded with the Turkish nation whom the present Cabinet does no more represent than the Allied Governments represent it—and that this Turkish nation is in revolt under separate Governments in Anatolia and Thrace. Are the "Peacemakers," in their mad pursuit of "spoils of war," oblivious to the peril they are preparing for the world not merely by trampling upon the national aspirations of the Turks, not to speak of the Arabs, but also by outraging the conscience of millions of Moslems the world over?

PERSIA.

It is as yet too early to prognosticate what the attitude of the New Persian Cabinet will be towards the Anglo-Persian Agreement. If the Persian Legation is to be belived, the members of the new cabinet are all "patriotic" and have "the full confidence of the people" and their policy will be to open the Mejliss and submit to it the Anglo-Persian Agreement. The new Premier, Moshir-ed-Dowleh, however, is stated to be a person of "nationalist" leanings, though not of an "extreme" type. Prince Firouz, who figured so largely all these months as Foreign Minister and who was instrumental in compelling the Council of the League of Nations to justify its existence by turning its attention to Persian affairs, has been superseded by moshar-es-Sultaneh. Prince Firouz evidently has ceased to be a *persona grata* with the British Foreign Office and we shall not be surprised to hear that the downfall of the old Cabinet had not a little to do with the independence displayed by Prince Firouz and his colleagues in insisting on appealing to the League of Nations Council, over the head, as it were, of the British Foreign Office, which does not appear to have relished the idea of the Persian Government seeking any other counsel but that of the British who are proposing to constitute themselves as the special advisers and protectors of Persia. Though the Council of the League had to declare that the action of the Persian Government in opening negotiations with the Soviet Government was quite within the sovereign rights of Persia, evidently the whole episode has proved too unpleasant for the Allies to appreciate. If the fall of the Ministry has been due to sinister influences, having the elimination of all truly indepedent elements in view, then the Mejliss that will be convoked will not at all be a truly representative national body, and any decision by it in respect of the Anglo-Persian Agreement, which is not in conformity with the national will, may engender serious consequences for the future.

Notes of the Day.

Horrible Crime.

The writer of London Letter in the "Town Crier" says:—

"To those who are desiring the retention of goodwill between the Indian and British peoples, the Majority Report of the Hunter Commission on the Punjab disturbances is terribly disappointing. How can you expect the Indian people to have any faith in the justice of the British nation when the Report, signed by all the British members of the Commission condemns one of the most horrible crimes of history merely as a grave error of judgment "and goes out of its way to make excuses for the perpetrator of the crime? On Monday I had lunch with Mr. V. J. Patel, who is the Secretary of the Indian National Congress, and Dr. Clarke, the Chairman of the British Committee of the Congress. Mr. Patel is not an irresponsible hothead. He is a middle-aged man, cool, restrained. He has held many important offices in India, and is a member of the Supreme Legislative Council. Yet he said quite deliberately that the indignation in India is so deep that unless the British people insist upon the Government taking drastic action there can be no hope of reconciliation between India and Britain. Mr. Patel left me to imagine what his statement means, but in the present events in Ireland we have some indication. And no army of occupation could keep the 300 million people of India in subjection."

Nationalists and the Commission.

The writer proceeds:

"The Indian Nationalists are being criticised because they did not participate in the proceedings of the Commission. I asked Mr. Patel why they adopted this course. The chief ground, he said, was the profound dissatisfaction with the character of the Commission. The actions which demanded investigation were actions of the Indian Government. Not only were the Military Authorities in the Punjab involved, but the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and also the Viceroy of India. The only commission competent to deal with such a situation was a Royal Commission appointed from England It was inevitable that a Commission appointed by the Indian Government would be partial. The second reason for boycotting the Commission arose from the refusal of its members to allow the Indians imprisoned in connection with the disturbances to give evidence. The Indian National Congress Committee suggested that the prisoners might be brought to the Commission under armed escort if its members thought necessary.. No. the Commission would not have them. "Very well", replied the Congress Committee, "we will take no part in such unfair investigation". And they did. hearing evidence from 1700 non-official witnesses who, following the lead of the Congress, almost entirely boycotted the official Commission."

Trade wih Russia.

It appears that the British Ministry is firm in its determination to open trade relations with Russia. It is unmoved by Lord Northcliffe's denunciation of the tainted gold and his fears of rupture with France. France knows very well that England has not bartered for freedom of judgment. The aims of France regarding Russia and Germany are quite different from those of Britain and it is useless to expect Britain to say ditto to France. Trade with Russia is the prime need of a starving Europe and if France cannot realise the necessity of resuming trade with Russia, Britain will have to take independent action. The policy of Britain has never been that of Continental Europe and she has always followed a policy of isolation. That policy has no doubt been modified by the Entente but the price paid can never be the sacrifice of Britain's independence in her foreign relations. Sir Frederic Hall tried to make much of the references to the terroristic Soviet methods in some of the statements of the Labour deputation but Mr. Bonar Law was not to be won from his purpose. He declined to suspend negotiations, pending independent investigation and pointed out that the reports were not unanimous, The interim report of the Labour deputation, however, condemns the futile policy of the blockade and intervention and the time has come for Britain to abandon the policy of hide and seek with Russia. It would be absurd to suggest that Britain should not trade with a country unless its government was to its taste and such, as the Premier said, has never been the policy of Britain. The assurance demanded will in all likelihood be given by Russia and the outlook of trade with Russia is decidedly hopeful.

Japan's Land-Grabbing.

Japan is, no doubt, sinning in good company in making her occupation of Saghalien permanent. When all her Allies are out for land-grabbing in one corner or other of the world, why should not Japan try to swallow morsels of earth within her reach, especially when she sees that neither her Allies nor the rightful owner of a particular piece of territory are in a position to dispute with her about it? The excuse given by Japan for the step is that it has been taken "as a security for reparation for the massacre of the Japanese at Nikolaievsk." The world is anxious to ascertain when this "massacre" of the Japanese took place at Nikolaievsk and will require that this is done by impartial investigations and that due reparation is made. But the world also knows that "massacres" there have been whenever Japanese troops, and, perhaps, also civilians, have fallen into the hands of their enemies in one or other parts of Siberia. Why, there was a small "massacre" of Japanese at Vladivostock when, as a result of continuous provocation from the Japanese, the local Russians retaliated, and further "massacres" took place on both sides till the Japanese assumed control of the city—which was what they were all along determined to do. Having regard to the present plight of the Russians, whether Bolsheviks or not, the Japanese would be less than—what their Allies are, if they did not appropriate to themselves whatever "spoils" they could lay hands on. International morality being at its ebb at present, the world is not likely to turn up its nose at this "grab."

A Portent.

Lest it should be thought that the present decision is spontaneous on the part of Japan and that it has nothing to do with her attempts to extend her grip over Eastern Asia; it may be mentioned that Japanese marines were landed in Saghalien nearly three months ago and if at present Japan has decided to stick to the island, she has only repeated the role she played in Shantung—with the full knowledge and consent of all the high-minded peace-makers of Versailles. There need be no anxiety that Japan is doing what she is doing without the knowledge, if not the consent, of her Allies. What Japan is aiming at in all these little enterprises of hers in the Far East will not be difficult to discover. As the Tokio correspondent of the "Morning Post" points out:

Japan holds Shantung, and now she holds Siberia. Already she was at Port Arthur. With the twin promontories of Kiaochau and Liaotung enclosing the sea entrance to Peking in Japanese hands, all Northern China is at her command; and as Japan also holds Vladivostock and has landed marines on the island of Saghalien, the entire Siberian littoral is also in her grasp. Chita, the northernmost point of the Chinese Eastern Railway, Japan has captured from the Bolsheviks, and this gives her full command of the main arteries of communication in Eastern Asia. Does not all this, as the correspondent suggests, mean 'that Japan contemplates the control of Eastern Asia? Are the Allies, who are abetting Japan or silently acquiescing in her enterprises, disposed to view with complacency the growing portent in the Far East?

N. W. Railway Strike.

As the latest information shows there is not the least indication of a speedy and amicable settlement of the strike on the North-Western Railway, which has lasted, off and on, since the 10th April last. There was a brief resumption of work, from June 10th to June 20th, but the men again came out owing, as they allege, to a breach of faith on the part of the Railway authorities and the refusal of the latter to reinstate in their old positions some of the dismissed men. There are, it is stated, more than 50,000 workers on strike all over the Railway and the latest message states that the movement is spreading. The strikers are struggling for a recognition of their Union by the authorities and for fair treatment of all the employees. They are bitterly complaining of the harassments they are being daily subjected to. I is inevitable in connection with a strike of this magnitude that there should be widespread distress from unemployment among the families of the strikers and a deputation of the men, which has come down to Bombay, to enlist sympathy in their struggle from workers on this side of India, was able to get an assurance of active financial support from several of the Labour Unions of Bombay. These latter resolved at a public meeting on Wednesday to contribute a day's wages for the relief of distress among their brethren of the N. W. Railway. A deputation is also proceeding to Madras to enlist sympathy of the workers of the Southern Presidency. The N.-W. Railway Union is appealing to all friends of Labour in Bombay for funds to relieve distress among the unemployed. We hope the appeal will evoke a generous response in this city, for the cause for which the N.-W. Railway workmen are fighting is the cause of Indian Labour as a whole.

Accountancy Diploma Examination.

What is the reason of the prolonged delay in announcing the results of the Government Accountancy Diploma Examination? A correspondent says that it is probably due to the absence from Bombay of the Secretary of the Board and the general apathy of the examiners towards the interests of the candidates. Last year the examination was held in April and the results were announced by the end of the same month. It is more than two and a half months since this year's examination was held and still the results are in suspense. Why should the Board treat the students in this manner? If the results had been announced, the candidates would have been able to make their professional or other arrangements without loss of time. We cannot believe that the Board, for any conceivable reason, is anxious to cut down the number of passes to the minimum.

Bangalore, July 8.—The strike of compositors in the Mysore Government Central Press at Bangalore continues.. The press authorities are carrying on work with the help of new hands.

DYERIAN TERRORISM.

MR. MONTAGU'S SCATHING CONDEMNATION.

BRITAIN'S HOLD ON INDIA.

TO BE KEPT BY RACE HUMILIATION?

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 8.
Recd. 1 a.m., July 10.

The greatest interest was manifested to-day in the debate in the House of Commons on the Hunter Report and the case of General Dyer. The House was crowded and excited when Mr. Montagu rose to move a vote of 63,500 contribution for the cost of the Department of Secretary of State for India in Council.

Mr. Montagu deprecated the criticism of the personnel of the Hunter Committee resenting emphatically the criticism already offered. Proceeding, Mr. Montagu declared that General Dyer acted during the Punjab riots on the theory of terrorism and subordination. General Dyer by the theory that he intended to teach the whole of the Punjab a moral lesson embarked on terrorism to which there was no end. (Opposition cheers.) Mr. Montagu described the flogging orders as sheer frightfulness and asked whether Britain was going to keep her hold on India by terrorism, racial humiliation, subordination and frightfulness or by the growing goodwill of the people of the Indian Empire.

DYER'S DEFENCE.

THE THREATENED REBELLION.

FORCE USED NOT EXCESSIVE?

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 8.
Recd. midnight, July 9.

A White Paper has been issued giving the defence of General Dyer in view of the debate on the Hunter Report in the House of Commons this afternoon. General Dyer points out that he knew the military dangers of the position and the cloud over Afghanistan. He also realised that the gathering at Jallianwalla Bagh was not fortuitous, but had assembled as an express challenge to Government authority and to defy him to fire upon it. It was, in fact, a rebel army. He was conscious that a great offensive movement was gathering and to sit still and await complete mobilisation would have been fatal. He could not regard the Jallianwalla assembly as a mere political gathering. He looked upon Amritsar as a storm centre of rebellion. He also knew that attempts were being made to seduce his troops. If he had shirked the challenge there would infallibly have followed a general mob movement inside and outside Amritsar which would have destroyed the European population and involved in its ruin the law-abiding Indian population leading to similar results through the Punjab. General Dyer contends that his object was right. The force used was not excessive and it achieved the desired effect. Also no less force would have the achieved effect.

WHAT'S DYER'S COMPLAINT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 9 p.m., July 9.

The "Daily Mail" says:—It is understood that General Dyer did not raise a question with regard to the right of Sir Charles Monro to remove him from his command if he was satisfied that such action was necessary in the interests of military discipline or civil administration, but that he appealed against the criticisms of the Hunter Commission and the penal character of the decision to place him on the retired list.

"ENGLISHMAN'S" ADMIRATION FOR DYER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 9.

The "Englishman" strongly protests against the Army Council's decision about General Dyer and accuses the Council of sacrificing him and says Europeans in India should at least see what agitation can do. In combination they do form a very powerful body and even if the agitation in the present case should fail to have effect, it would at least prove to General Dyer that he has the sympathy and admiration of his fellow-countrymen in India. Incidentally such agitation would have the effect of indicating to the Secretary of State that there is a party in this country which still loves the Empire and is not prepared to join in the chorus which the extremists are raising. If it should turn out that as a result of his condemnation General Dyer has coalesced European opinion in this country, he will have rendered yet another service.

THE "STATESMAN" AS PEACE-MAKER.

The "Statesman" says that any one with a grain of chivalry in his heart would admit that here is a conclusive demonstration of the British desire to be just at all whatever may be their faith, race or position. The conviction is bound to grow upon reasonable men who desire peaceful co-operation between the two communities that the sooner the controversy is allowed to drop the better for the progress of India. Moderate Indian opinion is already inclined in this direction, so is a good deal of European opinion. The alternative is to continue a discussion which will exacerbate feeling on both sides as long as it is carried on. Mr Patel and his friends desire to perpetuate discord by setting up a monument in Jallianwalla Bagh. Mr. Gandhi, following his usual prescription, wishes to keep hate alive by fasting. Neither will produce any good result, moral or political. Neither probably is intended to lead to any worthy end.

DETAILS OF ACCIDENT TO THE PRINCE OF WALE'S TRAIN.

HIS GREAT POPULAR'TY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd 2-30 p.m., July 9.

Bunbury.—The accident to the Prince of Wales train might have been much more tragic, but for the train pulling up half a mile earlier owing to the presence of cattle on the line, reducing the speed to fifteen miles an hour Measurements show that the Prince's saloon was dragged 250 yards before over-turning. It seems incredible that nobody was seriously hurt in the staff's car, since heavy chairs and tables were thrown through the air and everybody was precipitated against windows which suddenly became the floor. Luckily, the embankment was only a yard high. A message from Perth, Western Australia states that the Prince's popularity has reached its greatest pitch. Crowds assembled at every station *en route* to Perth to congratulate him on his recent escape. The entire road from the station to the Government House was thickly lined with cheering crowds. Prior to the Prince's arrival, an impressive thanksgiving service was held in the Cathedral. Congratulatory messages are pouring in.

CRISIS IN SEAMEN'S CONFERENCE

GOVT. OF INDIA REFUSES TO RATIFY CONVENTION.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, July 6.
Recd 2-30 p.m., July 9.

Genoa.—In the Seamen's Conference, dealing with question of Lascars, Mr. Devine declared that the Government of India could not ratify the convention, which was not intended to protect Indian seamen. Mr. Mevey of the National Sailors and Firemen's Union said, he was surprised to hear that the Government of India would either obtain what they wanted or would refuse to ratify the convention. "We shall" he said "have other means to face such a situation." Mr. Burke said that if other countries ratified the convention, India would also be obliged to ratify or would not be allowed to trade with other countries.

Colombo, July 8.—The Australian Government have forwarded £306 compensation for damage caused by the misbehaviour of Australian troops which recently passed through Colombo. The sum has been handed to the Inspector-General of Police who will distribute it.

GERMAN DEMAND FOR CONCESSIONS.

THREAT OF WITH DRAWAL.

ALLIES' FIRM ATTITUDE.

ASKED TO PRODUCE A DEFINITE SCHEME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 1-15 p.m. July 9.

Spa.—At the conclusion of the German Minister of Defences statement regarding disarmament, Mr. Lloyd George pointedly remarked:—"Is that a declaration that Germany is not in a position to fulfil the Treaty? "The Minister replied 'No,' but asked for consideration for Germany's difficulties. Mr. Lloyd George explained the Allies' anxiety owing to Germany's failure to fulfil the disarmament conditions of the Treaty. He pointed out that the object of the Treaty was to prevent Germany becoming a menace to Europe. The Allies did not wish to be harsh to Germany, but the risks of militarism and Bolshevism in Germany were too great. If Germany were really sincere she would have already carried out the Treaty. Vague promises were useless. The Conference was prepared to come to a settlement, but unless the Germans produced a definite scheme the conference would be a failure. The Germans then proposed an adjournment until Wednesday. It is reported that the Germans threaten to withdraw from the Conference unless the Allies make the concessions.

DISARMAMENT OF GERMANY

PLANS UNDER PREPARATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 1-15 p.m. July 9.

Spa.—The German staff officers spent the morning in discussing whether to advise Herr Fehrenbach to present a plan of disarmament to the Conference. Doubt is now cleared up by the announcement, that the Germans have decided to present the plan this afternoon.

FRENCH TRIBUTE TO ENGLISH PREMIER.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd 2-30 p.m., July 9.

Paris.—Newspapers pay tributes to Mr. Lloyd George's firmness at Spa.

BRITISH PRESS TRIBUTE TO MR. L. GEORGE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 6.
Recd 2-30 p.m., July 9.

Newspapers generally endorse Mr. Lloyd George's attitude towards the Germans at Spa yesterday. It is declared that it should show the Germans, that the Allies while willing to give the Germans all reasonable freedom to discuss the methods of execution of the Treaty, are in no mood to be trifled with.

MINERS DEMAND INCREASE OF WAGES.

PRICE OF DOMESTIC COAL TO BE REDUCED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 1-15 p.m. July 9.

The Miners' Federation at Leamington accepted the Executive's demand for an increase of wages of two shillings, one shilling and nine pence per day in respect of the three grades, and also demand that the Government shall remove the fourteen and two pence increase in the price of Domestic coal.

NEW PERSIAN CABINET,

FRIENDLY TO BRITAIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July, 6.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., July 9.

Reuter learns that the new Persian Cabinet has been constituted. Moshir-ed-Dowleh is the Premier and Moshar-es-Saltaneh is the Foreign Minister. Persian authorities in London state that the members of Cabinet are all patriotic and have the full confidence of the people. Most of the members have been educated in Europe. The policy is to open the Mejlies without delay and to bring the Persian and British nations into closest contact.

FEDERAL DEVOLUTION.

SEPARATION OF DOMESTIC AND IMPERIAL QUESTIONS.

FAILURE OF PRESENT HOUSE OF COMMONS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd 2-30 p.m., July 9.

A crowded meeting of English, Scottish and Welsh Members of Parliament to-day discussed federal devolution. Mr. Walter Long presiding, referred to the failure of the present House of Commons to keep abreast of the growing volume of work. He believed that the system of standing committees was detrimental to the prestige of the House. Mr. Long also alluded to the problem presented by the present system, under which people differed on domestic and social questions, but agreed on the larger Imperial issues. He suggested that legislation in both spheres would be facilitated if domestic questions were separated from Imperial questions. All speakers urged that the Government should be pressed to take up the matter urgently.

MASSACRE OF 8,000 PEOPLE AT NIKOLAICVISK.

REFUGEES' REPORT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd 2-30 p.m., July 9.

Vladivostock.—Refugees from Nikolaievsk state, that Bolsheviets massacred eight thousand people there, destroyed the plant of the British goldmine and murdered a British subject.

BEGINNING OF BOLSHEVIST OFFENSIVE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., July 9.

Berlin.—A message from Warsaw states that Bolsheviets have begun their offensive on the northern front, north of Molodetchno-Polock railway. Five divisions are participating.

BOLSHEVIST OFFENSIVE AGAINST POLAND.

REPORTED CAPTURE OF ROVNO.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 1-15 p.m. July 9.

A big Bolshevist offensive against Poland is reported to have begun. The Bolsheviets claim to have captured the fortress of Rovno with a thousand prisoners and much booty.

GERMAN INTENTION TO WAR WITH POLAND.

MARSHAL FOCH IN POSSESSION OF DOCUMENTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., July 9.

Spa.—A member of the Polish delegation has declared that Marshal Foch possesses documents indisputably proving the intention of Germany to war with Poland.

POLISH COUNTER ATTACKS.

BIG BATTLE DEVELOPING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., July 9.

A message from Warsaw states that the Poles have begun counter-attacks in Volhynia. Bolshevist attempts to force Beresina and offensives south of Polock and in Podolia have been defeated with severe losses. These local operations tend to develop into a great battle along the whole front. Bolshevists have concentrated the bulk of their forces between the Dvina and the Dnieper, in the region of Smolensk. A serious Bolshevist advance there might have grave consequences, in separating Poland from the Baltic States and enabling direct communication to be opened between Germany and Soviet Russia.

DEATH OF SIR W. BAILLIE-HAMILTON

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., July 9.

The death is announced of Sir William Baillie-Hamilton.

The late Sir William A. Baillie Hamilton was born in 1844. He was the Officer of Arms Order of St. Michael and St. George in 1901, Gentleman Usher of the Blue Rod in 1911, Chief Clerk of the Colonial office from 1896 to 1909. He was Lt.-Col. and Hon.-Colonel (retired). Lothians and Berwickshire Imperial Yeomanry. He was the Secretary to the Colonial Conference in 1887 and Private Secretary to the Secretaries for State for Colonies.

DID MR. MONTAGU KNOW?

HIS CONVERSATION WITH O'DWYER.

SIR THOMAS HOLDERNESS'S ROCOLLECTION."

"CRITICAL FEATURES NOT INCLUDED IN INTERVIEW."

DYER'S PLEA OF "MORAL EFFECT."

LONDON, July, 6.
Recd. 9-30 a.m. July 9.

In the course of his telegram to Lord Chelmsford dated the 2nd February, 1920, a copy of which is contained in the official report of the Parliamentary debates Mr. Montagu says that he does not hold O'Dwyer as in any way responsible. The details he was referring to were that Dyer was reported to have stated in his evidence that the crowd might have beendispersed without his firing, that he fired without warning and that he stopped firing only because his ammunition was exhausted. Mr. Montagu does not remember that O'Dwyer in the course of his interview ever dealt with these points.

THE CENTRE OF CONTROVERSY.

Sir Thomas Holderness in his letter to Mr. Montagu on June 30th says he gathers that O'Dwyer's interview with Dyer was limited to a quarter of an hour and when O'Dwyer left India in May the Punjab Government was still awaiting Dyer's report which contained the passage which gives the key to Dyer's action and is the centre of controversy to which action has given rise namely, that it was no longer a question of merely dispersing the crowd but of producing sufficient moral effect throughout the Punjab. Sir Thomas Holderness says that Dyer's report did not reach the India Office while he was there. He clearly recollects that O'Dwyer justified the casualties at Amritsar (which he then thought to be about 200 killed) by the necessity for dispersing a hostile and dangerous mob. He does not recollect that he considered the force employed exceeded the immediate necessities and deliberately exercised in excess with the distinct object of producing moral effect throughout the province. His recollection is fortified by his astonishment on reading the report of Dyer's evidence in "The Times" on December 15th. The details given to the Commission came to him as a great surprise and were entirely unexpected. Sir Thomas Holderness concludes by saying that had he been called on during the summer or autumn of 1919, to prepare a statement for publication with regards to the Jallianwalla Bagh incident on the information verbally received from O'Dwyer and the scanty information from the Government of India, the narrative would have been of a different complexion from the account of the facts given by Dyer. It could not have included the critical features on which discussion has since centered.

ARMY COUNCIL'S STATEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July, 7.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., July 9.

The following is the the full version of Mr. Churchill's reply to Sir William Joynson Hicks in the House of Commons with regard to General Dyer:—

Mr. Churchill announced that the Army Council after considering the Report of the Hunter Committee and the statement by General Dyer had concluded, that despite the great difficulties of General Dyer at Jallianwalla Bagh on April, 13th, 1919, he could not be acquitteed of an error of judgment. They, therefore, accepted the decision of the Commander-in-Chief in India not to employ General Dyer further in India, and did not consider that further employment should be offered him outside of India. (Cries of "Why"? and "Shame.") In view of all the circumstances, the Army Council did not feel called upon to take further action.

FRENCH OPEN GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

AN AMERICAN'S VICTORY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 1-15 p.m. July 9.

La Boulie.—The French Open Golf Championship has been won by an American, Mr. Hagen with 150. The Frenchman, M. La Fittee was round in 154 in the replay of eighteen holes, after tying with Mr. Hagen with 298 over 36 holes.

20TH GOLD SALE.

Of the tenders for gold bullion presented at the 20th all tenders at and above Rs. 21-1-5 per tola have been accepted in full. Individual tenders for 1,000 tolas at Rs. 21-1-4 per tola have also been accepted. The total amount of gold sold is 1,348,5000 tolas.

Tenders for the next sale will be received on Wednesday the 21st July 1920 on the same conditions as hithertofore.

Official and Personal.

It is understood that a temporary post of Deputy Secretary in the Education Department of the Government of India has been sanctioned to cope with the pressure of work owing to University legislation and Mr. J. M. Mitra, Assistant Secretary has been appointed to it.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon arrived at Bangalore on Thursday by special train from Ooty.

COUNCIL ELECTIONS.

RETURN OF NON-BRAHMINS URGED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July, 8.

At a meeting of the Madras Presidency Association with Dewan Bahadur P. Kesava Pillai in the chair, resolutions were passed orging upon non-Brahmin voters to return non-Brahmin candidates to the Councils and requesting Parliament to try and inflict condign punishment upon General Dyer, Col. Johnson and other officers concerned in the Punjab disturbances.

"PUNJAB KA KHUN" PROSCRIBED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, July 8.

The following Government order has been issued:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Indian Press Act 1910. The Chief Commissioner, Delhi, hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies or portions thereof found of the pamphlet in Hindi or of its translation entitled "Punjab Ka Khun" edited by Ram Autar Shukla and printed by Pandit Sidh Gopal Shukla at the Bhartya Press, Cawnpore, as the said pamphlet contains matter of the nature described in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the said Act.

The District Traffic Superintendent, Mianwali Rawalpindi, wires:—Through communication between, and Kundian stations has been restored.

WANTED EVERYWHERE!

AMAZING THEFTS AND ESCAPES

CHARGES AGAINST A MAHOMEDAN.

ACCUSED'S WITNESSES: GOD AND HIS WORSHIP.

Kalikhan Nazim *alias* Faize Alidin *alias* Mahomed Ali, a young Mahomedan, who had been wanted by the Bombay Police in connection with a series of theft cases during the last one year and who was now undergoing seven years' rigorous imprisonment, inflicted upon him by a Presidency Magistrate in Calcutta for a number of adventurous thefts, was yesterday placed before Rao Bahadur Chunilal Setalwad, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, by Sub-Inspector Acharekar of the C. I. D. for trial on a charge of theft of six revolvers and other properties including English notes and sovereigns of the total value of Rs. 5,045, from board the s.s. Leicestershire and notes and sovereigns of the total value of Rs. 8,523, from board the Transport ship Miltiades.

Prosecuting Inspector Finan conducted the prosecution.

Kalikhan, a strong-built young fellow with a smiling countenance, drew quite a number of spectators to the court.

ACCUSED'S HISTORY.

It appears that Kalikhan for many years, even before the outbreak of the war used to commit thefts on board ships in Indian harbours such as Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta and Rangoon. In the uniform of a *serang* Kalikhan used to get access on board the vessels where it is alleged he used to carry on his hideous profession. When the war broke out Kalikhan who was then undergoing a long period of rigorous imprisonment for theft, was sent to Mesopotamia with the Jail Corps and there too he committed a theft and was court-martialled. But he managed to escape from military custody. Then towards the close of the year 1918, a number of thefts on vessels were reported from the Bombay docks and in connection with one of those thefts he was arrested on the 2nd November, 1918, and was kept locked up at Paltan Road Police Station but he escaped from there also.

ARREST AT KARACHI AND ESCAPE.

Subsequently along with some other companions of his, he was arrested at Karachi with a loaded six-chambered revolver, 650 one-p and notes, 8 five-pound notes, ten sovereigns, and some chains and a leather purse in their possession. But while the police were making enquiries, Kalikhan gave them the slip. He was then arrested convicted and sentenced for many thefts in Calcutta from where he has been brought down to Bombay.

Sub-Inspector Sundar Bhatkal, examined yesterday, said that in the month of November last he was attached to the Princess Dock Police Station. On the 25th idem he received information of theft of six revolvers and other properties, from board the s.s. Leicestershire. He recorded the complaint of Captain Pearse B'Lee, the master of the vessel and from his description he (witness) could identify the three revolvers, produced in court to be the part of the property stolen from board the Leicestershire.

MR. JUDD'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. S. C. Judd, a Custom Preventive Officer from Karachi said on the 8th of January, last when the s.s. Chakla arrived in Karachi, the accused and three other men came by the same boat and one Ramchandra, went from Karachi to meet them at the pier. When they were all driving off in a gharry, Mr. Judd who had smartly managed to gain information of their arrival stopped and searched them when 650 one pound notes, 8 five-pound notes, 10 sovereigns a few chains and a leather purse were found concealed on the accused's person. A loaded six-chambered revolver was found in possession of one of his companions. When enquiries were pending Kalikhan ran away.

ACCUSED'S PAGE.

Moosa Haji, a Mahomedan lad of about 17, said he was living with his parents in a village, 10 miles away from Karachi. About two and a half years ago, the accused came to his village to offer his prayers in a *Dargah* and there he formed acquaintance with the accused. Accused asked him if he would like to serve him as a page and with his father's consent he agreed. He used to live in the accused's room at Karachi. Once he went to Calcutta with the accused. In Calcutta a Baboo, the accused's friend, told him that the accused had been arrested and sentenced in an assault case. He then came down to his village. After some months the accused again appeared in his village and told him that he wanted to re-employ him in his service. The accused then told him that he was released on an appeal in the High Court. A short time after that the Baboo and a Punjabi boy, joined Kalikhan at Karachi. The Baboo and the Bengali boy, then went to Calcutta and Kalikhan came to Bombay. Then again the Baboo and one Ramchandra came to Karachi. The Baboo had six pistols concealed in a pillow. Four or five days after that, Kalikhan, one Ahmed and a Brahmin boy came to Karachi. There, under the instructions of the accused, whether the Baboo and Ahmed came to Bombay and at one of the stations reached Bombay Ahmed disappeared and the Baboo then returned to Karachi where the accused and Ramchandra came to Kalikhan. At the Pier Ramchandra and the accused were arrested and searched there when a loaded revolver, and 8 rounds of ammunition and some notes were found with them.

ACCUSED'S ESCAPE.

The accused ran away when the police were making enquiries. He remembered once having come to his village with the accused. Before they started, the Baboo wrapped up the two revolvers in a piece of cloth and provided with them in the same gharry. On the way the gharry was stopped and then the Baboo threw away the revolvers in a bush. After he was arrested he pointed out the bush to the police who recovered the two revolvers from there.

Walli Lalji, another boy of the same age, said he was in the accused's service for a month. He did not know what the accused was doing. Once he saw six revolvers in the accused's room.

Sergeant Colonna said he was doing duty at the Princess Dock Police Station. In January last, he was called on board the Transportship Miltiades to record the theft of £945 in five-pound and one-pound and ten-shilling notes. The property was stolen from a safe in a cabin.

Inspector Karnic said in November 1918 he was a Sub-Inspector in the C. I. D. He knew the accused who was arrested in connection with a theft case, on the 2nd of November and he escaped from police custody on the 14th idem.

ACCUSED'S WITNESSES: GOD AND HIS WORSHIP.

The accused admitted that all the articles, besides the revolvers, were found on his person and he pleaded guilty as regards those articles. But he said he knew nothing regarding the revolvers.

Asked by his Worship if he wanted to call any witness the accused said:— God and your Worship are my witness.

The Magistrate: You have remembered God after so many sins?

Accused: In youth people generally play these games, Hujoor.

His Worship postponed sentence till to-day when two more cases against the accused are to be heard.

INTERNATIONAL LABOUR CONFERENCE.

WORKERS' REPRESENTATIVE.

LALA LAJPAT RAI ELECTED.

We understand that the following telegram was sent yesterday to H. E. the Viceroy from Bombay:—

"We the members of the Executive Committees of the following Labour Unions, the G. I. P. Railway, Dock Workers, United Textile Workers, Bombay Gas Workers, Bombay Presidency Postmen, Bombay Presidency Packers, Bombay Telegraph Workers, Indian Labour League, Bombay Millhands' Association, Bombay Provincial Workers' Federation, representing organised workers of Bombay, also the Reception Committee of All India Trade Union Congress, in pursuance of previous telegram, request you to accept Lala Lajpatrai's name in place of Mr. Ginwalla's as the Representative of Indian Workers to the International Labour Conference, Lala Lajpatrai having consented to act as the Representative (and) Mr. Ginwalla having retired in his favour. The names of Messrs. Ginwalla and V. G. Dalvi to be added to the list of Advisers".

(Sd.) Messrs. Joseph Baptista, Ginwalla, Tairsey, Dalvi, Powar, Jhabwalla, Savarkar, Brelvi, Sathaye, Chamanlall, Anantram, Venkatesh, Tenduikar, Karkare, Vamanrao, Laxman Parab.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, July 9.

The monsoon has weakened in the Punjab, West United Provinces and Deccan but was strengthened in Gujrat. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, East Rajputana, Gujrat, Central India, East Central Provinces, Konkan, Malabar, and local in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar, East United Provinces, West Rajputana, West Central Provinces, Bombay Deccan, North Hyderabad. Few falls also occurred in Orissa, West United Provinces Punjab, North West Frontier Provinces, Mysore, Southwest Madras, North Madras coast.

The chief amounts are; Akyab three inches; Gauhati one and half; Cherrapunji two; Cox's six; Allahabad eight; Benares a quarter; Mount Abu one and a half; Kotah three; Bhuj Veraval one; Surat three; Ahmedabad two; Neemuch Newgong one; Indore four; Chanda one and half; Marmagoa and Calicut three; Mangalore two Belganm one and half; Mercara five; Cocanada two.

SOVEREIGNTY OF SLESVIG TRANSFERED TO DENMARK.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July 8.

The Consul-General for Denmark in Calcutta has received the following telegram from the Danish Minister for Foreign Affairs, Copenhagen:—

"Treaty between Denmark and Allied Powers by which Sovereignty of Slesvig is transferred to Denmark has been signed at Paris. The King will sign the law concerning incorporation on the 9th, this day being celebrated as the Reunion Day. Hoist Danish flag on the 9th instant."

RACING TABLE ACCIDENT.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July 9.

A serious accident occurred on Wednesday afternoon at the racing stables in Rowland, Road, Ballygunge, occupied by Mr. B. Pardoe trainer. At about 3-30 p.m., the stables in which there were ten horses suddenly collapsed. The horses buried in the debris kicked and struggled and it was only after many hours of real hard work that Mr. Pardoe, working single-handed except for such assistance as he could get from syces, got them out. Castle Countess, died yesterday morning from her injuries and others including Fictitious, Lily and Rebecca were badly cut about. Old May Fowl, winner of the Viceroy's Cup in 1910, 1911 and 1913 and dead heater with Brogue in 1012 was in the stable, but escaped with fewer injuries than the rest which included Bedtime, Devon, Grace Field, Prester Bob, and Whippoorwill.

YELLOW FEVER COMMITTEE.

GOVT. "APPROVAL OF CORPORATIDN ELECTION.

STRONG OBJECTION.

A meeting of the Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Mr. V. A. Dabholkar presiding. For about 20 or 25 minutes there was no quorum,—during which time many of the members threatened to leave the hall and when there was no quorum, it was just sufficient to keep the meeting going. All throughout the meeting the atendance was never more than 24.

Many items from the March Agenda were gone through, most of them being of a trifling nature. Dr. Sukhia's attitude and language in regard to some words in a Government letter stating that they "approved" of the 'Corporation's nomination" created some confusion and waste of time. He had to withdraw his words, at the instance of the President, which he did gracefully enough. He took a "constitutional" view of the whole thing, and said Government had no right to "approve" of the nomination made by the Corporation. The whole matter was about the election of Dr. K. E. Dadachanji to the Committee appointed by Government for the consideration of measures to prevent the introduction of yellow fever in India.

GOVERNMENT'S "APPROVAL."

The Corporation considered a letter from the Government that they "approved of the nomination of Dr. K. E. Dadachanji to represent the Corporation on the Committee to be summoned at Calcutta" in connection with the revision of measures to prevent the introduction of yellow fevers in India.

Mr. Jehangir Dubash moved that the letter be recorded.

Dr. Sukhia strongly objected to the Government "approving" of their elected member, the Government had no right to say that. They had asked the Corporation to nominate a member and they had nominated Dr. Dadachanji and it was not for the Government to say that they approved of their nominee. He thought Mr. Dubash, who was a new member, knew nothing about the matter and wanted to come before the public by moving the proposition. But he ought to have known better. He thought the action of the Government was arbitrary and uncalled for. They had done a thing which was quite uncalled for. But Mr. Dubash who was a new member wanted to come before the public, and so he had moved the proposition.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir rose to a point of order and asked whether Dr. Sukhia was in order in attacking members by bringing their personalities.

Dr. Sukhia said he would not tolerate such a thing from any member. Mr. Cowasji thought that he was the master of the situation, but he would not tolerate such an interference from him.

There were lodu cries of "order" at this point.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas asked the President whether Dr. Sukhia was right in bringing in personalities in that manner. He thought Dr. Sukhia instead of stopping personal attacks was bringing in more personalities.

The President said Dr. Sukhia should not attack members in their personal capacity.

Dr. Sukhia said that he was going to move an amendment.

"STUPIDITY."!

But while he was going to do so he turned round and said it was mere "stupidity" on the part of Mr. Haveliwalla to say that it should not be seconded.

There was a great uproar at this stage, but Dr. Sukhia persisted in his attitude.

Dr. Sukhia said Mr. Havaliwalla had said that the amendment he was going to move should not be seconded by anybody; therefore, he had used the word. He challenged Mr. Havaliwalla to get up and say whether he had or had not said that the amendment should not be seconded.

The President said he had not heard the remark of Mr. Havaliwalla, but he had heard the remark of Dr. Sukhia.

Mr. Jamnadas rose to a point of order and asked the President's ruling whether the expression was not unparliamentary.

The President ruled that the expression was unparliamentary.

Dr. Sukhia thereupon withdrew the expression.

"MOST UNGENTLEMANLY MANNER."

Dr. Sukhia continuing said Mr. Haveliwalla had made his remarks in a most ungentlemanly manner.

Mr. Boman-Beheram said the expression "ungentlemanly manner," was worse than "stupidity," and that Dr. Sukhia must withdraw it.

Dr. Sukhia said they must know that it was not unparliamentary. Certainly he was not going to withdraw the expression!

Mr. Kamdar asked the President whether it was a fact that Mr. Haveliwalla had said that the amendment should not be seconded.

The President said it was not a point of order. Dr. Sukhia must understand that every member of the Corporation was a gentleman; he must, therefore, withdraw the words.

Dr. Sukhia: I will never withdraw it. I have never said that Mr. Haveliwalla was not a gentleman. I have only said that Mr. Haveliwalla spoke in an ungentlemanly manner.

The President: Dr. Sukhia must withdraw the expression.

Mr. Motiwalla: It is not unparliamentary.

The President: I have given my ruling and he must withdraw it.

Dr. Sukhia: Even if it is not unparliamentary?

The President: It is unparliamentary.

Mr C. V. Mehta said he did not much care to know about the difference, but the President had given his ruling. The President having ruled he must be obeyed, and he hoped Dr. Sukhia would obey the ruling, whether he was right or wrong.

Dr. Sukhia said he still thought it was not unparliamentary, but as the President had given his ruling he would withdraw the words. He then moved an amendment that the letter be recorded and that Government be informed that the nomination of the representative of the Corporation done by the Corporation at the instance of the Government, did not require the approval of the Bombay Government.

As there was no seconder to this amendment, it fell to the ground.

The original motion was then passed.

MUNICIPAL SECRETARY'S APPOINTMENT.

The following letter from the Government was referred to the Election Committee for their report.

"With reference to your letter dated the 18th December 1919, regarding the proposal for the amendment of Section 77 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, with a view to vesting in the Corporation the power of appointing the Municipal Secretary, I am directed to request that, before Government can decide whether such legislation is desirable or not, they may be informed of the reasons which have induced the Corporation to put forward the proposal."

The Corporation continued sitting after the usual time and it was the intention of the President to prolong the sitting till 6-40 p.m. but at about 5-50 p.m. Mr. Jehangir R. Dubash rose to a point of order and said there was no quorum. The President counted the members and as there was no quorum the Corporation adjourned to Monday next.

BRITISH E. AFRICA ANNEXED.

NAMED "KENIA COLONY."

NO DECISION ABOUT INDIAN PROBLEM.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd 1-30 p.m., July 9.

Nairobi.—Sir Edaward Northey who returned here on July 3rd announced in the Legislative Council that an Order-in-Council had been signed annexing British East Africa unde the name of Kenia colony. The Sultan of Zanzibar's coast dominions will retain the status of a Protectorate under the name of Kenia Protectorate. A loan of five millions is being floated. The native policy remains unchanged.

No decision has been reached regarding the Indian problem.

GERMAN ARMY EXPENDITURE

PROGRAMME OF SHIP-BUILDING.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., July 9.

Berlin.—The Reichsrat has sanctioned an expenditure of 850 millions of marks for the maintenance of an army of hundred thousand men. The total expenditure of the army's upkeep will be two and a half milliards of marks. It is further announced 196 million marks have been earmarked for construction of merchant-shipping and Shipyards, which latter will receive building subsidies according to the progress of construction.

U. S. VICE-PRESIDENCY.

DEMOCRATS NOMINATE F. ROOSEVELT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., July 9.

San Francisco.—Mr. Franklin Roosevelt has been nominated as the Democrat candidate for the Vice-Presidency.

BISLEY SHOOTING COMPETITION RESULTS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., July 9.

The Bisley Shooting Competition opened to-day in showery weather.

ASHBURTON SHIELD.

Charterhouse	702
Harrow	700

HUMPHREY CUP.

Oxford	666
Cambridge	579

HOW SULTAN HELPED THE BRITISH

(From a Correspondent.)

ROHTAK, July 8.

Under the auspices of the Khilafat Committee, conference of the Presidents of the Rohtak district was held at Jhajjar under the presidency of Lalu Chinaba Walik. Mr. Qutabb Uddin, Editor of the "Congress" made a long speech describing the rise and fall of Islam in the past and pointing out how the Sultan of Turkey saved the British Rule in India by giving a letter of recommendation to the British addressed to the Tippu Sultan who was then terminating the British rule from India and who revering the Khalifa of Islam made friendship with the British.

A Lahore message says:—The "C. M. Gazette" hears from Rawalpindi that early on Wednesday morning a bomb was thrown at a railway station official as he was sleeping on the verandah of his house. Luckily the bomb, which on investigation by the arsenal authorities proved to be of hand grenade type, did not injure any one but it completely exploded and did a good deal of damage to the floor of the verandah and household effects in the neighbourhood of its explosion. No arrests are yet reported oo have been made.

SPA CONFERENCE.

TURKISH OBSERVATIONS EXAMINED.

'IMPOSSIBLE TO MODIFY PRINCIPAL CLAIMS.'

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July, 7.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., July 9.

Spa.—An official communique states that the Conference this morning examined the Turkish observations on the Peace Treaty. The Conference agreed that it was impossible to modify any of the principal clauses of the Treaty as requested by the Turkish Government, but a small expert committee was appointed empowered to consult with the military authorities to draft the reply. The reply will deal with certain minor points on which the Turkish memorandum has established a reasonable case and the signature of the treaty will be required within ten days of the presentation of the reply.

'THE PRINCE AND INDIA."

"MRS. BESANT'S PROPOSALS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Without entering into the controversy re. the welcome to be given to the Prince of Wales, I wish to draw your attention to the rather conflicting views advanced by Mrs. Annie Besant in her letter to you dated the 8th instant. In one breath, she says that the King-Emperor has no power and cannot act independently of his Ministers and in another, she asks us to appeal to His Majesty. If His Majesty has no power, either for good or for evil, how will the appeal to him—even through the Prince of Wales—help us? All the grandiose verbosity of Mrs. Annie Besant cannot help His Majesty to use his sword "to strike down the evil-doers, the oppressors of their people"!

She gives an instance of His Majesty having told the British people that "the rule of the officials lacked sympathy"—well, after so many years, have we got more sympathy from that quarter? We got more repressive measures like the Rowlatt Act etc. Of course His Majesty has nothing to do with all that but my point is that, with all the will in the world, His Majesty has no power to check the irresponsible acts of the bureaucrats in India, much less "to strike down the evil-doers." What, then, is the use of troubling the King-Emperor with our appeals, when His Majesty is powerless and how will it help us is a conundrum which, I hope, Mrs. Besant will kindly explain and oblige.—Yours, etc.,

C. H. KANTAWALA.

Mumbadevi, July 9.

THE AGARKAR DAY.

A correspondent writes: The Agarkar Day was first initiated in the year 1916. The object was to keep green the memory of the great social reformer, Gopal Ganesh Agarkar (1866-1895) and to try to spread the principles and ideals which he preached. A number of gentlemen including Mr. A. S. Wagle, Mr. N. M. Joshi, Mr. P. B. Gotheskar, Mr. V. N. Naik, Mr. T. A. Kulkarni, Mr. S. K. Telang and others met together and discussed the preliminaries and decided to organise a public meeting and a cosmopolitan vegetarian dinner in which Hindus of all castes and members of all other communities might take part without any disinction being observed. The meeting was then constituted into the Agarkar Day Committee under the presidency of Sir Narayan Chandawarkar with whose help and leadership the Committee decided to celebrate the Agarkar Day on 2nd July 1916. A largely attended public meeting was held that day at the Wilson College Hall over which the Hon. Mr. R. P. Paranjapye presided and the speakers included Mr. M. R. Jayakar, Mr. R. G. Pradhan, Prof. G. C. Bhate, Mrs. Venubai Namjoshi and several others. There was also an overflow meeting addressed by Mr. B. G. Tilak. The dinner took place in the evening at the Muzpherabada Hall and was a splendid success. After this for the last three years the Agarkar Day is being regularly observed in Bombay. In 1917 there was a dinner and a public meeting presided over by Prof. D. K. Karve at which Mr. D. G. Padhye delivered an address. In 1918 also there was a dinner and a public meeting presided over by Mr. N. M Samarth. In 1919 owing to famine conditions and various other difficulties the dinner was dropped. But a public meeting was held where Mr. K. Natraian presided and Mr. G. K. Deodhar delivered the principal address. The movement has come to stay. It has inspired into the public mind a finer appreciation of the great work which Mr. Agarkar did. His splendid and noble life is now remembered by all and his stand for rational social reform is now accepted by all thinking men and women as the basis of our national regeneration and building up. There is a keen desire to know more about him and the Agarkar Day is now being observed in places other than Bombay. In 1918 the Agarkar Society was formally launched into existence. Owing to difficult times it could do no more during the last year than to keep alive the movement which gave it its birth. Now it is expected to enter upon active propaganda work. This year again the cosmopolitan dinner is arranged and the public meeting as usual. It may be noted that, as in the previous dinners, all races in Bombay and all castes not excluding the so-called depressed classes of the Hindus were represented this year also at the cosmopolitan dinner. In the hopeful and strenuous times that are ahead, believers in and the followers of the Agarkar School of thought are expected to contribute their mite to the workers of India and the Agarkar Society should be the natural place for such to meet, discuss decide and act.

LATEST CABLES.

PRINCE FIRUZ.

REFUSES TO BE AMBASSADOR AT CONSTANTINOLE.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 9 p.m., July 9.

Reuter is informed that Prince Firouz has refused to accept the post of Ambassador to Constantinople. He intends to take two or three months' rest after which he will return to Persia.

INCREASED INCOME-TAX.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. midnight July 9.

Replying in the Commons to a question with reference to double the income-tax Mr. Baldwin said he hoped that reciprocal action would be taken by the Dominions but hitherto there had not been time to enter into negotiations.

ORANGE DAY.

PRECAUTIONS TO PREVENT IRISH DISORDERS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. midnight July 9.

Replying to Mr. Asquith, Mr. Bonar Law states that all possible precautions had been taken to prevent disorders in Ireland on Orange Day, the 12th instant. With regard to Londonderry in accordance with the recommendation of the Citizens' Committee established after the recent disturbances all demonstrations there were being prohibited in the city and the immediate neighbourhood during July and August. Mr. Bonar Law also announced that while the Government proposed to proceed with the Government of Ireland Bill it has most reluctantly come to the conclusion that it would be impossible to carry it before adjournment.

NATIONLISTS EVACUATING BRUSA.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 9 p.m., July 9.

A Constantinople message to the "Times" says that Nationalists are evacuating Brusa which the Greeks are rapidly approaching.

RAID ON BEICOS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 7.
Recd. 9 p.m., July 9.

Constantinople.—After several days of tranquillity owing to the withdrawal of Nationalists, a band of irregulars appeared at Beicos and caused panic among the inhabitants, mostly Greeks who fled and took refuge in boats. A lively exchange of shots ensued with a Punjabi detachment which had few casualties. Destroyers shelled the raiders.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July 9.

The market opened firm to-day and demand for coal shares continued but few transactions were recorded. There was a strong inquary for Raneegunge which advanced to Rs. 68/8 and there were also buyers of Standards without business passing. Jute shares were firm without much business. In miscellaneous section cotton shares were very steady and Bunbars improved to Rs. 714 but closed at a lower figure. Flour shares were also in strong demand. Indian Iron and Steel new shares were quoted down to 4 premium. The following were the closing quotations:—

Coal:—Borrea prefs 80. Burrakur 52/2, Kinuri 12, Raneegunge 68/8, Sutkidih 73/8 x.d., Union 15.

Jute:—Alliance 826, Auckland 435, small lot, Budge Budge 656, Century 11/8, Empire 91/8 small lot, Fort William 533, Howrah 60, Hooghly 138/8, Kamarhatty 1090 small lot, Kanknarrah 854, Kelvin 1248, Kinnison 1260. Lansdowne 490, Lawrence 844/8 Lothian prefs 104, Northbrook 94. Nuddea 92 small lot. Reliance 52/8.

Miscellaneous:—Acme Oil 6/8, Allahabad Bank 273 small lot, Bengal British India Corporation (ord) 13/8 and (deferred 21/12, Calcutta Industrial Bank 6 discount. Cawnpore Sugar 45/4, Carew and Co., 108, C.P. Cement 11/12. Cossipore Cotton Ginning 32/12, Bunbar Cotton 702, Frank Ross 12/4, Hooghly Flour 46/12, Hume Pipe 16, Hatikool Oil 17, Indian Iron and Steel (new) 4 prem, Kumardhubi Engineering 32-12 Keshoram Cotton 18/12, Mackenzie and Co., 11/8. Madans Theatre 15. Pioneers Sugar 20, Spences Hotel 11/8, Surma Valley Mills 10/8. Tinnevelly Cotton 14/12. Titaghur Paper 505. Marshalls 11/12, Scindia Steam 9/9 prem. Tata Bank 32/9 prem.

Government paper three and half per cent. was quoted at Rs. 59, small lots at Rs. 59/6. War bonds (1922/23) at 98/4, 1925 at 99/8 and 1028 at 100 per cent.

Exchange bank telegraph transfer closing rate one shilling ten pence and demand bills one shilling ten one-eigh pence.

BOLSHEVIKS—OR BRITISH

WHOM WILL AMIR SURRENDER?

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July 9.

The "Englishman's" frontier correspondent writes:

"During the past few weeks, several parties of Afghan merchants and traders have settled up their affairs and come into India. In order to avoid being questioned by British posts in Khyber they have entered this country by way of Sisobi pass and Bara Valley, paying large sums of money to Zakha Khel Afridis for safe conduct. The Zakha Khel are said to have agents at Jellalabad and Dakha, touting so to speak, for custom for their road and even promising to make it possible for wheeled traffic road. The refugees say that they are leaving Arghanistan for two reasons; first, because they are afraid of Bolsheviks and again, because they are afraid of civil strife. It would be exaggeration to say that anything like a panic prevails in Kabul, but it is true that the uneasiness that has been prevalent in Herat for months past is now beginning to extend to Kabul. Travellers from Bokhara are chiefly responsible for this. It appears that they are bringing into Afghanistan stories of great Bolshevik concentrations at Bokhara, Merya and Tashkenet. They say that Bolsheviks have no less than 7 Mounle divisions and that Enver Pasha himself is at Merya and has been offered command. How far this story is true it is impossible to say. One or two of the Bokhara men have come to India, but no one seems to know where they are. The result of the Afghan belief in the story of the massing of Bolshevik forces on their frontier has been to cause very sharp divisions of opinion in their country. One party which is asserted to have great influence at court is all for giving the Bolsheviks free passage through to India and in joining them in their attack. Another party headed by Sirdar Abdul Kadus insists that such a course should infallibly mean ruin of Afghanistan, whether the Bolsheviks gained or lost. A portion of the army is with General Nader Khan who favours the first party, but on the whole the cultivating classes which form the bulk of Afghan people are against any arrangement with Bolsheviks and declare that it is their intention to fight them the moment they crossed the Frontier, whatever be the attitude of their own Government.

In the meanwhile the Amir is wavering, leaning first to one side and then to other according to the pressure that is put upon him. Kabul is not the place in which it is possible to keep a court secret and it is common talk in bazaars that the Amir has on several occasions declared that he is sorry that he accepted the responsibilities of the Throne. One report is that the Amir may at any moment abdicate and that the only reason why he is hesitating is that he cannot make up his mind, whether to surrender his person to the Bolsheviks or to the British.

RECALL LORD CHELMSFORD.

URGED BY AKOLA DISTRICT CONGRES COMMITTEE

(From our Correspondent.)

AKOLA, July '.

The Akola District Congress Committee in a general meeting, expressed its indignation and sorrow at the cold-blooded Punjab massacres under the pretext of a rebellion O'Dwyer, Dyer, and others. It also condemned the Majority Report of the Hunter Committee as actuated by racial prejudice and deliberately devised to condone the official atrocities. It disapproved Mr. Montagu's despatch exonerating Lord Chelmsford, Sir Michael O'Dwyer, and demanded the recall of Lord Chelmsford, impeachment of Sir Michael O'Dwyer, trial of Dyer, repeal of the Rowlatt Act, Indemnity Act, full reparations to all sufferers, and passing of a Bill of Dights as per demand of the Congress.

GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTANCY DIPLOMA EXAMINATION

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Will you kindly publish the following in your popular paper at an early date?

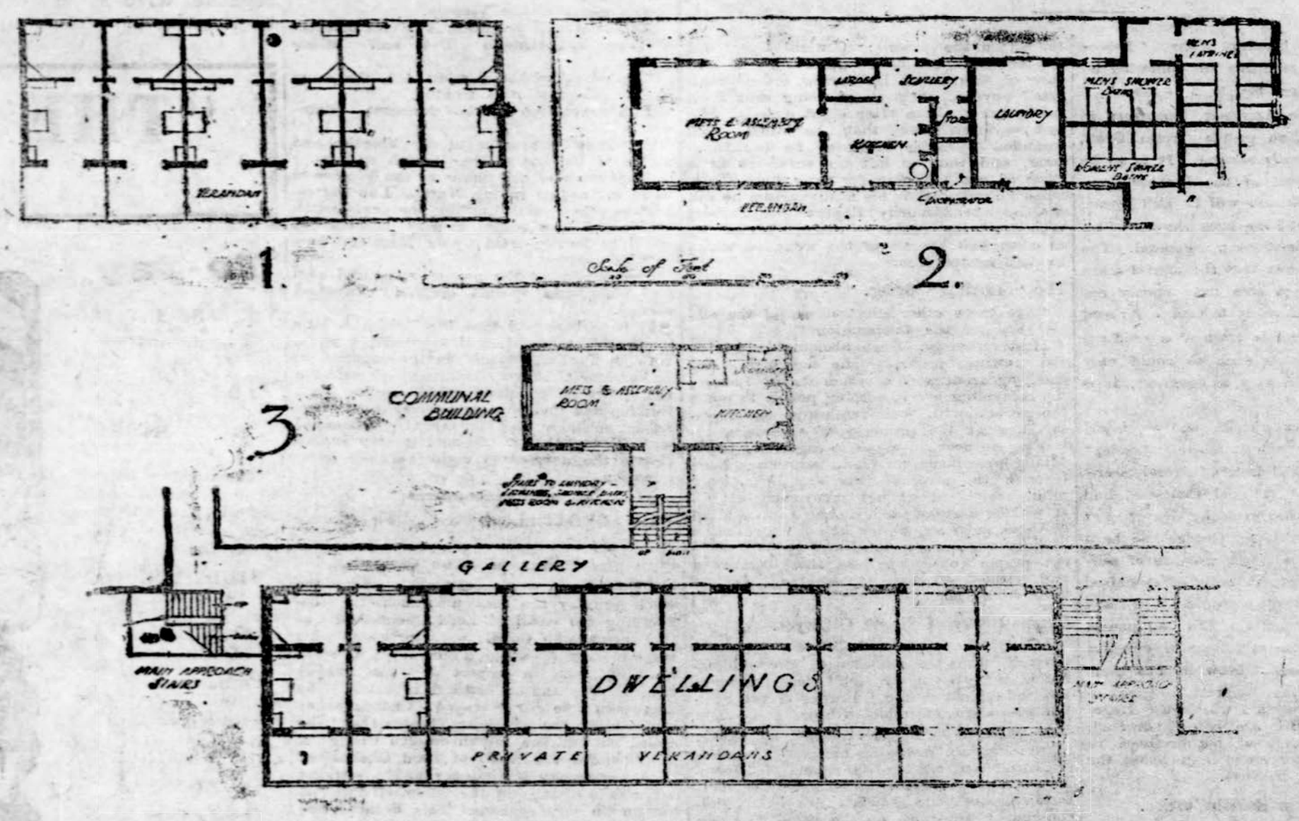
The Government Accountancy Diploma Examination was held this year from the 12th to the 17th April and its result was expected, as in the case of the last year, by the end of the same month. The number of candidates that appeared for the examination barely exceed 70 and yet the result is not published though it is more than two and a half months since the examination was finished. Is any other proof needed of the irresponsibility and the disregard of the Board towards the interests of the students? The reason, perhaps, is that the Secretary of the Board, Mr. K. S. ..., is out of Bombay. The same irresponsibility is shown by the examiners both in ... the examination papers and in ...ing them.

...ear the papers in Accountancy and ...were so difficult and lengthy that I ... any of the examiners to solve them ... allotted time. It appears that ... is resolved to restrict the number ... the least possible figure. This is ... in fixing the examination fees as ... 50 inspite of the protest of the ...ber of Commerce and Bureau, ... slaughter of students it in... ...ry year and in holding th... ...nce a year instead of half... the other professional exami... ...inimum number of marks re... ...ng was increased from 40 to ...st year, as a result of which ... 50 passed last year and it is ... a worse fate is awaiting the ...he current year, I conclude ... with a prayer to his Excel... ...rnor and the Member for Edu... ...tigate thoroughly into the ...onstitute the Board on a better ...rs, etc.

DISGUSTED.

HOUSING OF WORKING CLASSES.

A SCHEME BY WELFARE LEAGUE OF INDIA.



WORKING CLASS HOUSING IN BOMBAY.

FOR OPEN SITES.

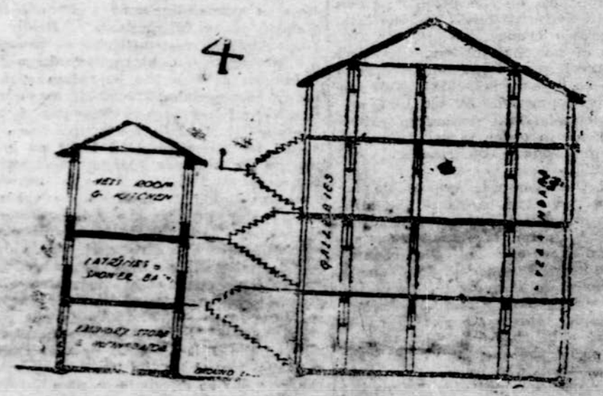
FIG. 1. Plan showing single-storey block of six dwellings. About fifteen such blocks to be grouped round a community house (See Fig 2).

FIG. 2. Plan of community house to form centre of group of dwellings as in figure 1.

FOR TWO SITES.

FIG 3. Typical plan of four-storey building with forty tenements for use wher eland is restricted. The community house being accessible from each tenement by means of the galleries.

FIG. 4. Section through centre of four-storey building and community house.



REPRESENTATION TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

A scheme by the Welfare League of India, 18, Featherstone Buildings, High Holborn, London, W. C. I.) has submitted to the Right Hon'ble E. S. Montagu, the Secretary of State for India, the following scheme for the housing of the working classes in Bombay:—

We beg to submit herewith a plan of houses for workers in India, carefully prepared by our Advisory Architects, Messrs. Culpin and Bowers, who report as follows:

"These plans represent what we believe to be the absolute minimum which should be provided for human occupation. To the British it will appear very inadequate, but we have taken counsel with representative Indians and, while not urging the system as ideal, suggest it as possible.

Plans 1 and 2 represent usual types, where say, one hundred families should be grouped in one village with a community building in the centre. In island development as in Bombay, where lateral expansion is impossible, the modified tenement appears inevitable, but while submitting the scheme in plans 3 and 4 as possessing many advantages over the prevailing Chawl systems, we draw attention to the desirability of the establishment of industry under conditions where there is ample space for factory extension and for the provision of husing accommodation in open surroundings.

It will be observed that provision is made for including in each house some simple furniture, such as cupboards, tables seats, and shelves, and that the provision of the community house gives facilities for many things which circumstances prevent from supplying individually."

K. S. BHAT, President.
SHAPURJI SAKLATVALA, Secretary, Indian Section.
J. E. POTTER WILSON, General Secretary.

The scheme has been supported by Ald. J. Chaplin, Mayor of Leicester, Secretary Leicester Hosiery Union; Arthur Pugh, Secretary Iron and Steel Confederation; E. L. Poulton, Secretary National Union Boot and Shoe Operatives; W. J. Riley, Secretary Yorkshire Managers and Overlookers Society Bradford; T. E. Naylor, Secretary London Society of Compositors; D. Carmichael, Secretary London Trades Council; J. H. Baum Secretary, Leicester Trades Council; Charles Erskine Wilder, Secretary, United Vehicle, Workers, Finchley and James H. Hardie, Independent Labour Party Barnet.

A PHYSICAL FEAT.

RAMAMURTI STOPS 35 H. P. MOTOR LORRY.

(Associated Press.)

AGRA, July 8.

During the last night's performance Professor Ramamurti stopped a 35 horse power motor lorry in response to Mr. Janki Pershad's challenge. The condition was that the Professor should stop the lorry for five seconds, five attempts being allowed. He stopped it in the first attempt amidst great applause. Mr. Fred Ellis, Editor "People's Herald" was the referee and Major Hayhurst, Ordnance Officer, held the stakes Rs. 200 aside.

MR. BRYAN'S NEW CRUSADE.

"Mr. Bryan is advocating another amendment to the United States Constitution providing for a single standard of morals for men and women," says the *Times* New York correspondent.

"He inaugurated this new campaign at the General Assembly of Presbyterian Churches in a declaration that the time was ripe for the abolition of unfair discrimination and that man, if he is to have the commendation of the Church, must live up to the standard of morality he has laid down for woman.

"The time is not far distant (he continued) when our own Constitution will have written into it a single standard of morals. Under it there will be no segregation of sin, there will be no licensing of vice, and penalties for sin will be immediately visited alike on man and woman."

An A. P. I. message from Calcutta, dated July 8, says:—The Bank of Bengal's rate for demand loans remains unchanged being five per cent. percentage 35.44. Exchange bank telegraphic transfer one shilling ten and one-fourth pence, and demand bills one shilling and ten and three-eighth pence.

The Calcutta police are enquiring into a case of alleged theft reported on Tuesday from the Bank of Bengal in which it said out of several bags of cash and notes kept in a room one bag containing hundred ten rupee notes was missing (A.P.)

N. W. RLY. STRIKERS

APPEAL FOR HELP.

(Associated Press.)

ABU ROAD, July 8.

At a meeting held here last evening of the local members of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Employees' Association, an appeal was made to all members to contribute their mite to the Relief Fund started by the Association for the benefit of the N.-W. Railway strikers urging that their struggle was one for principle and that interests of all railway employees in India would be advanced if they succeeded in that struggle.

"POSITIVE DRAWBACK TO REFORMS SCHEME."

AHMEDABAD MILL-OWNERS' PROTEST

(Associated Press.)

AHMEDABAD, July 8.

The Ahmedabad Mill-owners' Association has wired to the Secretary of State, protesting against the Meston Committee's recommendations" regarding financial relations as follows:—Leaving Bombay Presidency without Income-Tax, as a head of revenue, will prove a positive drawback to the Reform Scheme in this Presidency. Our land revenue is incapable of increase owing to maximum capacity for payment having been reached. Excise revenue ought, under wise statesmanship, to decline. For an industrial and commercial centre like the Bombay Presidency, Income-Tax is the only direct tax to which the Presidency can justly lay claim.

INDIA AND DOMINIONS

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, July, 8.

At the forthcoming session of the Imperial Legislative Council Mr. Chanda will move that legislation to regulate entry and residence in India of British subjects from self-Governing dominions and dependencies on the basis of reciprocity be undertaken.

MAJORITY REPORT.

SURAT CITIZEN'S PROTEST.

(From our own Correspondent.)

SURAT, July 7.

A public meeting of the citizens of Surat was held yesterday in the Arya Samaj Hall, to protest against the Majority Report of the Hunter Committee, and the despatches of the Government of India and the Secretary of State. Mr. Dayalji Desai presided. Mr. Indulal Kanaiyalal Yagnik delivered a stirring address in the course of which he reviewed the Majority Report, and showed how lame was the defence made by the European members, in regard to the martial law administration. He urged the necessity of a public trial of Dyer and Michael O'Dwyer. Proceeding further, he dwelt upon the responsibility of the Viceroy, and demanded immediate recall of Lord Chelmsford as he had failed to discharge his responsible duties. He also criticised the actions of the other military officers of the Punjab and said that justice required that they should not only be immediately relieved from all responsibility but should be rigorously dealt with under the law. The two despatches failed to realise the true situation in India, and shook India's faith in British justice. The usual resolutions of emphatic protest against the Hunter Report, impeachment of Dyer and O'Dwyer and recall of Lord Chelmsford were then adopted.

The action of Mr. Dahyabhai K. Desai, in leaving the chair, at the time of the last General Meeting of the Municipality, has been severely, criticised by the local papers. One of the councillors, in the course of his letter to the president of the municipality, in which he states that the said incident is the first of its kind throughout the history this municipality, held on 3rd July 1920, in leaving the chair to break the quorum of all the municipalities of the Bombay Presidency, has given notice of his intention to move the following resolution at the next General Meeting of the Corporation:—

"That this Corporation is of opinion that the conduct of Mr. Dahyabhai K. Desai, Vice-President and presiding authority at the adjourned special general meeting when he saw that he could not get the business then before the meeting regarding the giving of free grant of land forming part of the Gopipura Golwad sanitary scheme to the Mahila Vidyalaya society disposed off in the manner he liked as almost all the councillors then present were in favour of R. B. Ranjitbhai's proposition then before the meeting to sell the above-said land to the Jain Nuashrit Fund for Rs. 15,246 for constructing a hostel for the Jain Ratnasagar Pathshala which is a public educational institution recognised by the Educational Department, is not only most improper and not befitting his office as Vice-President of the Municipality but is also subversive of all the constitutional principles and highly detrimental to the cause of the country."

Mr. K. S. Vakil the Inspector of Training Schools for the Presidency, has arranged a Conference of all the trained teachers of the Northern Division and Sindh, to discuss subjects pertaining to the training of students. This conference commenced its sittings yesterday and was attended by specialists of various subjects from different parts of the Presidency. It has got a very interesting programme dealing with the subjects of Sloyd, native study, drawing, magic lantern and other subjects.

Mr. Sayad Ahmed Edroos, the Excise Inspector of Jalalpure Taluka is reported to have submitted his resignation as a protest against the unsatisfactory solution of the Khilafat problem.

The weather here continues to be monsoonish. There were two or three heavy showers of rain to-day and the skies are clouded.

FATWAS IN FAVOUR OF NON-CO-OPERATION

CONFERENCE OF ULEMAS AT AFGHANISTAN

(From our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, July 7.

A general meeting of Sind Ulemas decided among other things that a Conference of the world Ulemas be held under the patronage of the Amir of Afghanistan. Fatwas in favour of non-co-operation and declaring Sultan Wahiduldin Mahmad the VI, Rightful Kahlif and that the Turkish Peace Terms amounted to interference in religion, were given.

The Sind Khilafat Committee decided to spend Rs. 1,000 monthly on propaganda to compile and publish a report of official persecution in Sind, and to hold a Khilafat Conference at Shadipali and Jacobabad.

EXPORT DUTY ON HIDES.

MADRAS MERCHANTS AGAINST REMOVAL.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, July, 8.

The following telegram has been sent by the President, Southern India Skin and Hide Merchants Association to the Finance Member and the Commerce Member of the Government of India:—

"Understand Calcutta Hides Skins Shippers' Association mainly composed of foreign firms who are only middlemen exporting raw hides and skins and having no interest in Indian tanning industry have approached Government for removal of export duty on raw skins and hides. Southern India Skin and Hide Merchants Association representing bulk of Indian tanning interests are most emphatically against removal of duty and strongly urges its continuance as only way open to enable Indian tanning industry already badly hit and now passing through serious crisis to rehabilitate itself.

HIGH PRICES.

BENGAL GOVT. APPOINTS ENQUIRY COMMITTEE.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July, 8.

In persuance of a resolution accepted by the Bengal Council on July 1st, the Government of Bengal have appointed a committee to investigate into the questions of high prices and to suggest measures to prevent profiteering. The following is the personnel of the committee:—

The Hon. Mr. Surendranath Roy, Raja Hrishikesh Laha, Mr. F. M. Leslie, Mr. Sarat Chandra Chakraburtty, Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur, Babu Brojendra Kishore Rai Chowdhuri and Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri.

CASTE "POLLUTION" IN COCHIN.

INDIGNATION OF THIYYAS.

(From our own Correspondent.)

CALICUT, July 8.

Considerable dissatisfaction seems to be prevailing among the Thiyyas, a very important community on the west coast, in regard to the treatment accorded to the Thiyyas in the Cochin State and at the All-Kerala Thiyya Conference, held at Always on Sunday last and which was attended by over 2,000 Thiyyas from different parts of Cochin, Malabar and Travancore, it was resolved to inform His Highness the Rajah of Cochin that the Thiyyas view with disfavour the observance of the custom of "chundal," or instance pollution in the Cochin State and that they had indisputable evidence to show that Government servants in the State had been helping the observance of such barbarous pollution, as pollution, etc., either direct or indirectly that similar attempts on their part were likely to alienate their feelings. Any delay in the issue of a proclamation declaring equality of rights for all classes of His Highness's subjects was likely to result in evil consequences in view of the ignorance of the bulk of the population whose feelings had already been exasparated to a high pitch. That they detest the usage of such words as low castes, depressed classes, backward classes, and non caste Hindus, as lied to them and that they should only be classed as Thiyyas in Government returns. The Conference also resolved to boycott the temples maintained by higher castes on the West Coast and to request the Cochin Government to divert a portion of public revenues, now being utilised for the upkeep of temples of higher castes towards the maintenance of Thiyya temples. With regard to the reforms the Conference passed a resolution requesting Government to delay the introduction until such time as Thiyyas and other less advanced communities come to the forefront or to provide sufficient safeguards such as communal representation, etc., in proportion to numerical strength of the weaker communities, if reforms could be delayed.

INDIAN CUSTOMS REVENUE.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July 8.

The Grand total of gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding salt revenue) collected during the three months April to June 1920, amounted to Rs. 751 lakhs as compared with Rs. 400 lakhs in the corresponding period of last year. Import duties contributed Rs. 510 lakhs export duties Rs. 122 lakhs, excise duties on cotton manufactures Rs. 88 lakhs and on motor spirit Rs. 15 lakhs and Land Customs and miscellaneous Rs. 16 lakhs.

KHILAFAT CONFERENCE TO BE HELD AT HOSHANGADAD.

Molvi Abdul Vayum Sahib, secretary, Anjuman-ul-Akhiyar, Itarsi, writes to Mr. Shaukat Ali as follows:—

The District Conference assembled at Hoshangabad ended its sitting with great success, members of both the communities participating. The cow which forms the cause of dissension and unpleasantness between the Hindus and Mahomedans, was handed back to our Hindu brethren, through us on the occasion of the conference.

It has been decided to hold a Khilafat Conference here.

Mr. Gandhi, Mr. Abul Kalam, Mr. Shaukat Ali, and Dr. Kitchlew have consented to attend. The Deputation is proceeding to Lucknow and Lahore to invite other leaders.

DIGESTIVE DISORDERS

The first indication of digestive disorder is often some slight distaste for food, a drowsy feeling after partaking of a meal, or a recurring headache in a mild form; flatulence or acidity. Attend to the call of these danger signals and you may be spared months of untold suffering.

PAINS AFTER EATING — FLATULENCE — ACIDITY — HEADACHES — BILIOUSNESS — CONSTIPATION

The first thing is to give help to your digestive organs. Take the digestive tonic, Mother Seigel's Syrup, the remedy which has proved its value in thousands of similar cases the world over.

Mother Seigel's Syrup is a real tonic for stomach, liver and bowels. It tones up, stimulates and strengthens them, thus enabling them to perform their vital functions easily & naturally. Then digestive troubles become impossible.

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THE HUNTER REPORT.

"HOW IT HIDES THE UGLY TRUTH OF THE PUNJAB TERROR."

Under the above headings the "Labour Leader" of June 3 publishes the following interview with the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel —

The effect of the Amritsar massacre in estranging the Indian people from Great Britain was sufficiently serious. It is to be feared that the effect of the Hunter Commission Majority Report will be still worse. The massacre might have been the act of an isolated and panic-stricken general. The Majority Report shows that the official mind of Anglo-India, if it does not openly approve it, is at least ready to excuse it; and not only it, but a whole train of degradingly oppressive incidents such as could only spring from a psychology as ignorant, it is deplorable.

Some six or seven months ago an interview appeared in the "Labour Leader" which Mr. V. J. Patel, the General Secretary of the Indian National Congress, had granted me upon the farcical "Government of India Bill." Mr. Lloyd George had hailed the measure as a great measure of self-government. In fact, it only enfranchised 2 per cent. of the Indian people. Mr. Patel returned to India when the Bill had passed through the Commons and hope of effective amendment had passed. Now he has come back, on behalf of the Congress, to give advice to India's supporters whilst the Regulations under the Bill are being drafted, and, taking advantage of his presence in London, I have interviewed him about the Hunter Commission Reports.

India Losing Faith in British Justice.

"The Majority Report," he said at once, "will be viewed by people of all classes in India with indignation and despair. They will lose all confidence in the justice of the British nation unless an irresistible demand be made for a complete acknowledgment of the crime which was committed.

"Unless there be the fullest recognition of the frightful misgovernment of Sir Michael O'Dwyer, the Governor of the Punjab, as well as of the guilt and responsibility of Lord Chelmsford, the Viceroy, and the Government of India; unless justice be meted out to those responsible, from the highest to the lowest, and reparation be made to those who have suffered, the British people can make up their minds to say good-bye to any prospect of reconciliation with the people of India.

Mr. Patel did not only criticise the Majority Report. He severely criticised Mr. Montagu's dispatch on the ground that, whilst in effect the Secretary for India condemned the Majority Report and criticised the conduct of General Dyer, he went out of his way to pay a handsome testimonial to Sir Michael O'Dwyer and Lord Chelmsford.

About the massacre Mr. Patel spoke with fierce indignation. He is a calm, deliberate man, restrained and rational, but now his eyes blazed with fire.

If the act of firing upon a huge crowd of unarmed people without warning is to be allowed to pass with the mild criticism contained in the Majority Report or the mere removal of General Dyer from his command, there is clearly no guarantee of safety for the people of India. In spite of their mild criticism, the signatories of the Majority Report themselves show that General Dyer was not only morally, but legally, guilty of murder.

They say that he ought to have given warning. But he did not. He fired deliberately and with premeditation, and the killing of every person who was killed on that occasion was an act of murder.

I asked Mr. Patel whether he considered the description "a white-washing report" justified. He pointed out that the dispatches of the Government of India and of the Indian Secretary are both more condemnatory than the Hunter Report, and that the majority of the Hunter Commission are even more ready to provide excuses than General Dyer himself.

In his evidence General Dyer said emphatically that he thought it probable that the people would have dispersed if he had warned them. The Report says "we think it distinctly improbable, notwithstanding what General Dyer said in his evidence, that the crowd gathered in the Jallianwalla Bagh would have dispersed upon notice being made that they should do so." They seem anxious to show that General Dyer would have had to fire in any case, and thus to minimise the gravity of what he did. Bias in a judge could go no further. As a matter of fact, his own and all the official evidence shows that the crowd was an entirely peaceful one, and was doing nothing to justify such an atrocious course as that of opening fire upon it without warning. The people were mostly sitting on the ground listening to an address, and there is no doubt whatever that there were thousands among them who not only were ignorant of General Dyer's Proclamation prohibiting the meeting, but had not even had the opportunity of becoming acquainted with it.

Wounded Left to Die.

I remarked that the neglect of medical provision for the wounded was almost more barbarous than the firing.

"Yes," exclaimed Mr. Patel, "but the majority of the Commission have no censure for General Dyer's failure to care for the wounded. Their assumption that none of the wounded were in fact exposed to unnecessary suffering from want of medical treatment is amazing. What further proof is needed than this? They were left unattended on the ground; General Dyer did not even ask the civil authorities to take care of them; and his curfew order prohibited anyone, on pain of being shot from going out of doors after eight o'clock. His own evidence shows that he killed and wounded possibly as many as two thousand, and that he left the survivors in a state of panic, fleeing for their lives. Even when he returned to his headquarters he did not, as the Minority Report emphasises, take the least trouble to concern himself as to what had become of the wounded whom he left behind him."

The "Crawling" Order.

"Are there other illustrations of the official bias of the Commission?"

Most certainly. Such abominable acts as the crawling order, public floggings, the shocking treatment of students in Lahore, the salaaming order, forcing people to touch the ground with their foreheads, the reprisals against the property of absentees, interning suspects in a public cage, and handcuffing prominent men and marching them through the streets—these are either only mildly criticised or not mentioned at all. It will be a grave shock to the Indian mind if these outrages, which are a degradation of humanity, are to be alowed to pass without proper condemntion of those concerned and without effective guarantee against their recurrence.

Responsibility of Sir M. O'Dwyer.

Mr. Patel expressed himself equall strongly about the omission of any condemnation of the policy of Sir Michael O'Dwyer. His indictment of the Governor of the Punjab was almost terrible to hear.

Sir Michael O'Dwyer's wicked oppression in the Punjab, including his methods of recruitment and raising war loans, his determination to put down the constitutional agitation against the Rowlatt Act, and the consequent bitterness of the people towards him these largely contributed to the subsequent deplorable events.

His arrests of national leaders, who were admittedly carrying on agitation only in a peaceful manner, was responsible for all the subsequent developments. It was, in my opinion, a calculated and deliberate provocation to violence in order to create an opportunity to put down constitutional agitation with a high hand.

Sir Michael O-Dwyer was responsible for placing authority in the hands of the military before any Martial Law was declared. He was responsible for the first proclamation of Martial Law after all disturbances had ceased and order restored. Still more grossly reprehensible, if possible, was the subsequent proclamation making Martial Law retrospective. Quite openly he asked the Viceroy to make this retrospective proclamation in order that he might have the power to punish those who were carrying on constitutional agitation, and only before the date of Martial Law, but long before any actual outbreak.

Sir Michael is responsible, too, for the indiscriminate use of bombs from aeroplanes and for the slaughter of people by fire from armoured trains. It is admitted that no attempt was made to discriminate between the innocent and guilty, and most, if not all, of the people who thus suffered were innocent.

"Why the News Didn't Come."

I asked who was responsible for preventing news of the Amritsar massacre from reaching Britain and so long after it occurred.

"Sir Michael O'Dwyer," answered Mr. Patel. "He suppressed newspapers for that express purpose and prevented public men from entering the province for purposes of investigation. One Punjabi gentleman, Mr. Gordhandas, who managed to get out of the province and explain the situation to people outside, was arrested and brought back to the Punjab and convicted and sentenced by one of the special tribunals.

It is clear that Sir Michael wanted to prevent any information from leaking out, and it was in accordance with this plan that the people of this country and Parliament were deliberately kept in ignorance for months. He was responsible for the order excluding lawyers from coming into the Punjab to defend accused persons before the Martial Law courts. The proceedings of these courts recall the days of your Judge Jeffreys.

Last, but not least, do not forget that Sir Michael expressly approved the horrible massacre of the innocent at Amritsar by General Dyer."

The Viceroy's Part.

Mr. Patel also strongly criticised Lord Chelmsford, the Viceroy, and demanded his recall.

I may point out that Lord Chelmsford and the Government of India, when they condemn any of the excesses that were committed or criticise the actions of those responsible for the administration of Martial Law, are condemning and criticising themselves, for these things took place under their sanction, and Lord Chelmsford refused ever and over again to interfere when his attention was called to what was going on, and appeals for intervention were made to him from responsible men and associations.

He gave a blank cheque to Sir Michael O'Dwyer's government, and he not only condoned Sir Michael O'Dwyer's policy of concealment, but he aided and abetted it. Lord Chelmsford contented himself with remaining in the Olympian heights of Simla, and never took the trouble, which he might easily have done by half a day's journey, to go himself and investigate the situation on the spot. And he was directly responsible for the ordinance making the appication of Martial Law retrospective. It is very important to note that this step has been expressly condemned even by the Majority Report and Lord Chelmsford's Government. But Lord Chelmsford was himself responsible for it.

"What Britain Must Do."

Mr. Patel proceeded to say that unless the failure of the Commission is rectified the Indian people will abandon all hope of humane treatment from this country "with results more serious than I care to describe."

I asked him what the British people could do. He replied by suggesting the following programme:—

The recall of the Viceroy.

The trial and punishment of Sir Michael O'Dwyer and General Dyer and others guilty.

The repeal of the Rowlatt Act, the cause and origin of all this trouble.

Full reparation for the innocent sufferers.

Statutory guarantee of the liberties and rights of Indians as free British citizens.

Restriction of the power of the Viceroy to issue ordinances giving Martial Law retrospective effect, and limiting the jurisdiction of Martial Law courts to such offences as could be legally tried under Martial Law in this country.

Prohibition of the use of armoured cars and aeroplanes against civilian unarmed crowds.

It is to be hoped that the British Labour movement, at least, will take active steps, both in Parliament and in the country, to make clear that we indignantly condemn the entire policy of oppression given such terrible and dramatic expression in the Amritsar massacre and the events connected with it, and that we demand for the Indian people the unreserved right of self-determination.

WHY LORD CHELMSFORD MUST RESIGN

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is now unquestionable that the whole country has been unanimous in demanding the recall of Lord Chelmsford as the person who failed to appreciate his responsibility as the head of the Government of India in respect of the Punjab affairs. The Indian demand is voiced by men even like Sir Narayen Chandavarkar who said in the Excelsior Theatre that he would not call the Indian opinion wrong if it demanded the recall of Lord Chelmsford as a necessary preliminary and a striking index of a change in the policy of administration in this country. This demand has been in terms supported and made by the Labour party in England. Really Lord Chelmsford is responsible for inaugurating a policy that brought in its wake widespread discontent. With the exception of but few fits of supersession, the whole career of Lord Chelmsford has been to support the "men on the spot." As His Lordship has always failed to present a bold front on behalf of the people who pay him two hundred and forty thousand and pickings in the world, he has also failed to show to his subordinates that the Viceroy is the representative of a democracy who are the guardians of the Indian subjects' rights and who value subjects' rights. He gave his imbecile approval to the Report of a Committee who were shameless enough to admit their ingratitude to those same soldiers who fought our enemies, to wit, the Rowlatt Committee and allowed the Bill proposed by that Committee and aggravated by the too willing agents in the Secretariat of Simla to pass through the Council in spite of the emphatic opposition of the whole country. As Sir Narayen pointed out, this policy was primarily responsible for the unrest and incidentally for every event following that unrest. The responsibility was taken deliberately by Lord Chelmsford of exciting a people amongst whom—even according to a civil servant, viz., Sir James Meston—There was a great National awakening during recent years, by flouting their opinion and offending their sensibilities. Even then Sir Michael O'Dwyer declared that he meant to take notice of those whom he was pleased to style agitators and who were, in fact straightforward patriots with courage to say what the country felt. Lord Chelmsford ought to have warned Sir Michael off any such attempt instead, His Lordship gave his willing acquiescence in declaring Martial Law at the very first request of Sir Michael and allowed the military to commit those barbarities which Germans would have envied. Lord Chelmsford shielded his own position by getting the Commission appointed by the Government of India and as such incompetent to sit in judgment on them. He expected to silence Sir Michael by complimenting him and by getting him compliments from the Home Government. Sir Michael is, however, not a general who would give away his lieutenants and in his attempt to save them has exposed his patron completely. In his letter to the "Times," Sir Michael says:—

"In a telegram of April 16, the Punjab Government with a view of preventing any such irregularities by inexperienced officers, formally proposed a detailed scheme for keeping the Administration of Martial Law under the control of Civil Authorities, and had indeed begun to give effect to that scheme. . . But the Government of India in their telegram No. 541 dated April 18, refused to accept our proposals and held that "martial law having been declared. . . all further power of prescribing offences, penalties, courts and procedure for trying the same, are vested in the General Officer Commanding and he only can exercise those powers. . . (I) suggest any action already taken (by the Lt. G.) should be ratified by the General Officer Commanding." Punjab Government had reluctantly to give effect to these orders."

Who could expose Lord Chelmsford's responsibility better? In good grace Lord Chelmsford should now lay down his Office, and if he sticks, Parliament must ask him to go away. Our agitation cannot cease until His Lordship leaves.—Yours, etc.

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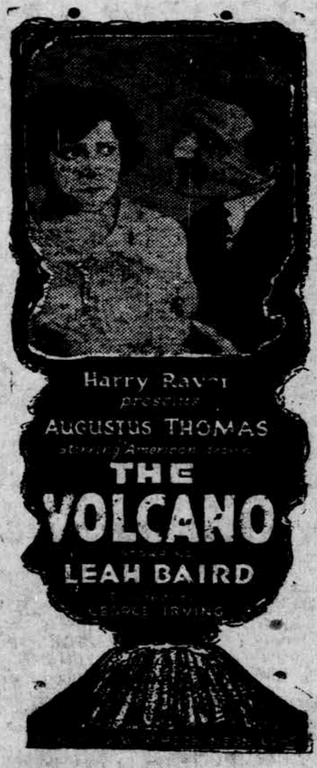

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THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

St. Thomas Cathedral, Church Gate Street.—7 a.m. Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral), Woodward in B. Flat. Hymns 180, 178, Card IV 172 5-30 p.m. Children's Service; 6.30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Canticles—Anthem—Chants Hymns—12, 65, 223. Collections for—Organ Fund.

Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 5.15 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

Christ Church, Byculla.—7 a.m. Holy Communion; 7.45 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral), 6-30 p.m., Evensong.

St. John the Evangelist (Afghan Memorial Church), Colaba.—8 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral); 10 a.m. Parade Service and Matins; 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Emmanuel Church (C.M.S.), Girgaum.—English Services—8-0 a.m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion: 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer and Sermon; Collections for Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi Service at 9-30 a.m.; Gujerati Service 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's Church, Kamatipura.—10 a.m. Tamil Service (Holy Communion on alternate Sundays).

St. Mary the Virgin, Parel.—8-15 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral); 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas' Church, opposite Prince's Dock.—10 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-30 p.m Evening Service.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road.—8 a.m. Morning Prayer; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Oomarkhadi.—6-30 a.m. Holy Communion (English); 7-30 a.m. Holy Communion and Sermon (Marathi); 9 a.m. Morning Prayer and Sermon (Gujerati); 6-30 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon. Marathi Service at 9-30 a.m.; Gujerati Service at 2-30 p.m.

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi.—7-30 a.m. Holy Communion or Matins, alternately; 5-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon, Tamil Service.

St. Andrew's Church, Morland Road.—(Marathi and Gujarathi), 7-30 a.m. Matins; 8 a.m. Holy Communion; 10 a.m. Gujarathi Service; 5 p.m. Urdu Evensong and Sermon; 6-30 p.m. Marathi Evensong and Sermon.

St. Peter's Matagon.—6-30 a.m. Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8 a.m. Choral Eucharist; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

All Saints Church, Malabar Hill.—8 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

The Cathedral, Kalbadevi—7 and 8-30 a.m. Masses; 5-30 p.m. Evening Service.

The Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's, Byculla.—6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., 8-30 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

St. Ignatius, Jacob Circle.—Masses: 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8-30 a.m.; Evening Service 6 p.m. (Week days: 6-30 a.m., 7 a.m.).

Rosary Church, Matagon.—5-30 a.m., 7 a.m., 8-30 a.m., 6 p.m.

Gloria Church, Parel Road, Byculla.—Hours of Mass 5-30, 7 8 and 9 a.m. Evening Service at 6 o'clock.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel.—5-30 a.m., 6-30 a.m., Mass; 8-30 a.m. High Mass; 6-30 p.m. Benediction.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar.—Masses at 5 a.m., 6.30 a.m., 7-45 a.m. and 9-30 a.m.

Carel Church (Our Lady of Health).—Mass 7 and 8-30 a.m.

Mount Mary's, Bandra Hill.—8-30 a.m. Mass.

St. Anne's Chapel, Palli Hill, Bandra.—7 a.m. Mass and Benediction of Blessed Sacrament. Week days 6-45 a.m.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul.—5, 5-30 6-30, 7-30, 8-30 and 10-30 a.m. Masses; 6 p.m. Benediction.

St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum.—6-30 a.m. and 7-30 a.m. (Children's Mass); 8-30 a.m., 5-30 p.m. Evening Service.

St. Joseph's, Colaba.—6 a.m. Mass and Sermon; 8.30 p.m. Service and Benediction.

St. Joseph's, Umarkhadi.—7 and 8-30 a.m. Masses; 5-30 p.m. Benediction.

Our Lady of Dolours, New Sonapur.—6 and 8 a.m. Mass with Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

The Church of Immaculate Conception, Mount Poinsur, Borivli.—Mass 6-30 a.m.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church, Apollo Street.—8-30 a.m. Morning Service; 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher Rev. R. M. Gray. 5 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Classes; 9-30 a.m. United Service in St. Andrew's Church.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church, Girgaum Back Road.—Morning Service, in English, 8 a.m.; Gujarathi Service, 6-30 a.m. Marathi Service 5 p.m.

METHODIST.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—9 a.m. Morning Service; 5 p.m. Sunday School; 6.30 p.m. Evening Service.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m. Morning Service; 5 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Wesleyan Marathi Mission.—6-15 a.m. Morning Service Byculla; 9-30 a.m. Sunday School Parel; 4-30 p.m; Evening Service, Parel.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Clare Road, Byculla.—8-30 a.m. Sunday School; 9-45 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—9-45 a.m. Sunday School; 11 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

BAPTIST.

Baptist Church (opposite Post Office), Middle Colaba.—9 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla.—9 a.m. Sunday School; 4-30 p.m. Marathi Service.

Bombay Y. M. C. A.—12.15 p.m. Bible Study Class; 9 p.m. Song Service.

ST. PETER'S (ARMENIAN) CHURCH.

St. Peter's Armenian Church.—8 a.m. Matins; 9-30 a.m. Holy Mass.

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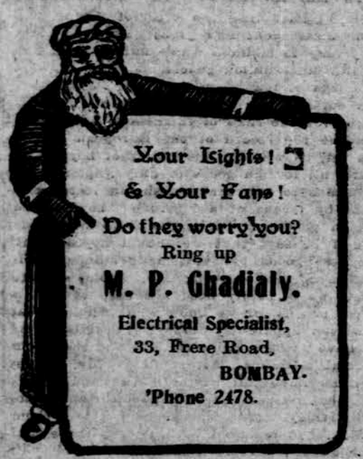

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Assets at December 31st, 1919	Rs.	88,066,887
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Mr. Kanayalal Badidas Cotton Merchant, Bombay, writes on 31st Jan., 1920:—"It gives me great pleasure in testifying to real efficacy of Dr. S. R. Iyengar's medicinal drugs. I was suffering from "Diabetes for the last 12 years. When I Commenced Dr. Iyengar's treatment my urines were examined on 29.9.19 by the Bombay Municipal Analyst, the sp. gravity was 1037 and suggar 5—62 per cent. After treatment in the Examination of the same Municipal Analyst; and Dr. N. H. Clubwala M.D., B.Hy. (Boy) at Dr. Masina Hospital Pathological Laboratory on 23rd and 27th January, 1920. "Sugar found" "nil." and sp. 1013.

Miss Banoo F. Poocha, of Raipur, and Mr. N. H. Gazder, Bombay, write on 11-11-19:—"We are pleased to inform that Dr. S. R. Iyengar, 'Specialist in Diabetes', cured Mrs. Framji Dadabhoy Poocha, of Raipur, who was suffering from 'Diabetes' for the last five years. When she commenced Dr. Iyengar's treatment on 27-8-19, the percentage of Sugar in the Urine was more than 5 per cent. when examined by Dr. Billimoria, M.D. After the treatment the Urine was examined on 1-11-19 by the Chemical Analyser, Bombay Municipal Laboratory, and was found to be: Sugar—"NIL." "We wish him all success."

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BANDRA MUNICIPAL MEETINGS.

INTERESTING PROCEEDINGS.

(From a Correspondent.)

The adjourned special general meeting and the adjourned ordinary general meeting were both fixed for the 6th instant (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. when there was large attendance, Mr. Rajaram Tukaram Padwal occupying the chair.

Dr. Dias claimed priority for the special general meeting on the ground that this was more important than the other.

The President, however, ruled that the adjourned ordinary general meeting ought to preceed; whereupon the business in connection with this meeting was proceeded with, and on its termination the other meeting commenced.

Mr. Rutnagar said that the special general meeting was delayed for over 2½ months and it would be proper to consider the business thereof so that their deliberations might assist Government in their enquiry.

Mr. Rutnagar moved: "That this Board records with regret the President's neglect to comply with the requisition dated 12th April for a special general meeting till June 19th.

Mr. Rutnagar asked the President if he had any explanation to offer for the delay.

The President replied that as the Government were holding an inquiry in connection with the withdrawal order of the elections and as the matter was sub judice he did not think it right to call a meeting.

"UNREASONABLE."

Dr. Dias in seconding the motion said he was astounded at the explanation given by the President in as much as he assumed to himself the prerogatives of the Board to deliberate upon the expediency of otherwise of pronouncing an opinion about the withdrawal orders of the Collector and Commissioner. He had no right to dictate to the Board. The speaker assured the meeting that he and others had consulted the Hon. Mr. Strangman in connection with the electricity requisition meeting where there was a delay of six weeks. Counsel was of opinion that such long delay was unreasonable. Here there was a delay of two months. The English Municipal Act, said Dr. Dias made it obligatory for a meeting to be held within seven days of the requisition.

Mr. Pandurang Patil said that he would not like to refer to Dr. Dias remarks as there was nothing on the agenda to call for them.

Mr. Vimadalal thought the matter certainly arose out of the meeting and quoted Rule 16 of the Bandra Municipal Rules.

Mr. Patil rose to a point of order that the motion could not be considered and upon this the President as promptly ruled the motion out of order and all further discussion was gagged.

Mr. Rutnagar then asked that the correspondence matter be considered and resolved upon. but the President said this was all considered and finished and that he would therefore, have to dissolve the meeting.

Mr. Vimadalal, Dr. Dias, Mr. Ignatius DeMonte raised a loud chorus of protest against what they considered; the arbitrary conduct of the President, but all this fell on deaf ears.

"BOYCOTT JAPANESE GOODS."

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I have read the letter of B.M.A. with some amusement and great surprise. It is very easy to damn a whole nation with such reckless and shallow generalisations. B.M.A. who lays so many sins, of both commission and omission, at the door of the Japanese might, for the sake of fairness and humanity examine the record of the European nations and tell us whether his policy of boycott includes all foreign goods or only Japanese. If he means to say that we should foster Swadeshi by means of a rigorous boycott of foreign goods all Indians will be with him. But if he says that we should boycott only Japanese goods his statement stands self-condemned. Regarding Mr. Pooley's statement, we certainly need not take them as gospel truths for we know what Anglo-Indian and even apparently impartial English writers have written about Indians and their commercial morality. After all is Mr. Pooley such an impartial writer? We know for a fact that on account of Japanese competition and rivalry the Europeans hate them. B.M.A. has repeated with parrot-like exactitude all the well-worn mendacious and malicious statements which "superior" European writers are wont to affect where an Asiatic is concerned. The assertion that commercial morality has reached the lowest depths of degradation might with equal force be applied to any European nation, and if B.M.A. uses it in the case of Japan it is because he is unable completely to divest himself of the prejudice he has imbibed from English books written for our consumption. All what he says about Japan might with greater force be applied to any and every European nation where the people think "Imperially". Those Westerners have got their own Formosas and Camphor. I shall be only too glad if B.M.A will study history a little more impartially and tell me whether the "Imperial" record of Japan is blacker than that of any European nation that rules over brown or black races. I fear we shall not be telling the truth if we say that Japanese record is blacker, for the simple reason that Japanese Empire is only confined to Formosa, Korea and a part of China; hence they had and have fewer chances of bearing the "White Man's" burden than any Western nation whose Empire is spread all over the world. As for slums and sweating and all that sort of things, why should they go to Japan? We have enough of them in Bombay and India. Certainly working for 14 hours and more in India is not holiday making, according to B.M.A. Why should we levy a tax on Japanese goods and not those of England and France? What are the total imports of Japan into India, compared to those of other countries whose industries and tariff have killed Indian trade?

I very much regret that Indians, I suppose B.M.A. is one, should be addicted to so much very loose thinking and should rush into print with their frothy nonsense. While the sympathies of all Indians go to the Koreans we have got to remember that we ourselves are not much better situated.—Yours, etc.,

ANTI-HUMBUG.

"ENGLISHMAN'S" VENOM.

The "Englishman" writes:—

The Punjab Government has just been guilty of an astonishing surrender. It may be remembered that last year an order was served upon the printer and publisher of that notorious Allahabad journal the "Independent" forbidding him to circulate his paper in the Punjab. The other day the present proprietors of the journal wrote to the Punjab Government stating that the paper has now changed hands, has a new printer and publisher and that legally the order of the Punjab Government has no longer any force. The Government is not asked to rescind its orders, but the proprietors beg to inform the Government that they intend to send the paper into the Punjab. To this impertinent message the Punjab Government has returned a duly submissive reply permitting the circulation of "Independent" in the Punjab. It is to be noted that in changing its editor the paper has not changed its politics or its tone. Mr. Syed Hossein has been replaced by Mr. Bepin Chandra Pal. In any case it is obvious that a Government with any self-respect would at least have informed the proprietors of the "Indanpendent" that their letter was improper in tone.—"Englishman."

THE FUTURE OF CILICIA.

The British Armenia Committee has drawn the attention of the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs to the unsatisfactory nature of the provisions contained in the Turkish Treaty defining the future status of Cilicia and its Armenian inhabitants.

The Committee points out that only a very small portion of Cilicia is to enjoy the protection of a French mandate, and asks for some explanation of repeated official statements which have given rise to the supposition that the whole of Cilicia was to be withdrawn from Turkish control. It is asserted that many Armenians who had been induced to return to their homes in that province under the assurance of Allied protection have been massacred, and that the survivous are now once more emigrating from territory in which there is every reason to fear they will be sheltered from Turkish reprisals in the future only by diplomatic paper safeguards, which have so often proved valueless for that purpose in the past.

In conclusion, the Committee expresses a hope that his Majesty's Government will take, in conjunction with its Allies, such steps as may be necessary to establish a just and orderly administration in Cilicia.

"INDIGNATION & DESPAIR."

INDIAN OPINION ON HUNTER REPORT

The Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel, general secretary of the Indian National Congress, and a member of the Supreme Legislative Council of India, who is now on special deputation in England, stated in an interview with a representative of the "Manchester Guardian" that the Majority Report on the Hunter Committee would be viewed by people of all classes in India with the gravest indignation and despair.

The failure to indicate the responsibility of Sir Michael O'Dwyer, who was Lieutnant Governor of the Punjab and fully responsible for all that was done, and to condemn him, not merely for his failure to prevent such outrages, but for his approval and abetment of them, would come as the greatest shock to the Indian people and cause bitter and lasting resentment.

"On the one hand we have this way unsatisfactory Majority Report of the Hunter Committee," said Mr. Patel; "on the other, we have the Minority Report, signed by all three Indian members, and the startling report drawn up by the Committee of the Indian National Congress appointed to investigate these matters. Both the latter take a different view to the former. The Congress Report is based on the official evidence heard by the Hunter Committee, as well as on that of 1,700 non-official witnesses, whose testimony was shut out by the attitude taken by the Hunter Committee. It holds that the Viceroy should be recalled, and that there is ample material for the impeachment of Sir Michael O'Dwyer and others.

"Lord Chelmsford is responsible for withholding information from Parliament and the British public for eight months. If he now says he did not know the gravity of what had occurred, it is the strongest evidence of his incompetence. But if he did know and all the evidence shows that he did, then he is directly culpable and unfit to hold his high office."

Among essential steps if Indian opinion was to be reassured, concluded Mr. Patel, were the setting up of a Royal Commission of Inquiry into the events investigated by the Hunter Committee; the repeal of the Rowlatt Act, the cause and origin of all this trouble; statutory guarantee of the liberties and rights of Indians as free British citizens; restriction of the power of the Viceroy to issue ordinances giving martial law retrspective effect, and the limiting of the jurisdiction of the martial law courts to such offences as could be legally tried under martial law in this country; prohibition of the use of armoured cars and aeroplanes against civilian, unarmed crowds.

A member of the Sindh Khilafat Conference Deputation wires from Sind:—

Mr. Aminuddin and Molvi Mohakumuddin forming the Sind Deputation sent out to invite leaders to attend the Khilafat Conference at Shadipali on the 23, 24th and 25th July, arrived yesterday.

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GERMAN WORKERS.

OPPRESSED BY FOOD PROBLEM.

Mr. A. G. Gardiner, in continuation of his articles giving the impressions of his travels in Germany writes in the "Daily News," in mail week:—

It was partly with a view to estimating the strength of the remnant of royalism that remains in Germany that I made a journey from Kiel, by Lubeck, Rostock and Stralsund to Pomerania, the homeland of the Junkers and the La Vendee of reaction in Germany. If anywhere, I said, the name of the ex-Kaiser is still one to conjure with it must be Kiel, the Portsmouth of the Navy, the Cowes of the pleasure yacht, the place beloved of Tirpitz and of his master whom he more than anyone else perhaps brought to disaster. It is the least attractive of those ancient and beautiful towns of the old Hanseatic League that stand by the shores of the Baltic. Even the bright sunshine of an exquisite May Day could not make it a thing of beauty. But I had not come to look for beauty. I had come to find the undaunted spirit of Kaiserism.

Instead I found a place from which that spirit had fled more visibly than from anywhere else I had been to. What I found was a community up the eyes in those harsh bread-and-butter problems that, severe as they are in England, are intensified a hundredfold here where everybody goes about with tightened belt. In the streets the trams were all standing idle. The electricians had taken the plugs out that morning and had gone on strike, leaving the drivers and conductors sitting in the cars waiting for the current that never came.

And on the pavements I saw the pickets of another strike movements parading before the warehouses and factories in order to encourage the blackleg not to blackleg. In this case it was the union of the "head-workers," clerks, assistants, and so on, who had come out on strike. Their placards appealed for justice to the head-worker as against the hand-worker. The latter were getting 1,100 marks (about £55) a month, a bare existence wage at the present appalling prices, while the clerks only get 750.

PRESSURE OF PRICES.

In the little restaurant that was the headquarters of the strike I sat and talked with the executive of the men, clean, direct, self-respecting fellows, bearing the impress of the hard times, not in their carefully preserved but threadbare clothes so much as in that haggard and strained look that becomes a nightmare to one who mixes much among the people of this country. Their talk was of the impossibility of living under the terrible pressure of high prices. I asked them what they lived on, and they told me with a detached candour as of men for whom life had no longer any idle concealments. It was potatoes and bread. And the potatoes were bad and short and the bread ration limited and dear. It used to be sixpence a loaf; now it was 4s. 6d. on a reduced weight which made the real price 5s. 6d. Beer: Impossible. One of them, a man of middle age, high intelligence, and transparent character, admitted that his midday meal consisted of two slices of bread. "I cannot have more," he said, with a quiet gravity that robbed the remark of any appeal to sympathy, "for I have a large family."

It seemed like intruding a jest to mention monarchism to these men. They dismissed it summarily enough. None of them were revolutionaries. They belonged to the Majority Socialists and backed the Government. They did not want an upheaval. Bolshevism in the Russion sense had no application to the German industrial system. What they wanted was the recognition of their union, better conditions, and the means of living. But monarchism? Militarism? They waved the idea aside as not worth discussing. That was all done with. When in March the Kapp military coup was struck and Berlin for a week seemed to have fallen, the seamen of the Navy deposed their officers at Kiel who had been mixed up in the conspiracy and put in their place the men who had been advaneed from the lower deck during the war. Those men were still carrying on the small functions left to the Navy, mine-sweeping and so on, and the last remnant of the Tripitz faction had gone. "And the town is behind the men," said the chief spokesman of the Committee. "No, no, we have done with the old lot. But we are not out for revolution."

POMERANIAN PLENTY.

That conversation fairly represented the temper so far as one could judge from various intercourse. Kaiserism is as dead in Kiel as in Berlin. It is not so dead here in the heart of Pomerania. In this great granary of Germany, where the cornfields stretch illimitably to the horizon, with here and there an interval of woodland, cut with never a hedge to parcel out the landscape, and where the magnificent brick barns of the junkers add a pleasing splash of red to the universal green of the countryside, the war and its consequences have been felt less than anywhere else in Germany. It grew the food that kept the armies in the field, and it fed itself and reaped the abundant profits of the war. It is the only part of Germany which is not starved, is not starving, and cannot be starved. It is suspected of being the centre of a dangerous reaction. At any moment, it is said, there may be a military thrust from this region that the junkers still hold in the hollow of their hand, where arms are said to be concealed in great quantities, and where the Baltic troops are alleged to be concentrated on the great farms in the disguise of labourers, ready to spring at the world of command.

My impression is that it is all grossly exaggerated. I went to Greifswald, the little University town which is supposed to be the intellectual heart of the reaction, but I could find no traces of any formidable rising against the Government and the Republic. I could hear nothing of the redoubtable Bischoff, who is rumoured to be flitting about organising rebellion, but I found a nice old professor who had picked up an owlet from the ground and was gently stroking it, but obviously in difficulties what to do with it now that he had got it. He did not seem formidable, and the tranquil, almost mediaeval atmosphere did not suggest the crusading spirit I should as soon expect to see Oxford rise up and restore the Stuarts as Griefswald to restore the Hohenzollerns.

It is true that monarchism is still widely professed. It would not be Pomerania if it were not. A country that so far from feeling the pinch of the war has profited by it is not likely to surrender its ancient tradition. But I cannot reconcile this enormous, thinly sprinkled world with a serious monarchist revival. Moreover as one probes deeper it becomes evident that in spite of the isolated position of Pomerania and the domination of the junkers the ideas of the outside world are filtering in. It is a land of great farms and great landowners, where you will see the Russian prisoners, who are still kept in Germany with the sanction of the Allies lest they should reinforce the Soviet armies, working for a mark a day (now worth about two pence in Germany and a penny outside) and their miserable ration of food.

For the rest, the land is cultivated by the hired labourer. The small holder, who is so considerable an element in the neighbouring State of Meclenburg, is only an inconsiderable factor here. And the junker is alarmed to discover that the propaganda of the Independents, the left wing of the Socialists, is making great headway among the agricultural labourers. I heard of its ravages on all hands. In the towns the Independents preach something like communism, but here they adapt their gospel to the local genius and preach peasant proprietorship and the break up of the great estimates. I do not think there is any doubt that the movement is important. Whatever else it is it is not a monarchical nor a militariast movement, for however, elastic the Independents may be on the subject of the land, they are rigid enough in their internationalism and their hostility to militarism in any form.

HUNGRY STETTIN.

And in in this fine city of Stettin, the port and only great town of Pomerania, one finds in a modified form all the tendencies of industrial Germany. It is hungry, too, for all the towns are hungry, and it is one of the tragedies of the war to find how selfish and even hostile the country can be towards the town, even though it is its neighbour. It was at Stettin some 20 years ago that the Kaiser used his famous phrase: "Our future is on the sea." Stettin has nearly as much reason as Hamburg or Bremen to know how disastrously events have disproved the prophecy. Its transport trade has not been wrecked in the same measure as that of Hamburg, for it was largely coastal, but the general ruin of Germany has destroyed its industries, and it is living a lean and hungry existence, waiting for the tide to turn after the long years of inactivity. And here again it is not monarchism or reaction that occupies the mind of the people. It is the hard problem of getting enough food to eat. I had a long interview with the Ober-Burgermeister who in his own lean aspect and with his meagre clothes and hob-nailed boots reflected the spirit of the place. He was full of anxiety about the depressed condition of life, the inadequacy of supplies and the perilous progress of advanced ideas not merely in the town but in the countryside.

The final conclusion to which my pilgrimage to the reactionary strongholds of Germany points is that there is no counter movement, on any serious popular scale, to the overwhelming current of industrial Germany that represents the republican institution and the anti-militarist ideal. There may be another Kapp coup, of course and it may flog monarchism into a momentary semblace of life, but the larger tendencies will not permit it to prevail long. In a later article I shall deal with those tendencies and forces, which seem on a careful view to make a serious military revival in Germany unthinkable in in the present and not easily thinkable in connection with the future.

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The following press communiqué is issued:—In accordance with Section 1 (1) of the India Treaty of Peace Order-in-Council, 1920, published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated July 6th, it has been decided to establish a local Clearing Office in India working under the Central Clearing Office in Great Britain for the settlement of outstanding debts and claims between subjects of Germany and of the British Empire in accordance with the terms of the Versailles Peace Treaty. The Governor-General-in-Council has appointed Mr. B. S. Kisch, I.C.S., at present, Judge in the United Provinces, to be Controller of the Clearing Office, which will start work at Calcutta, early in August.

IMPEACHMENT OR TRIAL—WHICH?

"Historicus" writes, in a letter to the Editor of the "Servant of India":—

Sir,—It is not surprising that the general desire in the country should be to adopt towards the worst offender in the Punjab Tragedy—Sir Michael O'Dwyer who inspired the whole policy—the sternest measure of justice open to the British constitution, and Parliamentary impeachment being popularly supposed to be such a measure it is very widely supported in India at the present moment. But that particular form of trial, under which official miscreants are accused by the Commons of England at the bar of the House of Lords, has latterly become obsolete, and though Sir Michael richly deserves such treatment it must be regarded, in practical politics, as out of the question. But people lose sight of the fact that impeachment has now become thoroughly out of date and that none of the constitutional writers contemplate its revival. They think it both unnecessary and undesirable. Professor F. W. Maitland says in his lectures on "Constitutional History of England":

"It seems highly improbable that recourse will again be had to this ancient weapon unless we had a time of revolution before us. If a statesman has really committed a crime then he can be tried like any other criminal: if he has been guilty of some misdoing that is not a crime it seems far better that it should go unpunished than that a new law should be invented for the occasion and that by a tribunal of politicians and partisans; for such misdoings disgrace and loss of office are now-a-days sufficient punishments."

Lord Courtney of Penwith observers as follows in the "Working Constitution of the United Kingdom":

"This form of prosecution of State-offenders played an important part in the 17th and even in the 18th century, as illustrated by the trial of Warren Hastings, but though copied and even enforced in other constitutions it must be regarded as fallen into desuetude among ourselves. President Johnson was impeached before the Senate of the American Congress in 1867 . . . but an impeachment could not now be begun at Westminster. The procedure is uncertain and dilatory, as was exemplified in the trial of Hastings, and there prevails to-day a strong and probably growing distrust of the justice of a multitudinous tribunal. Moreover, the courts of law afford the surest means of obtaining conviction and punishment for actual crime, whilst more ordinary official misconduct can be promptly investigated by committees of either House, and is in general sufficiently met by the dismissal from place from which no functionary is exempt. It may be confidently declared that this rusty weapon of impeachment will not be again taken from the political armoury."

Sir James Fitzjames Stephens says in "A General View of the Criminal Law of England":

"It (the weapon of impeachment) was used throughout the whole of the seventeenth century by the different parties which rose in turn into power; it was also used at intervals in the 18th century, especially in the memorable case of Warren Hastings, when its inherent weakness and unfitness for modern times were strikingly displayed. One impeachment only, that of Lord Melville in 1805, has taken place in the present century and it is to be hoped that it will be disused for the future, for the House of Lords is in no degree fitted for the functions of a criminal court of first instance charged with a decision on matters of fact."

Thus the objection which writers on the constitution take against the process of impeachment is not only that it has fallen into disuse past all possibility of recall, but that it is not calculated to secure justice in the circumstances of the present time, and the latter consideration at any rate must weigh with us.

In America, indeed, impeachments are still current, but it must be remembered that their character is entirely different—they are not penal, as impeachments in England were. As Leiber says:

"American impeachments are tried indeed by the Senate, but it will be observed that the American trial of impeachment is not a penal trial for offences, but a political institution, trying for political incapacity. The Senate, when sitting as a court to try impeachments, can only remove from office, whatever the crime may have been; and the impeached person can be penally tried after the Senate has removed him from office. In its political character, then, but in no other point, the American impeachment resembles the Athenian ostracism, which was likewise a political, but not a penal, institution. The English impeachment is a penal trial."

Though impeachment is thus not available, it is open to us to take criminal proceedings against officials who exceeded all bounds of humanity in using force in the Punjab.—

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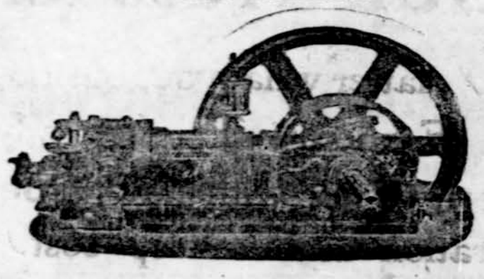

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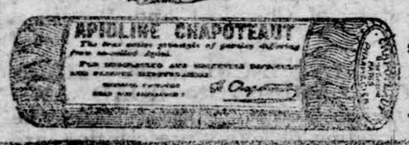

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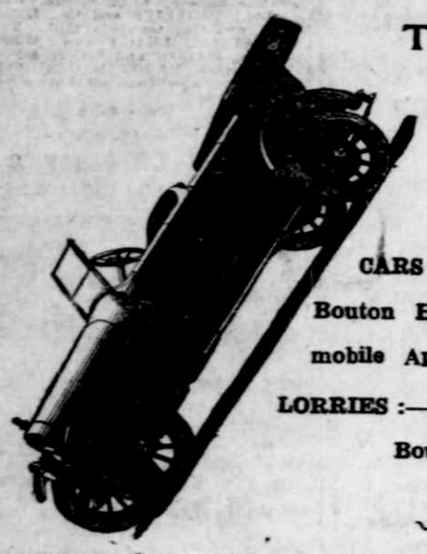

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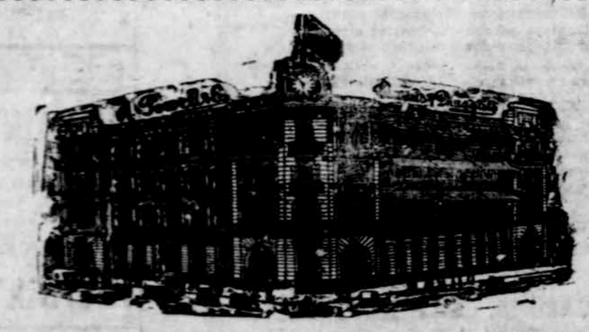

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